THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

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FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

ROUSING SPEECH

At Lawrence by Hon. George Fred Williams.

HE CASTS A LIGHT ON THE SILVER ISSUE.

Something Every Democrat Should Read and Study.

Lawrence had a big ratification meeting last night with addresses by Hon. George Fred Williams and Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan.

The audience that turned out to greet them notwithstanding the rain was very large and enthusiastic.

In opening Mr. Williams paid a tribute to the "Sliver" for his advocacy of silver coinage for supporting him at Chicago in the face of bitter opposition.

In approaching the subject of free coinage he confessed he thought the repeal of the Sherman act would bring prosperity but he was mistaken.

The cause of the evils which affect this country are more deeply rooted.

He showed from the bond issues, put out at exorbitant rates of interest and caused by J. Pierpont Morgan the American agent of the Rothschilds, that this country is in financial subjection to England and that the gold bugs can at present control not only the money market but cause a panic and compel a bond issue when they please. Continuing he said but what opened my eyes more than anything else was the last and inevitable result, that when the consumers of New England had any money with which to buy, the cotton mills of New England must be closed. (Applause and cries of "That's so!")

And now I was confronted again with the awful question of repudiation and scaling of debts, the one thing from which every man in this audience would shrink. Creditors have debts payable to them. I agree that those debts have steadily appreciated with the fall of prices. I agree that the money that was borrowed 10 years ago is worth a great deal more today, and that when the debtor pays his debt at the end of 10 years the probability is that he is paying 115 or 120 cents instead of a dollar. (Applause.)

Then all of the arguments for the silver standard pressed upon me with increased force; that the adoption of a silver standard meant rising prices, and that rising prices means prosperity, and I put myself this crucial question as between the creditor who holds his security that has, without an effort on his part, been growing in value for the last 20 years, as between him and his interests and the rescue of all the industries of this country, with the farmer, the men in the field, in the factory and in the woods, I chose a system that would bring back prosperity to the masses of the people, whatever the experiment might be with the creditor. (Great applause and a voice: "We will make you governor!")

I did not intend to touch on this question at all when I came in ("That's all right!") but a Lawrence audience draws it right out of me. (Applause.)

Now then, just a word, for of course I cannot discuss this whole question tonight as to the existing situation with respect to the coinage of silver.

You know the republican platform is for the gold standard, but do you recall that that platform calls for gold and silver as soon as other nations of the earth agree with us that we shall have it? You remember that don't you? Why do they put into that platform a recommendation of bimetallism unless it is a good thing? (A voice: "That's it!")

Now, then, some of our democratic gold standard men undertook to head off the free coinage movement at Chicago, and they concentrated their wisdom in an effort to meet this onslaught of the free coinage forces from the west and south.

What did they go with us a policy? You remember the new York platform? It was this: Let us have the free coinage of silver along with gold, but we cannot do it until some of the great nations of Europe help us out. (Laughter.) Therefore we stand without a force to oppose, except the two forces that admit the fundamental claim that it is desirable for the prosperity of this country that silver should be freely coined with gold.

Now, then, for whom must we wait? Is it France? (A voice, "No.") No. (A voice, "Nor Prussia, either, nor China.") Nor Prussia. But I will tell you what they both said. Prussia—that is the German government—say they thought favorably of bimetallism, just as we say here, but that it was useless to attempt it unless England would consent. A voice, "Great Britain.") Well, England is big enough to do it. (Applause.) In fact, it is not even England; it is London; and, in fact, it is not even London (cries of "the Rothschilds") but it is Lombard street.

France has also spoken upon this question. Mr. Meline, who is the leader of the bimetallists in France, said about a month ago, at a dinner of the bimetallic league, "that the fate of bimetallism depended upon the conversion of England."

Now what does England say? They had a debate upon it in April in parliament and every minister, member of the cabinet upon the floor took the same view, that it was preposterous that England should entertain such a proposition, and one of them recalled the words of Mr. Gladstone just before he retired from the government, in which he sneered at the idea of the greatest creditor nation in the world going about hat in hand to beg its debtors to take a depreciated currency to themselves. In other words, the United States, if it is waiting for anybody, is waiting for England, to move, and England will never move. (A voice, "That's right.")

Now comes a convention of people of the United States, which says, "You don't want bimetallism, you want by-and-by-metallism." (Applause.) That is a good thing, as you all confess, let us have it now, and we propose to get it.

Now, I am not going to keep you from Mr. O'Sullivan any longer. (Cries of "Go ahead, go ahead, go ahead, George.")

Light on Silver.

I am going to put this proposition to you. This is an intricate question. It would take many hours to explain all the details of it to those who have not had the opportunity to study it, but in just a few words let me state to you—for I know you can stand a financial argument, for you have done it before, (laughter)—let me state to you what the question is that stands between us and the rest of the parties, I might say, who acknowledge the good of bimetallism but are afraid to have it.

Up to 1873 this government had freely coined gold and silver, and the ratio established between those metals in the coinage was one of gold to sixteen of silver. In other words, one ounce of gold contained, and the mines would produce the same number of dollars, as sixteen ounces of silver. That ratio was once established by law, and that ratio is what is meant by the ratio of 16 to 1.

Now, that had continued through all of our history without interruption and without serious disturbance or question until the year 1873. In that year a new monetary law was passed covering the money question. At that time you will remember we were upon a greenback basis; we had in circulation neither gold nor silver.

Silver for a long time had been entirely out of circulation during the whole of the war, you will remember, so nobody paid particular regard to the silver dollar, and when this law was passed, there was a provision in it which struck out the silver dollar from its equality with the gold dollar at that ratio.

In other words, providing that that silver dollar should no longer be a legal tender for the payment of debts, as it had been theretofore. It went through without discussion; nobody noticed it, and it became a law, and sometime afterward it was discovered, and then a great agitation began.

But from that time to this the silver dollar has been refused free coinage the same as gold, and the question now is, not any revolutionary question, fellow-citizens, not anything new in the history of the country, not anything new in the faith of a good democrat, but the restoration merely of constitutional conditions that existed in 1872, and for a century before, under which Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Jackson had, as presidents, represented our party. (Great applause.)

What was the result of that demonetization? The same result you would get if a great consumer of any commodity went out of the market.

When the United States refused mintage to silver of course it began to go down. Then followed France, Greece, Italy, Belgium, with the other members of the Latin union, until finally, within a few years, practically all the nations of Europe had discarded this money from their monetary systems.

What was the result of it? One-half of the money fund of the world discredited; four billions of silver were in circulation at that time alongside of four billions of gold, and in these few years one-half of all the monetary fund of the world was discredited. What was the natural result? A fall of prices, steadily, steadily, downward all the time from 1873 down to the present moment.

What is a fall in prices? Well, it may come from various causes, but there is one good and sufficient cause. If your money, by which your price is measured, keeps going up, up in value, that is merely a coming down, down, down in price, and that, I am convinced, is what the history of the past twenty years means, that the gold dollar, by reason of the increasing demand for its use by all the nations of Europe and this country, has gone up in value, and that rise in value of the gold dollar is merely represented by a corresponding fall in the money price of all that you manufacture and sell. (Applause)

ARTHUR SEWALL of MAINE, Democratic Nominee for Vice President of the United States.

PERSONAL.

Louis Marion has gone to Butte, Montana.

Joseph Hamblett and family are at Ouset.

Mrs. I. J. Richards is at Chazy, N. Y., on her vacation.

Edward Whalen of Congress street is visiting in Natick.

Frank McCluskey of Lawrance is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Wm. B. Jones is visiting friends in Gardner and Worcester.

Rev. Fr. McGrath, O. M. I., of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting in this city.

Miss Kent of the Bartlett school will spend her vacation in Orange, N. J.

A daughter was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. John Potter of Congress street.

Mrs. Simeon Langlois has gone to St. Aime, P. Q., and Mr. A. Arcbambault to Rougemont, P. Q.

Messrs. George and Charles Ward left today for York beach where they will spend their vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Garrity of Broadway left today for Vermont, where they will spend their vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Lynch of Pawtucketville, have gone on a trip to the Adirondack mountains.

Miss Caroline Morse and Miss Clare S. Reed of Nesmith street sail for Europe Saturday They will visit London and Paris.

Miss Plunkett and her brother have gone to Halifax, N. S., for the summer. Dr. Plunkett and his wife will follow next month.

A party consisting of Paul Duckworth, F. Ward Coburn, William Burns and A. Smith will try camping life at Highland pond for the next ten days.

Mrs. Thomas Carroll of 54 Fremont street will sail for Europe next Saturday. She will be gone about three months and will visit England, Ireland and Scotland.

FOR GRAND JURY

Horse Committee Summoned to Appear

BEFORE A SPECIAL SESSION IN THIS CITY.

The District Attorney Acts in the Matter.

The horse traders of the common council have been summoned before the grand jury and now the whole affair is likely to be gone into in the courts. If found guilty of attempting to defraud the city or of collusion in any evasion of the statutes for the purpose of defrauding the city, the parties implicated are liable to imprisonment for a lengthy period.

District Attorney Weir summoned all the witnesses to appear in a week from Monday at a special session of the grand jury, to be held in Lowell July 28.

LAST NIGHT'S STORM.

The Thunder Storm Passed Over Lowell But Some Rain Fell.

A severe thunder storm was predicted by the weather bureau yesterday for inner New England, and Lowell just dodged it. About 6 o'clock the black clouds hovered overhead, the dust blew in everyone's eyes and there were indications of a heavy downpour of rain.

There were the usual flashes of lightning and a few crashes of thunder. Pedestrians rushed for shelter and drivers whipped up their horses, all desirous of getting away from the storm.

The rain came, and came heavy, though it was by no means the storm expected. During the night a heavy rain fell that was of great benefit to vegetation.

BICYCLE NEWS.

The popularity of race meets this year has been an emphatic surprise to many people. It was generally thought that when class B was abolished that the masses would lose all interest in the racing question. Just the reverse has been the case. The professional races this year have been well and honestly contested, and the ever watchful L. A. W. officials will keep it that way. There is no reason why cycle racing should not have just as much of a public following as base ball and horse racing. Nearly every state will have its racing circuit in '97.

An exchange says:

"The flurry over price cutting and overproduction seems to have died away. The $40 and $50 wheels, listed at from $75 to $100, are simply finding their level. Really high grade wheels are not shrinking either in quality or price.

A TREE AND STONE WALL.

Found Under Merrimack Street Near the Railroad Depot.

Where the Locks and Canals company is excavating in front of the Merrimack street depot, they ran across the trunk of a tree, and at the depth of nine feet found a stone wall. The water had worked its way through this stone wall and did damage in the cellars of buildings adjoining. A solid cement and brick wall will be built to protect the property in the future.

Holy Angels' College.

The prospectus of the Holy Angels' college of Buffalo, N. Y., of which Rev. Fr. McGrath, O.M.I., is superior, has been issued, and shows quite an advanced course of study at the institution.

The extremely warm weather of the past few days compelled many people to seek the sea breezes at the beaches.

DROWNED TODAY

Thomas McMahon of Hudson Street

FELL INTO THE CANAL IN CARPET YARD.

Swift Current Took Him Under the Racks.

Thomas McMahan, aged 35 years, married and residing on Hudson street was drowned in the canal flowing under the Carpet mill before noon today.

He was cleaning a window and losing his balance fell into the canal.

The current took him instantly under the racks, where it was impossible for him to escape or be rescued.

The body was found a few minutes after by Frank Teague, and given in charge to Undertaker O'Donnell.

He has a family. The accident caused great excitement in the Carpet, the women being panic stricken.

Dumped His Wagon.

One of Supt. Cheney's drivers backed his dump-cart into an excavation on Gorham street yesterday afternoon and had quite a time getting it out again.

Huntington hall has been engaged by the democrats for every night next week, awaiting the arrangement of a date for the big ratification meeting.

2 O'CLOCK

BIG RAIN STORM

Caused Serious Damage in Pennsylvania and Ohio.

MANY FAMILIES LEFT HOMELESS BY FLOODS.

Streets Impassable and Railroads Damaged.

Pittsburg, July 16.—A heavy storm last night did great damage throughout this city and Allegheny. Estimates made from reports coming from outlying portions indicate a loss of nearly $1,000,000. All street car lines were stopped. At Forty-eighth street, water was in the second story of the houses, caused by the bursting of a large sewer. Part of Allegheny cemetery wall was washed away, and nearly two miles of the Citizens' Street railway was torn up. Tons of earth and stones were washed on to the Fifth Avenue and Duquesne Traction company's lines at Soho. The sewers in Butchers' run and Woods' run in Allegheny, gave way, flooding those sections. No loss of life is reported.

Every house on the north side of Butler street, from Forty-eighth street east, was flooded, many of them being entirely ruined. Quite a number of families were rendered homeless in this district. The immediate cause of the trouble at this point was the giving way of the Allegheny stone wall, which abuts the street. Just inside the wall, which is 10 feet high, is the opening of a large sewer, which drains what is called Cemetery Run. The sewer's mouth soon clogged with logs and rocks, and the water poured over its opening against the wall, soon undermining it. When the wall gave way the flood rushed down into the houses below, filling them to a depth of four feet on the first floor. For a time the street, which forms a sort of valley, was a miniature lake. The loss at this point will be many thousands of dollars. The Citizens' Traction line for nearly two miles was under water for a long time, and much of it is ruined.

In Allegheny, Perrysville avenue was flooded from one end to the other, undermining the new street railway, rendering it an almost total loss. Seven miles of sawmill run plank road is destroyed, the planks being carried away and the roadbed ruined. The water came running down Madison avenue and East streets, four feet deep, when the sewer on Compromise street gave way.

Mercury Took a Tumble.

Cincinnati, July 16.—This city, Covington and Newport had a storm of wind, rain and lightning of unusual severity yesterday afternoon. The rain came in blinding sheets that overtaxed the sewers in the lower part of the city and flooded the streets. Business was practically suspended. In Covington, the roof of Ledyer's tobacco warehouse, was blown off and $10,000 worth of tobacco ruined. The West Covington Opera House roof was taken off, as also were the roofs of several dwellings in Newport. The mercury fell from 91 to 66.

Roads Blocked.

McArthur, O., July 16.—A cloudburst struck this place last night, accompanied by lightning. Some houses were deluged six inches over the flood. The reservoir broke, two bridges were washed away entirely, the roof of Simon's drug store was blown off and the Elk company's stores and three dwelling houses were struck by lightning. The Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad was badly damaged. It was the most severe storm ever known in this section. The roads leading to the city are impassable in places.

Learned Men Selected.

Washington, July 16.—The representatives of the United States and of Great Britain on the commission to adjust the claims of British subjects for damages sustained through the seizure of their vessels while sealing in Behring sea, before the adoption of the first modus vivendi, have at length been selected. The British commissioner will be George E. King, one of the justices of the supreme court of Canada, while for the United States the commissioner will be William T. Putnam, United States judge for the first circuit in upper New England.

Must Undergo Tuberculine Test.

Concord, N. H., July 16.—The state board of cattle commissioners has issued an order prohibiting the bringing of neat cattle into New Hampshire without a permit from the board. All neat cattle brought into the state under a permit are to be placed in quarantine until identified and released. Permits will be issued only upon the result of the tuberculin test, to be applied and reported under such regulations and forms as prescribed by the board.

Hanlan Challenges Gaudaur.

Toronto, July 16.—Edward Hanlan yesterday challenged Jake Gaudaur to a race for the professional sculling championship of America. Stanbury's refusal to row at the Vancouver regatta and Gaudaur's reluctance to race in England have persuaded Hanlan to make this offer. Hanlan is in fine form, and confident of victory if his challenge is accepted.

Valuable Contents Gone.

Easton, Pa., July 16.—The tin box which contained the money, jewelry and valuable papers belonging to Oscar Moore, which was stolen from the latter, who was a patient in the St. Joseph's hospital, Philadelphia, was found in a toilet room in the Lehigh Valley depot here yesterday. All of the contents, except the unnegotiable papers, were missing.

Thieving Paymaster Caught.

Halifax, July 16. — Deputy Chief of Police Nickerson returned from New York yesterday, bringing Ernest Leathlan, late assistant paymaster on H. M. S. Buzzard, who, while at Bermuda, forged the paymaster's name to a large amount, skipped to New York, and was arrested there. When the Buzzard arrives he will be tried by court-martial.

IRISH LAND BILL

Absorbs Attention of the English Parliament.

THE PROCEDURE POINTS ARE WITHDRAWN.

The Press Indulges in Some Sharp Criticism.

London, July 16. — In the house of commons yesterday, Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, announced that the government withdrew those sections of the Irish land bill relating to procedure before land courts and defining improvements upon landed property, whether made by landlord or tenant.

Mr. Labouchere and Mr. Morley asked what were the intentions of the government in case the bill should not be passed before the middle of August, when the house is to adjourn. Mr. Balfour replied that he did not know.

Mr. Harcourt delivered a fiery speech, denouncing the government for gross mismanagement of public business.

Mr. Dillon, the leader of the Irish Nationalist party, spoke in condemnation of the Irish land bill, and declared that the Irish members would force the government to produce a better measure at the next session of parliament.

Joseph Chamberlain replied to Mr. Dillon. Mr. Chamberlain said that the Irish in recent years had had a monopoly of the time of the British parliament. England, he declared, would not allow Ireland to monopolize the time of the representative legislative body any longer. With a reasonable time for discussion of the measure, he said, the bill ought to pass within the present session.

Mr. Harrington, Parnellite, said that the bill was by no means a bad one, and he hoped that the government would persevere in putting it through.

Mr. Healy, anti-Parnellite, claimed for the Irish members a reasonable time for the discussion of the bill.

It was finally announced that the government would proceed with the Irish bill today.

The political situation growing out of the critical status of the bill continues to absorb a large share of public attention, and the relative influence of the various government leaders, as it is affected by the disposition of this bill, is studied with keen interest.

The Standard, the Conservative organ, notes the part which Joseph Chamberlain, the Liberal-Unionist colonial secretary took in the house of commons yesterday, in the presence of both Michael Hicks-Beach, the Conservative chancellor of the exchequer, and C. J. Goschen, the first lord of the admiralty, as showing that he may now be regarded as the deputy leader in the house of commons.

The Times, in an editorial on the outlook, says: Yesterday's proceedings in parliament do not specially redound to the credit of the government. It is to be hoped that when Arthur Balfour (the government leader in the house of commons) reappears in parliament today, he will take a clear and decided line. It would be an unpardonable blunder to persist in the delusion that important and difficult work, which could not be done in five months, can be squeezed into a single month.

The Times' correspondent in parliament predicts that the opposition of the landlords to the Irish land bill and the disagreement between the Healyites and Dillonites on the subject, will compel the withdrawal of the bill by the government. E. H. Carson, the Conservative member for Dublin university, does not conceal his intention to resist the passage of the bill as it now stands.

The Daily News, the Liberal organ, in an editorial, asserts that it does not deplore the absence of Arthur Balfour, the government leader, from the discussion of the government program in the house of commons yesterday. He would have gilded the truth, says The Daily News, which Mr. Chamberlain unblushingly disclosed in its nakedness. Mr. Chamberlain does not drape himself with decorous excuses. He plays a game of bluff in a manner that would excite the envy of Tammany.

The lobby correspondent of The Daily News says that it is the general opinion there that the Irish land bill is dead.

A Whack at De Lome.

Habana, July 16.—An editorial in La Lucha severely criticizes the American authorities for allowing expeditions to leave the United States. It points out that, notwithstanding the fact that Spain is a friendly nation, and in spite of the great knowledge of Senor Depuy de Lome of American diplomacy, his efforts show no result. La Lucha points out that this is an indication that Senor Dupuy de Lome's mission has failed, and that, in view of the treatment accorded him by the American government, he ought to assist the Madrid government to name another minister by putting his position at the disposition of the government.

Turks Getting Worst of It.

London, July 16. — A dispatch from Canea reports that the fighting at Apokorona was severe, lasting until after midnight, when the Turks were totally defeated. The consuls of the powers in Crete have telegraphed to their governments denouncing the Turkish violation of the armistice. It is said that Abdullah Pasha, who was superceded as governor of Crete by George Irovitch, the Christian prince of Samos, but who was left in command of the Turkish troops in the island, is secretly furnishing the Mussulman Cretans with arms and ammunition to enable them to provoke new conflicts.

In a Critical Position.

London, July 16.—A dispatch from Buluwayo says that 1500 friendly natives have joined the revolt in Matabeleland. All building contracts have been cancelled, and most of the population are preparing to leave. The news received at Buluwayo from Salisbury is very bad. It is said that the campfires of the Mashonas are visible close to the laager, and that an attack is expected.

Another Revolt Ended.

Lima, July 16.—The leaders of the revolt at Yquitos, on the headwaters of the Amazon, have fled, leaving an empty treasury. All is now quiet at the scene of the late revolt, and the mayor of Yquitos holds the reins of government.

In preparing for your summer holiday don't forget that we've put a lot of high class neglige shirts down to second class prices.

STAR NEGLIGES, exclusive patterns, the very best shirts made, for $1.00, have been much higher.

An excellent assortment of belts, wide and narrow, in the new leathers, 25c. to 75c.

White duck trousers $1.00.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

ANNUAL POLICE REPORT

Containing a Paragraph of Interest to Rev. Mr. Merriam and Others.

The annual report of the board of police which is just out and which has been unjustly criticized by a morning paper which by the way is used well by the department in the line of news contains a paragraph among its other interesting contents which is most respectfully submitted for consideration to Rev. Mr. Merriam, Miss Mudge of the W. C. T. U., and several others. The paragraph reads as follows:

"The record shows that the offences resulting from indulgence in intoxicating liquors amount in all to 4130, while the offences against chastity and purity amount to only 111. Another matter worthy of consideration is the record of arrests relative to the sexes. These figures show that out of 5679 arrests made 834 only were women. One set of figures taken in connection with the others ought to allay any anxiety good citizens may feel relative to any alleged widespread immorality among the women of Lowell. It can be safely said that in such matters this city will compare favorably with any in the republic."

Another paragraph of interest in the report reads:

"It was the pleasant duty of the board March 3, 1896, to have spread upon its records its approbation of the zeal, courage and promptness displayed on the morning of February 19, 1896, by Patrolmen Redmond Welsh, Jr., and John L. Leighton in arresting two dangerous law-breakers and recovering a large amount of stolen property concealed in the house of the persons arrested. They were commended at that time in general orders, and their example was cited to the other members of the force as worthy of emulation."

THAT PRIMARY SCHOOL HOUSE

At the Foot of Aiken Street is in Bad Condition.

The old primary school-house on Lakeview avenue, near Aiken street, is in a very bad condition and is unfit for use, even for an evening school.

The boards at the foundation are beginning to decay and large holes are already worn in the timbers. The windows have all been boarded up and the building presents a miserable appearance.

For Greater Lowell.

The talk of a greater Lowell to include a portion of the Navy Yard, Tewksbury, North Chelmsford, East Chelmsford and North Billerica is being revived.

Marriage Intention.

The following intention was recorded at the city clerk's office today: William F. Stevens 21 to Florence C. Keith 20, Mansfield, Mass.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 24 Butterfield Street. House contains 8 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

203 Central Street.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING

Is the Lager and Ales that are to be had at McPadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McPadden's Blue rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s

EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

That Tired Feeling

Makes you seem "all broken up," without life, ambition, energy or appetite. It is often the forerunner of serious illness, or the accompaniment of nervous troubles. It is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is therefore apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

The Time Has Come

That You Have Been Waiting For!!

That will give you an opportunity to secure some of those elegant

EXCLUSIVE STYLES

FINE SHOES

At the price of the lower grades. This is our

19th Annual

CLEARANCE SALE

Preceding our Semi-Annual Inventory

August 1st

The conditions were never so favorable to give our customers bona fide bargains in Ladies', Gent's, Boys', Misses' and Children's

Footwear of Every Description in

Vacation and Outing Shoes
Dress and Reception Shoes
Street and Business Shoes
Tennis and Bicycle Shoes
Sporting and Golf Shoes
Waiters' and Nurses' Shoes
Gymnasium and Running Shoes

And all good honest Shoes at

O'SULLIVAN BROS

The Feet Fitters. Opposite City Hall.

FOR RENT

Nothing better than the New Stedman tenements on Glidden Avenue and Marginal Street. Rents low.

REGULAR

One Dollar Corsets

SELLING FOR

69 Cents

AT

BUTTERICK'S

PATTERN AND CORSET PARLORS

204 and 206 MERRIMACK ST.

Gardner, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for Sixty Five Dollars—Friday—It's just what you want.

COAL IS GOING UP. Don't burn it. Order a load of Slabs from COGGER & CO., 23 Concord St. Our Slabs are dry and free from knots. Large load for $1.00.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

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City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 53	6 40	8 07
6 30	7 45	6 59	7 53
6 59	8 03	6 49	8 06
7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*7 18	8 02	*3 00	9 10
*7 27	8 12	*9 00	9 40
7 31	8 50	*9 00	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 25	11 45	11 58
*8 00	9 10	11 30	§12 07
9 00	10 30	12 00	§12 56
9 44	10 40	*1 00	§1 55
11 00	12 00	*1 15	§4 52
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 04
§12 15	1 07	*5 00	§3 49
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 32
*3 00	4 45	4 50	§5 55
4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 44
4 25	6 00	5 25	6 22
§5 25	6 15	5 55	7 05
5 33	6 53	6 15	7 31
*5 24	7 10	*7 30	§8 10
*5 47	8 30	*8 00	§8 40
§6 45	9 40	10 15	11 23
	11 20		12 23

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§11 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 15	10 10	5 00	§5 50
§4 25	5 30	7 30	§8 10
§6 58	7 00	8 00	§8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 04	7 30	8 52
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 37	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	1 50	1 08
12 05	1 27	2 15	3 19
12 15	1 20	3 30	4 29
2 30	3 44	3 40	4 56
2 55	4 02	4 25	5 45
4 05	5 25	5 01	6 29
5 10	6 33	6 03	7 09
6 15	7 16	6 25	7 48
7 30	8 06	9 45	10 41
9 30	10 44	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 11
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 50	8 40	9 40
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

The only right position for democrats to take in this campaign is that those who are not with us are against us. Those who are not for Bryan are for McKinley. The bolting papers and bolting voters can occupy no middle ground.

Ex-Senator Henry L. Dawes writes from Pittsfield under date of July 11, 1896, regarding the biennial amendment:

"The proposed change is the most senseless fad that ever was conceived by the Board of Professions of Reform who preside over and care for the welfare of the commonwealth. Any aid I can render those who are trying to make this plain to the voter I shall be glad to render."

The voters should remember that the biennial election resolve must be defeated. The interests of the people demand its defeat.

NEW YORK PRESS.

The attitude of the New York Journal in its endorsement of the democratic platform is highly gratifying, because that vile and scurrilous sheet, the World is against the people.

The N. Y. Sun, as usual, is on the unpopular and losing side. Dana is going into his dotage and is running the paper into the ground. The N. Y. Sun is losing prestige, and will soon be read only by those who want philosophical dissertations that display only the idiosyncracies of the writer and his cynical opposition to everything progressive that does not originate with himself.

The World is for sale on the streets of this city, but if the people want a good New York penny paper they should buy the Journal, which is not only a better newspaper, but is fighting the battles of the people for free silver.

A FALSE ARGUMENT.

The Boston Post in its money lessons says there is no distinction between "creditor class" and "debtor class." This is all nonsense. Everybody knows that the eastern states are thick with money lenders that these money lenders are creditors. Everybody knows also that the western farmers are money borrowers, that they have to pay off mortgages. It is well known too that England is a credit nation while America is a debtor nation.

The Post distorts the whole contention of the free silver men when it says their aim is to pay debts with dollars which are worth but "fifty cents" each. They want to have a dollar that will have a fixed and not an ever increasing value. The silver dollars would be worth 100 cents each despite all claims to the contrary for the price of silver would be at once advanced to the ratio of 16 to 1. It is falsely stated that the cost of mining silver is but 50 cents an ounce and this is assigned as a reason why the ratio of 16 to 1 could not be maintained. The gold men consider only one side of the question and they view that through the eyes of prejudice.

THE LABORING PEOPLE.

At the present hour a solemn duty devolves upon the laboring people. While the financiers, the moneykings and money lenders, the millionaires and railroad magnates are fighting for the gold standard, it behooves the masses to stand solidly in support of the free silver movement. Under free coinage the money magnates of the country would be unable to control the money markets, as they do at present.

There would not be such a depreciation of values as there has been since silver was demonetized, and the benefits, accruing to the masses in general, would be all that is comprised in steady prosperity and uniform good times. The gold standard has caused this country incalculable injury by producing panics. Free silver is the remedy, and that can be obtained only by the uprising of the masses in this country.

A PROMINENT CONVERT.

Why George Fred Williams of Massachusetts Is Against the Goldbugs.

George Fred Williams, who, as a gold champion, made a national reputation in his one term as a congressman, who last fall led the Democratic state ticket, and who was one of the four delegates at large to Chicago, in a recent interview made some very interesting and forcible declarations on the political situation.

Regarding the assertion attributed to him that more than one-half the Democrats of Massachusetts favor free silver, Mr. Williams reiterated his statement.

"I shall feel happy in the coming campaign," Mr. Williams went on, "as it will be fought out squarely on a free coinage platform. I believe the great issue of today to be the money question, over which there will be a great uprising.

"I tell you that the people have begun to get their eyes open. I'm against the present monetary system of the country, which will be continuous as long as this money combination of Lombard street, Wall street and State street feels disposed to uphold it."

"Didn't you take a leading part in the fight against free silver in the Fifty-second congress?"

"I did, and the purchasing clause of the Sherman law was repealed. We were told by party leaders that if this clause was repealed the trouble would cease. There has been no sign of improvement since this act was repealed. They have applied all the remedies; but, one after another, they have failed. I am in favor of a gold standard if it is properly guarded, but today it is not. And it cannot be until the power of the moneyed interests is severed, and this can only be done by driving them to the wall.

"I confess that I did not realize until three years ago, when we began to issue bonds, in what a partisan spirit I had looked at the silver question. I began to study it and have changed my mind considerably, until I am now convinced that for every $1,000,000 damage done by the alleged evil of free coinage the people of the country would be robbed of $5,000,000 by Hanna and his trust if they get control of the country.

"The people of the west and south have been long and patient sufferers. Four years ago they gave up their convictions for the north and the east under a promise that we would better them after election. We haven't done it. We haven't been honest with them. Their conditions are worse today than ever. Money is dearer, and farm products are cheaper."—Boston Herald.

The Republican Emblem.

Chairman Hanna's formal recommendation of the use of the California pampas plume in red, white and blue, mounted fan shape on a staff, for parades and interior decorations, by Republicans in the coming campaign, strikes the average mind as rather more æsthetic than practical. Probably it would be better to assign to Hanna the work of fat frying and marshaling the forces, leaving the artistic work of the campaign to other hands.—Boston Herald.

The Price of a Day's Work.

McKinley has promised that under his administration a full day's work will be paid in a full dollar. He couldn't have meant that, for a dollar a day would not be prosperity's wages. But it is not for McKinley to fix a future rate of wages, even at that figure. It's for the trusts to say whether a man shall have a full day's work or whether the mills and factories shall shut down to stiffen the market and take a pinch out of the consumers.—Philadelphia Record.

A Delicate Distinction.

Speaker Reed is deep; also tactful. He lost no time after the nominations in telegraphing his congratulations to McKinley. He began his dispatch: "I wish you a happy and prosperous administration." Then he remembered Hanna, and thoughtfully added the qualification: "Happy for yourself and prosperous for the country." Perhaps the distinction is too delicate for Hanna, but we are sure Mr. McKinley can appreciate it.—New York Journal.

Where Hanna Got It.

The Rocky Mountain News asks in humorous verse where Hanna got his $6,000,000. The answer is easy. It was his share of the profits which the Iron Ore trust made as a result of the high protective tariff. It may be added that Hanna hopes to make $6,000,000 or $8,000,000 more by electing his tool, McKinley, and re-enacting the McKinley trusts' tariff.

Platt Not Ready to Retire.

The Republican party in New York is split as never before since the days of Folger. The delegates to St. Louis have exhausted upon each other the vocabulary of Billingsgate, and have brought back to New York only envy, hatred and malice. McKinley's election means Platt's dethronement, and Platt is not yet ready to retire.—New York Journal.

Had Enough of McKinley.

The McKinley act caused a deficit in the revenue of $72,000,000 in 1894 and under it occurred the terrible panic from which we have not yet recovered, but the McKinley act will never cause another panic for the simple reason that there will never be another McKinley tariff.—Kansas City Times.

Mark Does the Striking.

Hanna still shows signs of a desire to keep the Republican candidate silent. The Cleveland ironmaster would prefer the nominee to be like the safety matches that only light when struck upon the box, Mark being the box in this case.—New York Evening Sun.

Got His Own Medicine.

Tom Reed is said to feel very much humiliated by the small number of votes Mr. Hanna permitted him to receive. Mr. Reed now knows just how a Democrat who has been unseated by the Reed method feels.—New York Journal.

WONDERFUL are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and yet they are simple and natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes PURE BLOOD.

SUNBEAMS.

A Mystery Explained.

Teddy Vanderchump came down to the club the other night with a great problem weighing on his mind. Coming up to the boys he said:

"If I stand on my head, the blood all rushes to my head, doesn't it?"

No one ventured to contradict him.

"Now," he continued triumphantly, "when I stand on my feet why don't the blood all rush to my feet?"

"Because," replied Hostetter McGinnis, "your feet are not empty."

The boys all laughed, but Vanderchump said he didn't see any joke.—Texas Sifter.

Highly Favored.

Mrs. Creegan—And how is Tommy getting along at the school?

Mrs. Shaughnessy—Splendid. The t'acher is that fond of him that she kages him wid her half an hour after the other boys go home nearly every day of the wake.—Boston Transcript.

A Sixteen to One Town.

"Is this a 16 to 1 town?" asked the drummer.

"It air on Sunday," unswered the native.

"On Sunday?"

"Yaas. Sixteen goes fishin to one goin to church."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

He Could Master One.

"Don't you think, Harry, you could induce one or two boys to come to Sunday school?"

"I kin bring one along," he replied. "Do udder ichers in our alley kin lick me"—Household Words.

His Marriage a Success.

"That man Wabash is a lucky dog."

"In what way?"

"His wife gets twice as much alimony from her former husbands as he has to pay for his previous wives."—New York Sunday World.

The Hottest Summer Wave.

Now the urban pave is throbbing
Where the bathing suit's displayed,
And no zephyr through the beeches
Takes its course,
And the idle ladle's bobbing
On the wayside lemonade,
And for ruin the tree toad screeches
Till he's hoarse, till he's hoarse,
And for ruin the tree toad screeches till he's hoarse.

Oh, the hot wave's madly seething
And a-sizzling through the land!
All day the bulldog dozes
Like the bat,
And a happy smile is wreathing
Every tother on the strand,
While the cabbage leaf reposes
In the hat, in the hat,
While the cabbage leaf reposes in the hat.

Now the baseball player's sliding
Through the dust wave for the plate,
And the standing collar's crumbling
Like a skate,
And the swallow is a-gliding
In a circle, all elate,
And the bumble's madly bumbling,
So to speak, so to speak,
And the bumble's madly bumbling, so to speak.

Let the hot wave go on booming
On the shore of summer time;
Let the vitreous mosquito
Round you whiz,
And the rose continue blooming
In the window for a dime;
Fate can put no blooming veto
On the fizz, on the fizz,
Fate can put no blooming veto on the fizz.

Let the hot wave of the summer
Round the country gayly swing,
Though it give it to the tulip
In the neck.
We're as happy as a plumber
When the blizzard's on the wing,
For the chowder and the julep
Are on deck, are on deck,
For the chowder and the julep are on deck.
—R. K. Munkittrick in New York Journal.

CHILDREN ought to brighten a mother's daily cares and help her to be strong, capable and cheerful. It is'nt right for mothers to feel the burden of life growing heavier and heavier year by year because of child-bearing and child-rearing. That shows something is wrong in the mother's physical condition. There is some unnatural weakness in her delicate organism which disqualifies her for motherhood. When this is wrong everything is wrong. A woman's physical life is wrapped up in the special organs of her sex. When these are restored to health and strength the whole woman becomes healthy and strong. Dr. R. V. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., has made a life-study of this problem of restoring health and strength to women. His "Favorite Prescription" is the most successful remedy that has ever been known for women's peculiar ailments. Its sale exceeds the combined sales of all other medicines for women. It cures the most obstinate uterine diseases. It goes directly to the internal organism which is the real seat of all the troubles. It imparts vigor and health where they are most needed; heals ulceration; stops the weakening drains; promotes regularity; restores muscular power to the ligaments, thus correcting displacements of special organs in the only natural way.

Complete information regarding the "Favorite Prescription" and testimonials from hundreds who have used it, are embodied in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a standard medical work of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, which will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*. This work is a complete family doctor book and should be read by both young and old. The profits on the sale of 680,000 copies at $1.50 has rendered possible this free edition. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Havana Filler.
Sumatra Wrapper.
Skilled Workmanship.

This combination is what makes every Tim cigar so good. Five cents everywhere.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 161 CENTRAL ST. Opposite the Washington House

She: "If yer were a gen'l'man, yer'd buy me a steak ter put on that eye yer've given me!"

The..... Acknowledged superiority of Pabst Milwaukee BEER has won for it the highest approval of all who use it.

PABST MILWAUKEE BEER CAN BE PURCHASED FROM YOUR LOCAL DEALERS OR FROM DONOHOE BROS. WHOLESALE DEALERS, Lowell, Mass.

New England Business University

Is not a "School of the Past," nor is it one of the "going to be" business colleges. It is a live school of today.

Not "just as good," but

The Best Business Training School in the East.

You may enter at any time. No vacations. Call and see us.

Runel's Building. GLICK & YOUNG, Props.

GOOD CLARET

makes a feast of the plainest dinner. It is the table wine par excellence. Good for spirits and digestion. Especially good in summer with ice or mineral water when ordinary water is unsafe to drink.

California Claret, $2.75 per case of one dozen bottles.

CHAS H. JOYCE, Successor to C. W. CHENEY

9, 15 Middle St.

YOU WILL LIKE OUR PRICES

On drugs and medicines because we save you money.

We are in the drug business for money, but we don't intend to rob our customers.

We are better equipped for the drug business that most stores as our stock is greater and by buying right can give you better prices.

We are having a run on Swiss Buttermilk Soap at 15c. a box—It is good soap and worth more money. When you want anything in the drug line give us a call.

Goodale's Drug Store

217 CENTRAL STREET.

Highest of High Grades.

Are Built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Built For Service they are built to stand for years. We have a reputation established and to maintain, hence cannot afford to supply anything but the best that brains and money can produce. The Waverlys show it. Scorcher (3 heights) $85.00. Belle (25 and 28 inch) $75.00 and $85.00. Call and see them.

Made By Indiana Bicycle Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

JEANNOTTE & CO., Agents.

JOHN M. PEVEY

Claret Wine Claret Wine — A Gallon 75 CENTS A Gallon — Claret Wine Claret Wine

55-57 MIDDLE ST.

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Stront & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

SCOTT & O'DAY, Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers. Steam, Gas and Water Piping. JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 54 APPLETON STREET. Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

THE BEST DRESSED People all have their clothes MADE TO ORDER. Those who have them made by BERTRAND, THE TAILOR, 24 MIDDLE STREET. Get the Finest at Reasonable Prices.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S

279 DUTTON STREET.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

To Men Who Smoke

1000 lbs., a half ton, "Jumbo Smoke," a full 1-4 lb plug, a 10c piece for 5c. This is a genuine bargain sale for advertising.

F. M. BARNEY & CO. Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers, 415 MIDDLESEX STREET. 28 THORNDIKE STREET.

DAVIS AND Nickerson

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Gorham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

GLEN FOREST

BALL GROUNDS

9 NIGHTS 8 MATINEES

NOTE—Owing to the enormous success in Boston, the Opening Performance in Lawrence has been postponed until

Thursday, July 16

BUT WILL BE GIVEN POSITIVELY ON THAT DAY

EVERY EVENING AT 8.15

MATINEES DAILY, except Thursday, at 2.30 at which Japanese daylight fireworks will be exhibited.

PAIN'S

Greatest Gigantic Outdoor Spectacle

JAPAN WAR CHINA

GRAND FIREWORK DISPLAY

Introducing the latest Manhattan Beach Aerial and Aquatic Pyrotechnics.

ADMISSION, 25 cts.

MATINEE, 15 cts.

"GLEN FOREST."

Electric Cars from Merrimack Square every half hour direct to the Grove.

FARE ONLY TEN CENTS

MANY NEW ATTRACTIONS

A beautiful ride by the banks of the Merrimack and the finest grove in New England.

EIGHTH SEASON

LAKEVIEW PARK

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, JULY 13.

MLLE. NOOYAH

The graceful, charming and daring heroine of the high cable.

The European equilibristic wonders,

The MARTINES

New, novel and artistic feats on the aerial ladders, trapeze perch and breakaway ladder.

EVELYN

Pre-eminent and supreme in GRACEFUL FEATS of ELASTICITY and MUSCULAR DEVELOPMENT, performing on her hands what is usually done by other performers on their feet.

Two Performances Daily

AFTERNOON AND EVENING

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

WEEK JULY 13.

Second Week of

Theodore Babcock

Supported by Miss Eva Taylor and the Theodore Babcock New York Star Company in

"PINK DOMINOS"

LAST WEEK OF

MISS MARIE STUART

THE GREAT THE ONLY

PRICES 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Matinees Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 3. Evenings at 8.

Lowell and Haverhill to Salisbury Beach.

TWO EXCURSIONS DAILY

On and After July 1st

STEAMER MERRIMAC

Leaves Haverhill for Salisbury Beach (weather permitting) at 9.30 a. m. daily and 2 p. m. daily except Mondays. Steamer leaves to return last trip at 4.45 p. m., arrives in Haverhill at 6.45. Electric cars leave Lowell to connect with steamer at 7 and 7.30 a. m. daily, 12 p. m. daily except Mondays. Steamer stops at Newburyport to leave and take passengers one hour at the beach on the afternoon trip. Cheapest route to the sea shore. Special rates to parties of 25 or more.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill, 15 Merrimack Street.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER TELEPHONE. J. H. RILEY, Bottler, Nos. 90 and 102 Lakeview Avenue Telephone Number 474-4.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Disinfectants

Copperas, Chloride of Lime

Elatol, Carbolic Acid Punity.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes and Artists' Materials.

WANT COLUMN.

FOR SALE—Two houses in good repair, six rooms in each tenement, hot and cold water, set tubs, very centrally located, near the mills. This is a very rare opportunity for a good investment. The tenements are never idle. For further particulars inquire at 89 Union street. This is a chance you may not have again for years.

TO LET—Five room tenement at 61 Chapel street. Inquire, Mr. McKeown, rear of 61 Chapel street.

WANTED—An experienced cook at 56 Mass. corp.

FOR SALE—Near South Common, house of 11 rooms. Price low if sold at once. Inquire at 56 Central street, Room 2.

FOR SALE—At Chelmsford Centre, new 7 room house and barn, and 3 acres of land. Price, easy terms. Enquire at 56 Central street, Room 2.

FOR SALE—Two good work horses. Cheap for cash. Address "B," this office.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, good cottage house of 7 rooms, all modern improvements, large shed. Price $2250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Allan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—In a good location, good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land. Price $975. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—8 miles from Lowell, good farm of 17 acres of land, good set of buildings, lots of fruit, 1-2 mile from post office; store and church, on easy terms. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—A nice business for a lady near old post office, old established place, pays well, must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—On Appleton street, a nice place with all modern improvements; this is your chance, call for particulars. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—7 room cottage house, large lot of land, 3 minutes' walk from mills. This is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

SITUATION WANTED—By an American young man of steady habits, having had ten years experience as a tin smith and used to all kind of sheet metal work. Can furnish reference if desired. Address, Walter B. Jordan, 133 Free street, Portland, Me.

New Cottage House $1500

One nice new cottage house of seven rooms, bath, pantry, etc. 3000 square feet of land, graded and fenced, 1200 feet to school and electrics, near new Moody street bridge. Will sell on easy terms, $10 per month. Come quick.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

OUR REPAIR WORK

Is not the least part of our business, we keep efficient and well trained workmen, and they pay special attention to repairing of carriages.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Builders and Repairers.

BICYCLES are SELLING CHEAP at BACHELDER'S 28 Post Office Ave. Beside New P. O.

LOWELL RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 582-4.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

In Men's, Women's and Children's boots and shoes.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN. - - Prop.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

IT IS CULTURED CRUELTY

WOMEN INDIFFERENT TO MISERIES OF THEIR FELLOWS.

Tears For the Checkreined Horse and Sneers For Famishing Children—From the Middle Classes Must Come the Power That Will Elevate the Human Race.

[Special Correspondence.]

There is a vein of cruelty running through the natures of many women—women who are refined, delicate, cultured, and in whom we expect to find all the gentle virtues. Or it may be that this apparent cruelty is mere indifference, for I have often thought that a woman's sense of compassion must be educated, and that to train it in one direction makes it only the more oblivious to appeals to it from another. Not that this is a general rule or that it does not apply to men as well as women, but men are out of the question in this instance. Somehow we expect in men a certain hardness, a tenacity of purpose regardless of what suffering is caused, that after all may not be a lack of sympathy. But women—soft voiced and tender eyed—how is it they can inflict so many petty cruelties on their fellow beings and keep so placid and fair browed?

I saw a lady not long ago, elegantly dressed and fair, stop on the street to pity a horse that was reined up too tightly and to remonstrate with its driver. In the gutter at her feet two little children were picking up a few scattered peanuts from the dirt. They were thin little creatures, with pale, wistful faces, and clothes that were ragged and soiled. The lady never noticed them, and by the preoccupied look on her face one could tell that the miserable "disinherited" of her own race had made no impression whatever upon her heart.

I have heard a roomful of ladies at a luncheon calmly discussing the faults and failings of their servants, while some of those same servants were meekly and quietly waiting upon them. On equal ground such speeches would have been resented with spirit. Here consideration for one's situation, the custom of being nothing and knowing nothing except what their mistresses want them to know, kept them silent. The heaving bosom, the tears kept back from reddening eyelids, have shown me what refined cruelty it is.

Ladies actively engaged in great public charities somehow seem to look upon their own workwomen as beyond the pale of their consideration. Their needs and capacities and feelings are utterly ignored. A girl came to her mistress recently quite sick and suffering from neuralgia and asked to be excused from work for the day. It was inconvenient, and the lady refused and considered it a piece of presumptuous impudence that the girl should insist. Had she been told of such a case as occurring to some one else she would no doubt have been properly indignant. So inconsistent are the sympathies of women who are educated in one field—so indifferent do they become to that which is habitual.

Once during the "commonweal" excitement, when several hundred men were waiting "marching orders" at their barracks, one of our women on a soliciting round dropped by mistake into a meeting of a very aristocratic ladies' society. Still, finding herself there, she resolved not to lose the opportunity of making her plea. She presented the case with a simple, womanly eloquence that was most touching. There was only a lofty scorn on the faces of all present. In vain were they told of men's sickening, useless searches for work, of the scattering of their families, of their homelessness, of hunger and despair, until that one forlorn hope of "marching to Washington" seemed the one thing left them. In vain were they urged that these men were in need of food and sufficient clothing that very day and hour. The presiding officer said coldly, "We have no pity to waste on such creatures," and dismissed their visitor.

The sight of little children at toil too hard for them, if customary, makes no appeal to their compassion. The little cash girls and boys, bustled and bullied about from morning till night, arouse no feelings of pity; they receive no more thought perhaps than the little cash cars that run on wires over their heads. And if on a tour of inspection of a capitalist friend's "works" the picture of wan faced, shrunken children, attending machines, in the noise and heat, conveys no more meaning to their souls than the sight of the wheels themselves.

And how few women of the "better classes" comprehend anything of the bitter significance of a great strike or care an atom for the terrible suffering it often involves! When their Pullman palace car was not at hand, or their train was delayed, or they were subjected to the annoyance of a crowd, their denunciations of such a state of affairs could be very sharp and forcible. But of principles—of men and women facing starvation for some little measure of freedom—of the influence of the movement on future progress, they gave not one thought. The absurdity of workingmen daring to be idle when they were needed is the only feature that makes a deep impression on their minds.

The cruelty in undeveloped human beings is a savage, downright trait that one can meet on open ground and fight. Women, who by successive generations of bad environments have been kept from evoluting out of their half brutalized condition may possess this propensity of cruelty, but I would rather meet it any day than the haughty, indifferent, icy, refined cruelty that many good women deal out to their unfortunate brothers and sisters.

From the middle classes must come the true, liberal, comprehensive spirit that is to elevate the human race; from them must come that wise, strong sympathy which sustains and encourages without humiliating. Here we find the women who, not so far from poverty as to lack a quick and responsive conception of its needs, are yet not driven by its sordid necessities to be dwarfed and narrow; who have come out of the somewhat selfish seclusion of home enough to understand the wider social interests; who understand the organization of industry and the benefits of trades unionism, and who stand by their husbands, fathers and brothers through want and suffering with a heroism that strengthens them on to victory that might otherwise be defeat. Women who work or have sisters who work for wages, who keep track of labor news, attend labor meetings, encourage the organization of working women, study good economic books—these are the truly "well educated" women, the women who are to constitute a powerful element in the advancement of a just civilization. We cannot expect to find them among the highest classes, where selfishness is elaborately cultivated, or among the lowest, where the natural character is distorted and crushed by bad conditions. But for the progress of mankind toward industrial freedom and justice, toward happiness, enlightenment, wise morality, we must look for our most effectual factor among the intelligent workers, the wives, sisters and daughters of mechanics and tradesmen, the heroic working women of the world. And they constitute by far the majority of women.

LIZZIE M. HOLMES.

A LONG STRIKE.

The Cigar Makers of Detroit Enter Upon the Second Year of Their Struggle.

On June 4 the Cigar Makers' union of Detroit celebrated the first anniversary of their great strike and entered with vim upon the second year of the struggle for their rights. From the Detroit News the following history of this now famous contest is condensed:

The strike of the Detroit cigar makers has never been equaled in the history of Detroit or the Cigar Makers' union. It will be memorable for the firmness on the part of the strikers not to again work at the benches of the shops vacated by them until their demand that the entire shops be unionized.

It is estimated that 1,800 people in Detroit are interested in cigar making. Of this number 566 persons were members of the Detroit union on Jan. 1. When the strike was declared, on June 4, 1895, after it had been submitted to a referendum vote of the international union, 231 persons threw down their tools. Of this number 35 were women. Since the inauguration of the strike but 11 of these men and 6 of these women have returned to work in the boycotted shops.

A large number of the strikers have secured work in other cities and shops until there are but 117 persons at present drawing strike benefits. During February of the present year 24 men employed in still another shop have gone on strike, and these have been placed on the strike list, where they still remain, making a total of but 93 of the original strikers who have remained out the entire year.

Nate Jackson, corresponding secretary, has worked unceasingly for the strikers since the strike was ordered. A large amount of the money raised was through his efforts. He has drafted most of the literature which has been printed with the authority of the advisory board. It is estimated that the advisory board, during the past year, has sent out ten tons of printed matter, costing in the aggregate, perhaps, with the postage on letters, $5,000. To one of the express companies alone perhaps $250 has been paid to carry printed matter to other cities.

The total amount of money collected by the advisory board since the inauguration of the strike is $46,357. This amount is divided up as follows: From the international union, $27,636.68; from other cigar markers' unions, donated, $14,680.50; from other organized labor, $4,030.82. The cigar makers at work in Detroit assess themselves 50 cents weekly, making an average from this source of $125 weekly. This is not included in the grand total.

If it were, the amount expended shows a total of $52,857, or an average of a little over $1,000 a week.

The largest amount of money contributed by any one set of unions was received from the various molders' unions in the country. These unions contributed $462.82; then comes the brewers, $247.66; followed by the typographical unions, $197.50; the metal polishers, $177, and the bricklayers, $100.

The strikers have drawn in the neighborhood of $36,500 in weekly strike benefits. The international union allows $5 per week for the first 16 weeks to each striker. After 16 weeks the international union allows $3 per week until the matter is settled. The strikers have been paid $5 per week ever since the strike was declared. For one week the strikers were paid $1 extra. The advisory board, during the first part of last winter, contracted for a large number of bushels of potatoes, which were delivered at the homes of the married strikers.

Labor and the Tornado.

Because the tornado ruined many mills and factories a large number of men will be out of employment for weeks and months. Children and mothers will want because their providers are idle, and strong, willing men will weep because they cannot feed hungry mouths.

True, there is a silver lining to this cloud. Hundreds of laborers are being employed to clear away the debris and artisans are in great demand for building purposes. But this is a readjustment of the labor conditions which will prove disastrous to the mechanics and craftsmen who toiled in the mills and factories. They cannot become builders, and if they are hired as laborers they will still be sufferers dependent upon an humble and precarious employment.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Organized Labor For Silver.

Steps will be taken by the Denver Trades and Labor assembly to send speakers through the east to address the people upon the silver question. At the meeting of the assembly a communication from the Silver Bow trade and labor bureau of finance of Butte, Mon., in reference to this matter was read, and the sentiments in the communication were heartily approved. The plan of the Silver Bow bureau is to engage good speakers and to send them into the strongholds of the goldbug east. The Denver Trades assembly will act on the suggestion, and, by vote of the meeting, the chairman was instructed to appoint a committee consisting of one delegate from each union to consider the project and to report to the assembly.—Denver News.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

A MUCH NEGLECTED DUTY

IRRESISTIBLE FORCE FOR GOOD MAY BE ORGANIZED.

An Educated People Marching Under a Banner Dedicating Them to Ethics and Freedom Can Conquer Selfishness and Cruelty—Our Unsupported Press.

[Special Correspondence.]

In the case of large and complex social groups civilization has always been a great battle between labor and monopoly. Only with small communities and under very simple conditions has that battle been minimized so as not to produce any considerable disturbance among men in time of peace anyhow. It looks as if what we call progress had always coincided with increased social iniquities. And here we are, in the most progressive nation on earth, forever blessed with conditions giving us longer peaceful periods than were possible for other nations to have, England excepted. Yet, we are enveloped in storms of the most furious character in spite of wealth accumulations such as never before could take place. And never before has the battle between labor and monopoly been so intense and extensive. And never before has the wealth distribution been quite as unjust as it is among us. And the process is going on. And no man can see the end of it.

Perhaps we are yet afflicted with worse symptoms than the most dishonest wealth distribution ever exhibited on earth, under favorable conditions for just the reverse, because of less international complications and greater natural resources than any other group of men, large or small anywhere. I refer to the total absence of social consensus about what we should do to prevent a great national cataclysm. And yet the cataclysm can be avoided, and it should, although it often looks as if we were not going to be smart enough for that. All because of the difficulties we seem to have in arriving at a certain consensus of what we need.

We do need a well patronized labor press if we need anything. Who is going to patronize that press? Not the 2,000,000 family groups, in which we may include the wealthy and only somewhat pinched classes of society. Every family is somewhat pinched today as soon as the income falls below $3,000. Some feel pinched on less than $10,000 per annum. Nor is the labor press going to be patronized by that other group of about 2,000,000 families at the bottom of the social pit. The latter group of men already too far down to be awakened from the animalism into which they have been sunk by our glorious civilization, glorious and shameful too! The former group are not good for anything. About 500,000 of them form the upper and lower plutocracy, and the remaining 1,500,000 constitute the choice pretorian guard of that plutocracy, with exceptions few and rare. Below them we have millions of plain people forming the common pretorian guard of our wholesale monopolists. That is the saddest fact of all! Still, that may not be so for ever. Let us hope so anyhow. It is better to hope than to despair.

Between the two extremes we have mentioned we should have today 10,000,000 family groups who could and should use $2 per annum each as an average in patronizing a couple of labor weeklies. We could then have about 200 labor papers with an average circulation of 100,000, instead of possibly 1,000, most of them kept barely alive with a circulation of about 2,000.

Think for a moment of what we could accomplish if we had something like 200 papers reaching 10,000,000 of voters, and so with funds enough to make the papers highly instructive and attractive, with editors who would have some rest in their labors, and thus with contributors who, even without any pay, would be willing to give the masses their best thoughts, with the conviction that they were doing good work, work that was going to tell! Now it takes a great deal of faith and hope and backbone to do much preaching of the right kind. One never knows if his audience will amount to anything or if his efforts will bring any results!

With such a labor press as has been indicated and as we should have, it would only take a few years for us to build up 10,000,000 citizens with proper conceptions about the fundamental principles on which government is to rest for universal happiness and manhood. Each one of those 10,000,000 citizens would then be worth more than ten politicians. And they all would tremble in their boots. And they all would fall on their knees before the majority of the people. And even our plutocracy, the wholesale and small fry plutocrats, even they would abandon their guns and tents, and beg us only to go a little slow in our reform movement; so that to drop by degrees from their pinnacles of earthly glory into the joys and splendors of "social righteousness!" It is so dreadful not to have at least $50,000 income, or living without the hope of having it before we die!

The power of wealth is great; but intelligence alone is power after all. It is power for good when it rests on altruistic honesty. It is power for evil when resting on selfishness and greed. In a battle between the two the former would soon be on top.

Yes, our battleflag should have but two words, viz: Ethics! Freedom! Universal brotherhood is impossible without those two words, and needs nothing else, because it springs up from those two thoughts, intimately correlated with each other. Ethics and freedom were crucified by the old Pharisees in the Calvary and in the magnificent personality of Christ. Ethics and freedom have been crucified in the Calvary of every nation, by the respective Pharisees of each historical period! And so it shall be until we can reach the workers and implant in their minds the few simple principles on which alone we can have healthy, honest nations, respecting the morality of Christ!

JOSE GROS.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

A BIG LABOR RIOT

Trouble at Cleveland—Strike is Resumed.

A NON-UNION MAN STABBED 15 TIMES.

Police Finally Succeeded in Restoring Order.

Cleveland, O., July 15.—Further disturbances occurred at the Brown Hoisting Co.'s works early this morning, when a crowd of infuriated strikers set upon a gang of non-union workmen with clubs and other weapons, felling many of them to the ground.

One of the non-union men, who was picked up unconscious, had 15 knife wounds and three ribs broken.

For a time the police were unable to keep off the strikers, but upon receiving re-enforcements succeeded in driving them away.

The non-union men are now under police protection.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

The British steamer, Curfew, from Dundee, went down in the Red Sea with all on board.

Wilbert Gilison, aged 15 years, of Nashua, was held in $700 today on three charges of breaking and entering.

The condition of Cornelius Vanderbilt, who was stricken with paralysis, is slightly improved, though he is not out of danger.

The Valkyrie III, Dunraven's yacht, sailed for England today.

Judge Wallace of the Supreme Court of California, may resign to stump for Bryan.

SET A FIRE

In a Lawrence Millinery Store Sunday Morning.

At a hearing held before State Fire Marshal Whitcomb at the state house in Boston yesterday, Miss Clodia Bourdelois of Lawrence confessed to having set the fire which occurred in the millinery and ladies' furnishing goods store conducted by herself and father in that city, shortly after midnight Sunday morning, June 21.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

At Brockton, Today, and Dangerously Shocked.

Brockton, Mass., July 15.—A party of young men set out from here to drive to Cohassett, this morning, and were overtaken by a thunder shower. The lightning struck the shaft of their carriage and J. D. Rawley and Albert Garby were rendered unconscious, while the others were slightly shocked, though they were able to drive to the city. They had a narrow escape.

COMMUNICATION.

Editor Sun: The esteemed Morning Mail is in a state of mind over the annual report of the board of police, which, like the repairs at the station house, was made without consulting the Mail and its efficient staff.

The main points of its lamentation are that (1) The report is addressed to Mayor Courtney. (2) It does not give a roster of the police force. (3) The superintendent of the police is nowhere mentioned in the report. (4) The statistics are neither numerous nor intricate enough to satisfy the morbid appetite of the staff and readers of the Mail.

The Mail ought to know that the law requires the board of police to make its reports to the mayor of the city, and that the information such report contains is to be the transactions of the board and the department under it. The superintendent of police is now a subordinate in the police department acting under the heads of it, the board of police, and the necessity for a report from him of matters he has only a general knowledge of and records he does not keep, is hardly apparent. The report is as statistically complete as any, and covers the grounds thoroughly.

The monthly reports which the Mail misses so much were customarily made to the board of aldermen; but as that body has no jurisdiction over the police the report has ceased. The board can hardly be expected to make a report to itself; the superintendent cannot make a report of facts he does not record, and it is hardly to be expected that a special one will be made to the Mail. The records are kept in the office of the board where they can be consulted at any time when the toilers of the Mail get energy enough to climb the stairs.

It happens to be true that the superintendent of police had little to do with the annual report, why he should, when the board employs a man to do its clerical work is not quite clear.

The necessity for publishing the names of every person on the pay roll of the department may be dear to the Mail, but not to anybody else. Why not call on Superintendent Cheney to give a list of all of his laborers in his annual.

The trouble appears to be with the liver of the Mail and its reporter. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CITY OFFICIAL.

DEATHS.

SANBORN—The many friends of Augustus A. Sanborn, the well-known real estate agent, will be pained to hear of his death which occurred this morning, after a lingering illness at his home, 1266 Middlesex street. "Gus," as he was familiarly called, was 34 years of age, and had lived here the greater part of his life. When the telephone took hold in Lowell, "Gus" was made superintendent of wires and he laid the first wire out of this city. Leaving the telephone business he entered that of a broker, occupying a store in East Merrimack street. When he abandoned that business about one year ago, his place of business was at 56 Gorham street. Since then he has been in the real estate business with Ed. Donovan having offices in the Swan Block. Persevering and upright and honest in dealings, Mr. Sanborn met with great success in business. But it was in the social line that he was best known. A hale fellow, well met, he had a host of friends and acquaintances, and prominent in social organizations, notably the Elks' club, Big 12, Home and Highland clubs. He was also a member of the Elks lodge and the Masons.

He is survived by his parents, a widow and one daughter, to whom is extended the sympathy of his many friends.

The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon

WAS IT MURDER?

Bundle of Bloody Clothing From Montreal Express.

TRAINMAN WAS SEEN THROWING IT OUT.

May Give a Clue to Some Mystery.

A mysterious bundle of blood spattered clothing is lying on the south side of the Boston & Maine railroad track a few rods above the Wilder street bridge. Some boys were first to discover the bundle and open it. It contained a woman's waist, apron, shirt and some other articles of female apparel, a man's shirt, baby clothing and shoes. The child's shoes and stockings being unstained have been taken away by children but the other articles remain.

A boy named Louis Leclaire saw a conductor or trainman throw a bundle from the Montreal express going north, on Saturday morning.

Since that time the residents in the vicinity have examined the parcel and consider it very suspicious. They believe that it indicates a crime of some kind, perhaps the murder of a baby.

It is thought the bundle was left in the car and thrown out by a conductor.

The police have been notified and will take charge of the parcel as it may throw light upon some of the tragic mysteries that are puzzling the detectives of this and other cities.

MORNING PAPER WANTED

A STAUNCH DEMOCRAT HAS SOME PLAIN TALK TO BOLTERS

And Wants The Sun to Come Out in the Morning to Fill a Long Felt Want.

Editor Sun: The present political complications will enable the democracy of Lowell to ascertain who are really democrats and who are not.

The present is a most excellent time for both newspapers and individuals to show their loyalty to the party, for there is nothing half way about the matter, as it goes without saying that those that are not for the democratic party at this crisis are against it. There is no middle ground. Either Wm. J. Bryan or Wm. McKinley will be the next president of these United States. No third parties can accomplish anything in the pending election. As a rule the papers and persons who will leave the democratic party at this crisis have wanted to (many of them) long ago and have only waited for the opportunity, which they have now. Let them go; the party will be 100 per cent. better off for their going. Their places will be more than filled by honest, earnest persons, who fully believe in the principles enunciated by the Chicago platform. What the democracy of Lowell needs now is a democratic morning paper to take the place of the Times. If the Sun shall decide to fill that long felt want the party will give it a most generous support. Many democrats are very anxious for it to do so. A good reliable morning paper that will be democratic at all times and under all circumstances as the Sun is just what the party needs, and it is to be hoped this great want will be speedily filled.

DEMOCRAT.

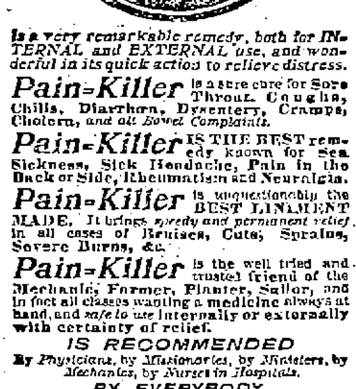
Bryan Supporters.

Salem, Ill., July 15.—The enthusiasm of the citizens at the celebration in honor of Bryan, today, is unbounded.

Thunder Storm Coming.

Boston, July 15.—The weather bureau at Washington today sent out a special bulletin predicting destructive thunder showers for New England this afternoon.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD KNOW THAT



Is a very remarkable remedy, both for INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use, and wonderful in its quick action to relieve distress.

Pain-Killer is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Chills, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, *and all Bowel Complaints.*

Pain-Killer IS THE BEST remedy known for Sea Sickness, Sick Headache, Pain in the Back or Side, Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

Pain-Killer is unquestionably the BEST LINIMENT MADE. It brings *speedy and permanent relief* in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, &c.

Pain-Killer is the well tried and trusted friend of the Mechanic, Farmer, Planter, Sailor, and in fact all classes wanting a medicine always at hand, and *safe to use* internally or externally with certainty of relief.

IS RECOMMENDED

By *Physicians*, by *Missionaries*, by *Ministers*, by *Mechanics*, by *Nurses in Hospitals*.

BY EVERYBODY.

Pain-Killer is a Medicine Chest in itself, and few vessels leave port without a supply of it.

No family can afford to be without this invaluable remedy in the house. Its price brings it within the reach of all, and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills.

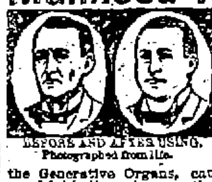
Beware of imitations. Take none but the genuine "PERRY DAVIS."

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING. Photographed from life.

NERVITAS, the Wonderful Roman Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Atrophy, Emissions, Varicocele, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 348 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL. Or you can buy it of druggist below: Ellingwood & Co. & Goodale's Drug Store, LOWELL, MASS.

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Gas Light Company

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22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

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PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

YOU HAVE PROBABLY DISCOVERED

That last year's straw hat is not after all "just as good as new." If you have arrived at this important conclusion we know that we have just the article that will tickle your fancy with all the items in gentlemen's furnishings that help make warm weather endurable.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

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TREMONT HOUSE.

329 & 331 TREMONT ST., Boston

Finely Furnished Rooms. Private Dining Rooms. Convenient to Theatres and Electric Cars.

OPEN ALL NIGHT. RATES:

$1.00 Per Day and Upwards

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

42 CHURCH STREET.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 21, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 8.30 a. m., 1.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.30 a. m., 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 6.50 8.30. a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.10 p. m.

†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 28, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, ¶6.50, *7.45, *8.50, ¶9.00, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, ¶3.00, 4.25, ¶5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.4*, 6.33, ¶6.53, §7.01, §7.18, §*7.27, 7.33, 7.40, *7.48, *8.07, 9.03, *9.50, 11.03, 11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, ¶3.03, *4.00, 4.10, 4.28, 5.22, ¶5.30, 6.21, 7.47, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7.18, §*7.27, 8.48, *9.10 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.30, §7.01, 7.33, 7.45, 11.00 a.m.; 1.40, 4.28, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.

For Lawrence, 6.32, 10.00 a. m; 4.15 p. m.

For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.23 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.16 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.18 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 6.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.13, 9.42, 10.09 a.m; 12.09, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.08 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p.m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.42 a. m; 12.09, 1.40 5.42, †8.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m. 3.43 p. m., Saturday only till August 29th inclusive.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.42 a.m; 1.40, †8.43 p. m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.42 a. m.; 12.19, †8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.42 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.54 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, 3.43 p.m., except Saturday.

† Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

GO TO

CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT

FOR

Fine Custom Tailoring

42 CENTRAL STREET.

CHARLES H. FROST, 78 Central Street.

Dealer in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings, Ammunition, Fire-arms, and Fine Watch repairing.

LOWELL, WEDNESDAY July 22

3 RINGS, 3 STAGES, RACING TRACK

AND MONSTER AERIAL ENCLAVE. 100 STARTLING and SUBLIME CIRCUS ACTS.

EVERYTHING JUST AS ADVERTISED

Only Show endorsed by the Clergy. No False Pretenses. No Exaggerations.

GREATEST AERIAL EXHIBITIONS EVER SEEN

The most renowned Mid-Air Performers in the world. GLORIOUSLY THRILLING DIVES, FLIGHTS AND CATCHES. ALAR, the Human Arrow, shot from a Huge Ancient Crossbow away into space.

Magnificent Equine Spectacle 50 Trained Horses performing at one time in one ring. Positively 24 Elephants executing Novel Feats.

SPLENDID CHAMPION EQUESTRIAN DISPLAYS

12 Champion Male and Female Bareback Riders in the most varied kind of expert and daring riding acts. THE NEW WOMAN ON HORSEBACK, with Lady Clowns, Lady Ring Masters, and Lady Object Holders.

THE ONLY TWO COMPLETE MENAGERIES IN THE WORLD

3 Herds of Elephants, 2 Droves of Camels, 1 Flock of Ostriches, 50 Cages of Wild Beasts, together with many animals in leash.

JOHANNA, THE FAMOUS GIANTESS GORILLA

Only one in captivity in the world. Seven Dens of Performing Animals. And in addition to all the Myriad Wonders, the Grand, New, Picturesque, Romantic Entertainment

REALISTIC ORIENTAL INDIA

Representing Genuine Natives of the Orient in every phase of life. Presented just as they have existed for ages in their own country: Buddhist Priests, Sacred Dancing Girls, Tiger, Silver and Devil Mask Dancers, Cocoanut Tree Climbers, Cotta Dwarfs, REAL EAST INDIAN FAKIRS and EXPERT JUGGLERS, Madras Dancing Girls, Kandian and Singhalese Dancers, together with their Families, Sacred Temples, Tools, Implements, Musical Instruments, Oriflammes and Devices.

MIGHTY NEW FREE STREET PARADE

With the Sovereigns of the World represented, together with the Military Uniforms and Music of all Nations, at 9 a. m., on day of Show.

LOWEST EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

Two Performances Daily at 2 and 8 p. m. Doors Open an Hour Earlier. Admission to Everything 50c. Children Under 9 Years Half-Price.

Reserved Seats at Regular Price and Admission Tickets at usual advance at

GEO. GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

TODAY

Our Great Sale OF THE SEASON

Remember that today begins our annual sale of

REMNANTS PRINTED SILKS

AT ONLY

33c. Per Yard

For extra fine $1.00 and 1.25 qualities of the handsomest silks that have been sold this season—We get them only once a year and lots and lots of our customers have been anxiously looking for this sale—Come and see them sure.

SILK AND DRESS GOODS DEPTS.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for New England: Showers, followed by clearing in the afternoon and night; cooler; light southwesterly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

ALMANAC, THURSDAY, JULY 16.
Sun rises—4:22; sets, 7:15.
Length of day—14:53.
Moon sets—10:21 p. m.
Full sea—3:15 a. m.; 3:45 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS.

After dinner, try Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'k.

Knights Thompson Commandery Golden Cross, conferred degrees on seven members last evening.

The truant commissioners are busy preparing separate ward lists of the census of the school children.

The supply of text books required for use in the schools the next school year will commence to pile in, in a few days.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

Company C, Sixth Regiment, will go to Wakefield, Saturday afternoon, to contest in a shooting match with Company A of that place.

The meeting of the committee on accounts this afternoon is for the purpose of approving the bills contracted for the Fourth of July celebration.

The first picnic of the Mutual Improvement society of the Mt. Vernon church at Willow Dale yesterday, was greatly enjoyed by the large gathering in attendance.

W. H. Harrigan, grand treasurer of the grand court of Massachusetts, F. of A., paid an official visit last evening to Star of Boston circle, Companions of the Forest.

Miss Agnes Heap has been elected treasurer of the Berean Primitive Methodist Mutual Improvement society, to fill the place of Miss Bertha Standhome, who resigned recently.

William S. Collins has been appointed assistant superintendent of the John Hancock Insurance company to succeed T. P. Donohoe, who has taken an inspector's position in Providence, R. I.

The following names are additional contributors to the Nurses' home: J. Nelson Parker, Billerica; C. F. Sheldon, North Chelmsford; Three Friends, Mr. Geo. C. Wright, Mrs. W. W. Duncan, Mrs. Geo. F. Hooper, Fred H. Ela.

W. J. Coughlin Heard From.

William J. Coughlin has been heard from in the mining regions of the west. He was at Cheyenne Wyo on the 12th inst.

He says everybody out there is like himself, for free silver, and he hopes The Sun has come out flat-footed for the people's money. He has not seen The Sun, but as a subscriber he has guessed well The Sun's position.

Mr. Coughlin, as already stated in The Sun, is the best posted free silver man of this city and he has been preaching it for five years past to his friends.

THE DATE HAS BEEN FIXED.

The Big Ratification Meeting to be Held Next Thursday Evening.

The date of the big ratification meeting has been selected. On Thursday evening, July 23, George Fred Williams will speak in Huntington hall. This was decided upon yesterday at a conference in his office in Boston and word was sent to Philip J. Farley last evening.

Mr. Williams is sure of a big reception here and the meeting will undoubtedly be the largest political assembly every held in this city.

A band will be at the depot when Mr. Williams arrives and the streets through which he passes will be ablaze with red fire.

It will be a rousing time and every one is invited irrespective of party or his position on the money question.

FROM A LABOR LEADER.

Mr. Editor:—I am much pleased with the manner in which The Sun has entered this campaign. You have boldly taken up the free silver question and given the people light upon it that could not be had from any other paper in the city. I fully realize the force of your statement when you say that there can be no such thing as a fifty-cent dollar, because the price of silver, although low at present, would at once increase. Under free coinage it would be one hundred cents a dollar. The masses of the people do not understand that the gold standard favors creditors, and injures debtors, because gold is ever increasing in purchasing power, and because the bankers and money lenders get control of the gold in the country and corner the money market whenever they see fit. It is by doing this they have drawn the gold from the U. S. treasury, and compelled the president to issue bonds to keep up the gold supply. Under free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, that is a proportion of value under which 16 ounces of gold will be equal to 1 ounce of silver, this would not be necessary because debts would be payable either in gold or silver at the option of the government. Any debt already contracted under the gold standard would be paid in gold, so that the charge of repudiating just debts brought against the advocates of free silver is all wrong.

Silver is the people's money, it is the money of the constitution, and that which will remedy the defects of the present gold standard.

Under free coinage the money lenders cannot corner the money market, they cannot cause money panics, or financial depression, as they have done frequently in the past few years.

Truly yours,

LABOR UNION.

FOR CARE OF INSANE.

The Sum of $4300 Will Be Paid By the City This Month.

The largest amount ever paid for the care of insane people by the city will be paid this month. The amount will be $4300.

At present the city is caring for 18 more insane persons than usual. It costs the town $3.25 a week for each of these. The insane of Lowell are confined in the following asylums: Medfield, 4; Worcester, chronic, 3; Taunton 2; Westboro 7; Danvers 12; Worcester 36.

These people are sent from Lowell to these asylums and each quarter the state treasurer sends in a bill. After two years sojourn at the asylum if the patient is thought incurable he is sent back here and is confined at the city farm.

A Big Present.

Everybody who buys a pound of our high grade Tea will get a big China jumbo cup and saucer as a present. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

Prices Reduced.

Reduced prices to close season's stock at Lewis Alexander's, tailor, 65 Central street.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

WERE BURNED TO A CRISP

IN A TENEMENT HOUSE FIRE IN BOSTON.

Two Women and a Man the Victims—Delay in Ringing Alarm the Cause.

Boston, July 16.—In a short, but brisk tenement house fire at 29 Lehigh street, last night, two persons were burned to a crisp, while another received injuries, from the effects of which she will die. The unfortunate people were Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Driscoll, who were burned to death in their tenement on the third floor, and Mrs. Margaret Hogan, a widow, 70 years old, who was unconscious when taken out of her room on the second floor of the building.

The fire was discovered in the four-story wooden building, and the 15 occupants of the building were in bed. The crackling of the flames and the shouts of the people in the street below aroused them, and all excepting the Driscolls and Mrs. Hogan rushed to the roof, where they escaped to the adjoining building. For some reason the Driscolls, unable to get out, were driven back into their room, where Mr. Driscoll was speedily overcome by the flames. Mrs. Driscoll, however, had strength enough to reach the open window, but was unable to get out. The horrified spectators on the street below saw her rock herself in her agony as the flames approached, and at last fall back, dead.

Five valuable minutes were lost in sounding an alarm, as the boy who was sent to pull the box had a squabble with two other boys, so that it was fully 10 minutes after the fire was discovered before the first fireman arrived on the scene. A ladder was quickly run up to the third floor, and Mrs. Driscoll's body taken down, although the flames by this time were bursting out of nearly every window in the front of the building.

The body of Mr. Driscoll was found just outside the door of his room. Mrs. Hogan was on the second floor, but the flames which were licking up the wooden stairway cut her off from the street. Through the heroic efforts of a neighbor and two police officers, who rushed through the flames, she was taken out, just alive.

The firemen made short work of the fire. The loss to the building was only $1500.

A Growing Organization.

Detroit, July 16.—The Ancient Order of Hibernians met here yesterday in national convention. The report of the national secretary shows the total membership of the order is about 90,000, a gain of 8299 in two years. During that period 1449 members died. Pennsylvania is the banner state, with 20,713 members. The total receipts since the last report amounted to $1,565,102.31. The expenditures, $1,024,930.66. Of the latter amount, $245,768.70 was paid for sick fees, $86,025.39 for death benefits, $11,205.95 for burying wives of members, and $239,828.56 was spent for charitable purposes. The balance in the treasuries of all the divisions amounts to $345,311.45. The annual banquet was held last evening.

Deluge of Silver Coming.

Washington, July 16.—Owing to the fact that the amount of silver dollars in the treasury available for the redemption of treasury notes has become reduced to $10,659,582, and will be further reduced by redemption during the current month, the coinage of silver dollars by the mints will be increased from $1,500,000 to $3,000,000 per month from Aug. 1, and will probably be continued at that rate, in order that the treasury may have a sufficient stock to redeem treasury notes presented in exchange for silver dollars.

Watching Coast Defenses.

Washington, July 16.—The war department is showing great energy in the execution of the projects provided for by congress for the defense of the seacoasts, and Secretary Lamont is devoting much of his time to forward this work. At present he is at Fort Hancock, or Sandy Hook, going over the plans for the defense of the entrance of New York harbor, and for the selection of the new artillery post which is to go up in the Sandy Hook reservation.

Schlatter Bobs Up Again.

Guthrie, O. T., July 16.—A man claiming to be Schlatter, the divine healer from Denver, rode into town yesterday on a bicycle, and is creating a sensation. He was dressed in a trailing gown of black, and wore a curling beard and long flowing hair. As soon as his identity became known a great crowd gathered about the man. He addressed an immense throng, laying on hands to heal people and blessing hundreds of handkerchiefs.

The Providence Shooting Scrape.

Providence, July 16.—George F. Mitchell, who shot Peter Fagan in this city, was arraigned yesterday. He pleaded guilty, and was held in the sum of $4000 to await the action of the grand jury. Fagan is in a precarious condition.

Two Engines Wrecked.

Philadelphia, July 16.—A New Hope accommodation train collided with a train of empty passenger cars near Willow Grove station yesterday. Three passengers and the baggage master received slight wounds. Through some misinterpretation of orders the empty cars were not sidetracked. The engines of both trains were demolished.

Thirty-Five Per Cent Offered.

Boston, July 16.—A committee appointed to examine into the affairs of Walker, Taylor & Co., shoe manufacturers of Campello, who failed last week, report the total liabilities of the firm to be $43,816.81, and the assets $27,000. An offer of 35 per cent, payable in cash in 20 days, has been made, and it is thought the creditors will accept it.

Baseball.

At Pittsburg—Boston, 2; Pittsburg, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 10; Philadelphia, 6.
At Cleveland—New York, 6; Cleveland, 4.
At Portland—Portland, 6; Fall River, 3.
At Bangor—Brockton, 13; Bangor, 3.

Off Her Course.

St. John's, N. F., July 16.—Steamer Tormore, from Cardiff for Halifax, is ashore at Trepassey, and will likely be a total wreck. Nautical men express surprise at the vessel being where she was when she met with the disaster.

Female Firebug In Court.

Lawrence, Mass., July 16.—Clodia Bourdelais, who confessed to setting fire to the store 487 Essex street, on June 28, to get the insurance, was arraigned in court yesterday, and held in $800 for the grand jury. She is but 19 years old.

FOR BEAUTY
For comfort, for improvement of the complexion, use only Pozzoni's Powder; there is nothing equal to it.

The Perfect Pill
Perfect in preparation.
Perfect in operation.
Ayer's Cathartic Pills
Perfect post-prandial pill.
Perfect for all purposes.
THE PILL THAT WILL

IRRESPECTIVE OF POLITICS.

Citizens of Bath Turn Out In Force to Greet Candidate Sewall.

Bath, Me., July 16. — Arthur Sewall had his home-coming last night, and it was of the warmest sort. The formal welcome was entirely non-partisan, as the several committees were equally made up of Republicans and Democrats. As the special train bearing Mr. Sewall came into the city at 7:15, fireworks were profusely burned, the church and city bells rung, and a national salute fired by big guns. Thousands of people at the depot were provided with horns, and the vocal welcome made a din greater than ever heard here before. Mr. Sewall was met at the depot platform by F. H. Twitchell, president of the city council, Mayor Bibber having unexpectedly been called away. In responding to a short welcoming address, Mr. Sewall said:

"Fellow citizens, fellow Republicans, fellow Democrats of Bath: It is always a great pleasure to me to come back to our beloved state of Maine, which we all love so well. But it is a greater pleasure to return to our old city of Bath to meet my old associates and the friends with whom I have passed my life.

"It is not fitting, and you do not expect me at this time to make a long speech, but there is one thought which has so filled my mind that I feel that you will pardon my speaking of it here. We have had a convention, and it is of that I would speak to you. It was a great convention, yet it did not seem to me to be a partisan one; it seemed more like the uprising of the people, and they seemed to be controlled by one idea—an idea that filled me for years. They know that this country is in deep distress, that it has been in distress for years, and that great multitudes believed it. I believe that the great trouble is with our monetary system, and they believe as I believe, that there is but one remedy. They entertain no dishonest or dishonorable idea, but they demand that we be carried back to the money of our fathers. To that monetary system under which this government flourished for so many years."

Mr. Sewall was escorted to his home in a barouche decorated with flags. A band led the column, followed by 40 young men, dressed in yachting costume. The illumination as the procession passed up Washington street to Mr. Sewall's house was the finest seen for years. The Sewall mansion and surrounding grounds, which were thrown open to the public, were brilliantly decorated. Mr. Sewall here made a short speech, again expressing his appreciation of the reception. Then the procession escorted him to the city park, where he received the public, while the band played patriotic pieces and fireworks brightened the surroundings.

ARM KNOCKED OUT.

Hand Shaking Business Has Seriously Affected Mr. Bryan.

Salem, Ills., July 16.—Salem paid its farewell yesterday to William J. Bryan, in a demonstration that was greatly marred by a tremendous downpour of rain. He left Salem this morning, and is scheduled to arrive in Kansas City this evening, and will probably make a speech there. The night will be spent at Kansas City, and tomorrow morning Mr. Bryan will start for Lincoln. The trip through Nebraska will be made in daytime, and Mr. Bryan will probably make several informal speeches en route.

Mr. Bryan's right arm is almost paralyzed. The unaccustomed strain of handshaking in which he has been vigorously engaged is beginning to be felt by him. His right arm and hand are badly swollen. The strain has been worse since coming to Salem. The great brawny farmers in this region have a fashion of shaking hands with a vigor that causes less muscular power to wince. Mr. Bryan hopes to be able to rest from the handshaking business after leaving here until he reaches Lincoln.

Women Congratulate McKinley.

Canton, O., July 16.—On their own special train, and with their own band, several hundred Cleveland women came to Canton yesterday to call on Major McKinley, and to congratulate him and the nation, as one of them put it, on his nomination. Rain fell, but it did not prevent the Canton people from turning out in large numbers to welcome their visitors. The Cleveland delegation was met at the station by a large committee of Canton women. The delegation marched from the railway station to the residence of Major McKinley. A speech of congratulation was made by Mrs. Elroy Avery of Cleveland, to which Major McKinley made response.

Flood of Campaign Literature.

Washington, July 16.—The congressional campaign committees of both parties are now actively at work, and expect within the next few weeks to circulate thousands of campaign documents, consisting chiefly of congressional speeches. Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic committee, said that it was receiving numerous calls, and would circulate great numbers of silver speeches; comparatively few tariff speeches would be sent out. Vice Chairman Apsley of Massachusetts said that the Republicans were confident, but intended to do some hard work, and to distribute a great deal of literature.

FOR A THIRD TICKET.

Democrats of the Empire State Denounce the Chicago Platform.

New York, July 16.—The executive committee of the state Democracy met last night and repudiated the Chicago platform. It also advocated the putting of a third candidate in the field. The resolutions of repudiation were not adopted until after a prolonged debate, and it is threatened that at least five district leaders will consider the advisability of resigning from the organization. The resolutions were offered by Corporation Counsel Scott, who attended the convention as a delegate.

There was a party of 100 on the excursion of the Eliot church young people to Provincetown yesterday.

Mechanics lodge, I. O. O. F., worked the degree on three candidates last evening.

BASE BALL.

For the last six or more years base ball in Lowell has seen its best days prior to July 4, when after that date it has gone into a rapid decline, terminating its career about August 1. The exception to this yearly occurrence may be noted at the present day in the Urban and Suburban league, which is now stronger than ever before; and its strength has recently been increased by dropping the two weak and uncertain teams, confining membership to six strong clubs with a following of its own.

It would be hard to pick a winner of the pennant at this stage of the game, for each is as good as the others. The remarkable rise of the Florence club makes that organization dangerous and its games, henceforth will be well worth seeing. Everyone who has seen their crack twirler, Johnson, pitch is loud in their praises of Johnson, but it remains to be seen what he will do with the Emeralds or Unions. Both of these teams are great batters, and can hit about any kind of a pitcher set before them, that is to say, set before them in the ball field. Of course there are pitchers that they are unacquainted with.

The Y. M. C. I's are in tough luck, which cannot last always, and they may be heard from as winners very soon.

Manager McMahon has done much to make a strong team of his T. R. and Ts, and he deserves credit for so doing. He has a new pitcher whom he claims is the best in the league. Like Johnson, McCarthy must go up against all teams before a proper estimate of his ability can be made.

It will be hard to improve upon the two reliables, Quigley and Connors.

The next meeting of the league will be held here this evening instead of Friday and again only the managers or those authorized are invited to attend. It was found by experience at the last meeting that far more business can be transacted at a meeting of the managers than with an attendance of 50 or more critics.

The Unions expect to have Thorne with them very soon. Thorne has always been identified with the success of the North Chelmsford teams of the past few years and will be welcomed back by all the cranks at the north village.

The present standing of the clubs is as follows:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Emeralds	9	7	2	.777
Unions	9	7	2	.777
T. R. & Ts	10	6	4	.600
South Ends	11	6	5	.545
Florence	11	5	6	.454
Y. M. C. I's	11	4	7	.363

To Sail For Europe.

The following Lowell people are booked through Murphy's steamship agency to leave Boston Saturday on the Cunard line steamer Pavonia for a three months' stay in the old country: Mrs. Catherine Rourke, Mr. Patrick Rourke, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Anderton, Mr. Fred Anderton, Miss Catherine Langton, Miss Lizzie Hanley, Mr. Samuel Holgate, Miss Julia Maguire and Mr. James J. Spinner; also from New York yesterday on the White Star line steamer Teutonic: James Patterson, Miss E. B. White, Misses Maggie and Julia A. Reardon, Osmond Loug, James Harrison, Wm. T. Sutcliffe and Michael T. McMahone; also for Antwerp, Belgium, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lutz and Miss Maria Lutz.

ELECTRIC CAR

Struck by Lightning on Lawrence Street Last Evening.

A Lawrence street car about six o'clock last evening was struck by lightning but without serious results further than the burning out of a fuse. The wire carried the bolt into the earth. Nobody on the car was hurt.

PUSHING PENSION CLAIMS.

Many Thousands Disposed of During the Past Year.

Washington, July 16.—The present status of all pension claims is brought out in the report of the annual inspection of the files of the pension bureau. This long and tedious examination by a large corps of clerks has just been completed, and the result shows the effect of the policy of Secretary Hoke Smith and Commissioner Murphy, in urging the expedition of all claims ready for final action. Since July 1, 1895, the total number of pension claims of all kinds pending before the office has decreased 56,546. This leaves the aggregate number now awaiting action 495,664.

The actual number of claimants is, however, only 410,922. The difference in the figures is due to duplications of cases, in which a single claimant applies for a pension under several legal provisions, as for instance, both under the general law and the famous "June 27, 1890" act. While, in many of the cases the claimant is already receiving some form of a pension, and is applying for an increase, there are 176,585 claimants to whom no pension whatever has been issued. The number of the pension rolls is steadily decreasing, and the forthcoming report of the commissioner of pensions will show the total number of pensioners everywhere to be a little over 970,000, a slight decline. Official estimates place the number of deaths of pensioners during the fiscal year just closed at about 30,000.

Third Straight and Out.

New York, July 16.—The third and last race in the series between Glencairn of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht club of Canada, and El Heirle, for small yachts, was sailed over a course three miles to leeward and return, twice over. Ever since the races were begun on Monday noon, the Crane brothers, who have been sailing the El Heirle, have been praying for a hard blow. They received an answer to their petition yesterday, for the wind came out of the west by south at the rate of about 10 miles an hour, and the Yankee boat's adherents smiled and their hopes ran high, as they thought of the prospect of winning at least one race in the series. But their hopes were crushed, and now the cup goes to Montreal, where it will stay until some speedy half-rater can be found to win it back.

No Pardon For Bardsley.

Harrisburg, July 16.—It is asserted that Governor Hastings will refuse to pardon John Bardsley, Philadelphia's ex-treasurer, who is serving a 15 years sentence for embezzling hundreds of thousands of municipal moneys. When the board of pardons adjourned last week it was unanimously in favor of Bardsley's pardon, as he has been in prison since 1891, and is said to be rapidly failing in health. It is understood that there is no opposition to the granting of the pardon in any quarter except on the part of the executive.

The old slates collected from the public schools number about 8000.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

DELICIOUS DESSERTS can be made from NONE SUCH Mince Meat.
Plum Pudding, Mince Pie, Fruit Cake.
Recipe on every package. Your grocer sells it.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N.Y.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

Communications From Sun Readers on Silver and Other Questions.

Mr. Editor—Don't you think it would be a gracious thing for the opponents of silver, who are counselling a bolt and placing a third ticket in the field to state to the people of this country just why they desire such action? I have read a great deal of denunciation of silver and praise of the "gold standard," but I have yet to see an article which tells the people why free coinage is dangerous and what the actual reasons are for so much opposition to its adoption. Many democrats say they are opposed to the Chicago platform and the free coinage of silver; can they tell why? Now I am at present a "Doubting Thomas," willing to admit that I do not understand the case enough to pass an unbiased opinion upon the merits or demerits of free silver coinage. People in the east have of necessity absorbed the ideas of those whose interests lead them to oppose free silver from a selfish motive.

Why not wait until the facts in the case can be placed before us in some manner which will be intelligible to everyone, and then, if circumstances so warrant, declare against the democratic platform and nominees? Just stop and think of this fact: That every prominent opponent of free silver, so far heard from, is the possessor of immense riches, is an active member of some gigantic trust or monopoly, or at the head of some great banking house and whose millions are rapidly increased by their ability to control the prices of necessities of the people, and who by their concerted agreement can raise or depress values as they desire.

Just stop and think that there are millions of people outside of New England who are also citizens of this country and whose prosperity and interests are identical with our own, and whose desire for a better condition of things rests upon the hope of bettering the condition of the whole country and not to promote disaster and distress to any section or class. The people are never wrong. They desire the greatest good to the greatest number. Let the opponents of free silver tell us in a plain convincing manner why we should oppose it, then we may do so. Above all, don't give an opinion until you understand the question and just because some one else says so.

Yours very truly,
A Democrat Willing to Learn.

Merrimack council, Catholic Benevolent league, initiated three new members last evening.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."
A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.
ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.

MATRIMONIAL.

In the presence of intimate friends Mr. Walter S. Goodall and Miss Winnie N. Hussey were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, 238 Gorham street. Rev. George F. Keingott was the officiating clergyman. Miss Carrie Hussey, a sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid and Mr. Albert Fox of Boston was the best man. After the ceremony had been performed a short reception followed. Mr. and Mrs. Goodall will spend two weeks in Maine and on their return will reside at 417 Dutton street.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Several False Bills Have Been Sent in to the Committee.

The Fourth of July committee did not meet last evening, because Mayor Courtney, Alderman Crowley, Councilman Miskella and Col. Dimon were not present. The bills for the celebration, which the committee were going to pass on, were there, and some of them were glanced over.

One band that was never engaged sent in a bill, and the office boy at headquarters, who was supposed to get 50c. a day, charged $1 per day.

The committee will meet this afternoon and examine the bills.

JOHN DOWNS HURT.

Thrown From His Wagon, Severing Arteries.

John Downs was thrown from his wagon on Gorham street, Tuesday evening, and several arteries in the back of his head were severed.

Moody Street Bridge.

The new Moody street bridge is nearing completion, and some idea can now be gained of the beauty of the structure. The bridge company has finished its work with the exception of putting up the railing. In a few days the committee will inspect the bridge and it will be turned over to the city.

Mrs. Jennie Pearson Sanford, for ten years a missionary in Japan, is expected in Lowell this week.

Constipation
Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills

ALL ABOARD FOR TYLER PARK
At a meeting of the directors of the Lowell and Suburban Street Railway held May 18, it was voted to extend the tracks up Westford to Pine Street before "Winter."
THEREFORE, now is the time to buy house lots at Tyler Park to which the electrics will soon run directly.
These lots are situated at or near the height of land and there are none more desirable in Lowell. For terms and full particulars call on W. H. BENT, or
D. E. DUDLEY, Agt.
21 Hildreth Building.

$150 will buy a first class DINING AND ICE CREAM SALOON AT SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
ROOM 1, SWAN BUILDING, CENTRAL ST.
Bad Debts Collected. Auctioneering and Appraising.

ALTERATIONS
LATEST
ALTERATIONS
In examining the stock recently purchased by us of Rose A. Jordan, we find we have an extensive line of Laces, Flowers, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, which must be disposed of at once, as the carpenters are pushing us for room to continue the extensive alterations. Friday morning these goods will be placed at your disposal at prices never quoted.
Call Early for Best Selections
NIBLOCKS
SUCCESSORS TO
ROSE A. JORDAN,
133, 137 Merrimack Street,
LOWELL MASS.

A Pointer for You
FOR FIRST CLASS WORK IN
PAINTING, GRAINING, KALSOM'G
VISIT
A. L. Kittredge & Co.,
208 CENTRAL STREET.

The popular business principle of the Big Union Market is to always give the customer the best end of the bargain.
FOR THIS WEEK:
We will give you such an amount of the best and sweetest
CORNED BEEF
For the small sum of 25c. that you can't duplicate in this city for twice that amount.
Vegetables of all kinds almost given away at the
Union Market, Middlesex St. Foot of South
TELEPHONE 127.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

POLICE BOARD

Grant a Number of Minor Licenses and Considered Petitions.

The police board at its last meeting granted several minor licenses.

D. L. Page company were licensed as common victuallers at 94 Merrimack street.

F. F. Fay was licensed as a druggist at 236 Merrimack and Shattuck streets; his license at 218 Merrimack street was revoked.

Thomas Regan, was licensed as a common victualler at 168 High street.

Thomas Waters was given a license as a junk collector at 905 Central street, and a similar license was granted Thomas Murtagh, at No. 6 Howe street avenue.

Maurice W. Mulcahy was allowed to locate a lunch wagon at the corner of Cabot and Market streets.

Leave to withdraw was granted Artemas W. Glover, at 18 John street, as he has not been in the city the required and stated time.

Michael J. Kennedy, who asked for a hearing against Officer Leunon, for assault, was granted leave to withdraw.

The gentlemen's delight, Old Hundred.

Waters in Lowell.

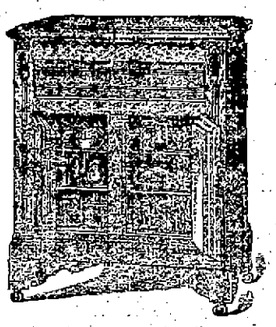
Bennie Waters, champion sprinter of the world, was the guest of the Burke Athletic club, last night. He was accompanied by his trainer, Mr. Foley, of Georgetown university. He will be present at the Burke's smoke talk next week, where his admirers can meet him. He is training at the Phillips academy track and is in superb condition.

Billerica for Silver.

Thomas F. Harrigan of North Billerica attended the Faneuil Hall ratification meeting Tuesday and will call the democratic town committee together for reorganization at an early date. Mr. Harrigan says there is much free silver sentiment in Billerica and he proposes to have the village solid for the democratic ticket by election day.

For itching piles, irritation of the genitals or itching in any part of the body, Doan's Ointment is worth its weight in gold. No matter how long standing the trouble, Doan's Ointment will not fail to give instant relief.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.
CENTRAL STREET.
WASH SUITS.
We have a little lot of the prettiest and cheapest suits ever shown in Lowell, that we want to close out during the next few days, so we have marked them down.
One style at $1.00, was $2.75.
One style at $1.50, was $3.00.
One style at $2.50, was $3.75.
These suits are made of choice material, daintily trimmed with lace and ribbon, and are very cheap indeed.
Children's Dresses
Always in stock, an immense assortment.
Good Little Dresses at 12½c.
Better ones at 25 cents
And so on up to $1.50 for the very nicest.
WRAPPERS.
For years we have been headquarters for these garments and can't be outdone now.
Regular $1.00 Wrappers at 69c.
Regular $1.50 Wrappers at 98c.
Regular $2.00 Wrappers at $1.25
SHIRT WAISTS.
Our Laundered Waists are rapidly disappearing of course the low prices we have made for them is the cause.
Good Waists 25c.
Regular $1.00 Waists 50c.
Regular $2.00 Waists $1.00.
Unlandered Waists with soft collars and cuffs are very comfortable this hot weather. We are closing ours out at about the cost of the material.
Handsome waists at 49c, 59c, 75c and $1.00.
Outside Garments.
We have taken a big loss on our Capes and Jackets, in fact they are cut down more than half.
Double cloth capes, braid trimmed only $1.50, were $3.50.
Silk capes, lace and jet trimmed, only $5.00, were $10.00 and $12.50.
Tan Jackets $3.50, were $7.50.
Black All Wool Jackets at $2.50, $3.75 and $6.00. These are our best garments and are worth double the money today.
Red Broadcloth Capes $1.25.
Cotton Underwear.
Our store is the place to buy these garments if you want good quality, tasty trimmings and low prices.
We have two special drives today, a handsome skirt at 75c., worth $1.25, and a night robe for 50c. that would be cheap at $1.00.
WOOL SUITS.
Realizing that it is a little late for these garments, we have disregarded the cost and marked them down to a figure that we know will sell them.
Suits at $5.50 were $11.00.
Suits at $7.50 were $14.00
And they were cheap at their former prices.
Babies Bonnets are selling fast with us just now, it may be the low prices, they are 10c., 15c., and 25c each.

Refrigerators and Ice Chests

Are no longer considered a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a household necessity, the purchase of a first class, honestly made one being a source of economy rather than expense.
We can show you the finest line and the only genuine cleanable refrigerators sold in Lowell. Examine them and you will be convinced of this fact. Prices from
$5.50 UPWARD.
Latest patterns in Carpets, Lace Curtains and Upholstery Goods. Upholstering done in a reliable manner by experienced workmen. A fine line of first class Household Goods always in stock and our prices are the very lowest.
GOOKIN BROS.
66 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXI. NO. 39. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

ROUSING SPEECH

At Lawrence by Hon. George Fred Williams.

HE CASTS A LIGHT ON THE SILVER ISSUE.

Something Every Democrat Should Read and Study.

Lawrence had a big ratification meeting last night with addresses by Hon. George Fred Williams and Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan.

The audience that turned out to greet them notwithstanding the rain was very large and enthusiastic.

In opening Mr. Williams paid a tribute to the "Sliver" for his advocacy of silver coinage for supporting him at Chicago in the face of bitter opposition.

In approaching the subject of free coinage he confessed he thought the repeal of the Sherman act would bring prosperity but he was mistaken.

The cause of the evils which affect this country are more deeply rooted.

He showed from the bond issues, put out at exorbitant rates of interest and caused by J. Pierpont Morgan the American agent of the Rothschilds, that this country is in financial subjection to England and that the gold bugs can at present control not only the money market but cause a panic and compel a bond issue when they please. Continuing he said but what opened my eyes more than anything else was the last and inevitable result, that when the consumers of New England had any money with which to buy, the cotton mills of New England must be closed. (Applause and cries of "That's so!")

And now I was confronted again with the awful question of repudiation and scaling of debts, the one thing from which every man in this audience would shrink. Creditors have debts payable to them. I agree that those debts have steadily appreciated with the fall of prices. I agree that the money that was borrowed 10 years ago is worth a great deal more today, and that when the debtor pays his debt at the end of 10 years the probability is that he is paying 115 or 120 cents instead of a dollar. (Applause.)

Then all of the arguments for the silver standard pressed upon me with increased force; that the adoption of a silver standard meant rising prices, and that rising prices meant prosperity, and I put myself this crucial question as between the creditor who holds his security that has, without an effort on his part, been growing in value for the last 20 years, as between him and his interests and the rescue of all the industries of this country, with the farmer, the men in the field, in the factory and in the woods, I chose a system that would bring back prosperity to the masses of the people, whatever the experiment might be with the creditor. (Great applause and a voice: "We will make you governor!")

I did not intend to touch on this question at all when I came in ("That's all right!") but a Lawrence audience draws it right out of me. (Applause.)

Now then, just a word, for of course I cannot discuss this whole question tonight as to the existing situation with respect to the coinage of silver.

You know the republican platform is for the gold standard, but do you recall that that platform calls for gold and silver as soon as other nations of the earth agree with us that we shall have it? You remember that don't you? Why do they put into that platform a recommendation of bimetallism unless it is a good thing? (A voice: "That's it!")

Now, then, some of our democratic gold standard men undertook to head off the free coinage movement at Chicago, and they concentrated their wisdom in an effort to meet this onslaught of the free coinage forces from the west and south.

What did they go with as a policy? You remember the new York platform? It was this: Let us have the free coinage of silver along with gold, but we cannot do it until some of the great nations of Europe help us out. (Laughter.) Therefore we stand without a force to oppose, except the two forces that admit the fundamental claim that it is desirable for the prosperity of this country that silver should be freely coined with gold.

Now, then, for whom must we wait? Is it France? (A voice, "No.") No! (A voice, "Nor Prussia, either, nor China.") Nor Prussia. But I will tell you what they both said. Prussia—that is the German government—say they thought favorably of bimetallism, just as we say here, but that it was useless to attempt it unless England would consent. A voice, "Great Britain.") Well, England is big enough to do it. (Applause.) In fact, it is not even England; it is London; and, in fact, it is not even London (cries of "the Rothschilds") but it is Lombard street.

France has also spoken upon this question. Mr. Meline, who is the leader of the bimetallists in France, said about a month ago, at a dinner of the bimetallic league, "that the fate of bimetallism depended upon the conversion of England."

Now what does England say? They had a debate upon it in April in parliament and every minister, member of the cabinet upon the floor took the same view, that it was preposterous that England should entertain such a proposition, and one of them recalled the words of Mr. Gladstone just before he retired from the government, in which he sneered at the idea of the greatest creditor nation in the world going about hat in hand to beg its debtors to take a depreciated currency to themselves. In other words, the United States, if it is waiting for anybody, is waiting for England to move, and England will never move. (A voice, "That's right.")

Now comes a convention of people of the United States, which says, "You don't want bimetallism, you want by-and-by-metallism." (Applause.) That is a good thing, as you all confess, let us have it now, and we propose to get it.

Now, I am not going to keep you from Mr. O'Sullivan any longer. (Cries of "Go ahead, go ahead, go ahead, George.")

Light on Silver.

I am going to put this proposition to you. This is an intricate question. It would take many hours to explain all the details of it to those who have not had the opportunity to study it, but in just a few words let me state to you—for I know you can stand a financial argument, for you have done it before, (laughter)—let me state to you what the question is that stands between us and the rest of the parties, I might say, who acknowledge the good of bimetallism but are afraid to have it.

Up to 1873 this government had freely coined gold and silver, and the ratio established between those metals in the coinage was one of gold to sixteen of silver. In other words, one ounce of gold contained, and the mines would produce the same number of dollars, as sixteen ounces of silver. That ratio was once established by law, and that ratio is what is meant by the ratio of 16 to 1.

Now, that had continued through all of our history without interruption and without serious disturbance or question until the year 1873. In that year a new monetary law was passed covering the money question. At that time you will remember we were upon a greenback basis; we had in circulation neither gold nor silver.

Silver for a long time had been entirely out of circulation during the whole of the war, you will remember, so nobody paid particular regard to the silver dollar, and when this law was passed, there was a provision in it which struck out the silver dollar from its equality with the gold dollar at that ratio.

In other words, providing that that silver dollar should no longer be a legal tender for the payment of debts, as it had been theretofore. It went through without discussion; nobody noticed it, and it became a law, and sometime afterward it was discovered, and then a great agitation began.

But from that time to this the silver dollar has been refused free coinage the same as gold, and the question now is, not any revolutionary question, fellow-citizens, not anything new in the history of the country, not anything new in the faith of a good democrat, but the restoration merely of constitutional conditions that existed in 1872, and for a century before, under which Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Jackson had, as presidents, represented our party. (Great applause.)

What was the result of that demonetization? The same result you would get if a great consumer of any commodity went out of the market.

When the United States refused mintage to silver of course it began to go down. Then followed France, Greece, Italy, Belgium, with the other members of the Latin union, until finally, within a few years, practically all the nations of Europe had discarded this money from their monetary systems.

What was the result of it? One-half of the money fund of the world discredited; four billions of silver were in circulation at that time alongside of four billions of gold, and in these few years one-half of all the monetary fund of the world was discredited. What was the natural result? A fall of prices, steadily, steadily, downward all the time from 1873 down to the present moment.

What is a fall in prices? Well, it may come from various causes, but there is one good and sufficient cause. If your money, by which your price is measured, keeps going up, up in value, that is merely a coming down, down, down in price, and that, I am convinced, is what the history of the past twenty years means; that the gold dollar, by reason of the increasing demand for its use by all the nations of Europe and this country, has gone up in value, and that rise in value of the gold dollar is merely represented by a corresponding fall in the money price of all that you manufacture and sell. (Applause)

O'Sullivan.

Jerry O'Sullivan received a cordial welcome home. He again assailed John J. Corcoran, Wm. E. Russell and Wm. C. Whitney. He dwelt upon the campaign issues and said he might appear before them later as a candidate.

TWO HOURS IN WONDERLAND.

The Curious Sights and Strange People in the Barnum and Bailey Show.

Barnum & Bailey will this season present an entirely new show. A modern, magnificent and colossal institution. The circus this year is much larger and better than all previous ones. It now contains, besides three rings, three stages and a race track, a veritable midway, lined on one side with the huts, tents, houses, boats, canoes, weapons, instruments, and utensils of the strange people in the newly designed entertainment called Oriental India. Behind and around these again are all the animals in cages, and at one end of the walk a big cage, containing the gorilla—Johanna—a wonderful, human-like creature, the like of which was never seen before. The performances are of the grandest possible character, embodying every kind of arenic entertainment. Sixteen champion bareback riders of both sexes will undoubtedly prove a revelation in equestrian feats, whil scores and scores of the best aerialists of Europe and America will display their accomplishment in mid-air. All nationalities will strive with our native horsemen in the equestrian tournament, May-pole dance, and with high leaping and long distance jumping horses, while scores more of athletes and acrobats will contest in leaping and tumbling tournaments. Fifty trained horses perform in one ring at one time and twenty-four elephants in three rings at another period. Giant and pigmy animals, and curious animal freaks, will also prove interesting objects to our rural friends, and the children will be delighted with the extent of the eye-feats provided for them in the antics of the clowns and the capers of the tiny trained animals, birds, and other creatures. The new street parade, too, will prove a source of pleasure and instruction to the little folks, as it contains the representation of all the rulers of the world, the reigning kings, queens, emperors, with their military escorts, national music, the horseless carriage, and other interesting features. All these things can be seen here on Wednesday the 22nd.

PERSONAL.

Louis Marion has gone to Butte, Montana.

Joseph Hamblett and family are at Onset.

Mrs. I. J. Richards is at Chazy, N. Y., on her vacation.

Frank McCluskey of Lawrence is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Wm. B. Jones is visiting friends in Gardner and Worcester.

Rev. Morton Cassidy of West Medford, is visiting Lowell relatives.

Frank G. Redhead will spend his vacation at the Thousand Islands.

Rev. Fr. McGrath, O. M. I., of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting in this city.

John J. Marren of the post office will start on his vacation tomorrow.

Miss Kent of the Bartlett school will spend her vacation in Orange, N. J.

A daughter was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. John Potter of Congress street.

Mrs. Simeon Langlois has gone to St. Aime, P. Q., and Mr. A. Archambault to Rougemont, P. Q.

Messrs. George and Charles Ward left today for York beach where they will spend their vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Garrity of Broadway left today for Vermont, where they will spend their vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Lynch of Pawtucketville, have gone on a trip to the Adirondack mountains.

Mr. M. F. Gookin and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Elizabeth Cooney have gone to New York and other places of interest for two weeks.

Miss Caroline Morse and Miss Clara S. Reed of Nesmith street sail for Europe Saturday. They will visit London and Paris.

A party consisting of Paul Duckworth, F. Ward Coburn, William Burns and A. Smith will try camping life at Highland pond for the next ten days.

Miss Annie Brown, of Forge Village, is suffering from a splintered collar bone, as the result of a collision with an ice cart while she was riding a bicycle.

Mrs. Thomas Carroll of 54 Fremont street will sail for Europe next Saturday. She will be gone about three months and will visit England, Ireland and Scotland.

LATEST

HIBERNIAN ORDER

In National Convention at Detroit.

BISHOP FOLEY OPPOSES AUXILIARY BRANCHES.

The Women Displeased at His Action.

Detroit, July 15.—The first breath of dissension in the national meeting of the A. O. H. occurred today, when it was found that the women of the order would not be permitted to form a national ladies' auxiliary.

The wives and daughters of the delegates had come here fully intending to form such a branch, but Bishop Foley put a quietus on the whole proceeding by refusing to sanction conventions composed of women. He stated to the officers who interrogated him about the matter that he believed a woman's place was at home, and that he would refuse to sanction any national association of women.

They went ahead, however, and made an attempt to form such a convention, but the male members of the order interfered and broke up the session.

This forenoon another attempt was made to organize the women by Mrs. Mary E. Laughlin of Buffalo, president of the New York state auxiliary, which has upwards of 3000 members.

This meeting was a failure also, owing to the bishop's firm stand. After the attempt had failed, Mrs. Laughlin said:

"A good many men who belong to the A.O.H., are afraid we are drifting toward the new womanhood and are doing everything possible to prevent us perfecting a national organization. If we are good enough to attend these conventions as visitors, we are fully able to run an organization, and we will have one, too, before this convention adjourns."

The women who are present are almost all members of the auxiliary, and are especially a unit in favor of the women's branch.

They tried to get together again this afternoon, but the shrewd entertainment committee defeated the attempt by sending them off on a carriage ride.

The members of the organization itself are not talking much about their plans to defeat the women, but quietly say that no ladies' auxiliary will be formed at this meeting, if they are obliged to get up receptions and carriage rides for every hour of each day.

The membership of the Hibernians now numbers 160,000 and the delegates are limited to national and state offices and county presidents.

The sessions are secret. Information for the newspapers is given to a committee, of which John S. Kennedy of Corning, N. Y., is the head. The information he gives out to the press is very meager, however, and consists largely in routine reports.

According to his statement the morning session was occupied on the question of the endowment fund for the chair of Irish literature in the Catholic university in Washington.

The order pledged itself to raise $50,000 and has raised $46,000, with accrued interest of $2000, and a great deal of discussion was had on raising the balance.

Another matter which was taken up this morning and continued in the afternoon was the proposition to send a representative to Ireland to attend the meeting called by Archbishop Walsh to discuss Irish affairs. No action was taken on this, according to the statement of Press Committee Chairman Kennedy.

The candidates who will be balloted on for president are P. J. O'Connor of Savannah, Ga., who desires to succeed himself; F. E. Keating of Chicago, John C. Wesdock of Bay City, and M. P. Wilhere of Philadelphia. A big controversy is looked for on the election.

Tonight the delegates and their sisters were entertained by a big banquet at the auditorium. Addresses were made by Pres. O'Connor, Bishop Foley, Hon. William C. Maybury, O'Brien J. Atkinson, N. A. McHugh of Canada and Alfred and J. M. Murphy of Detroit.

A TREE AND STONE WALL.

Found Under Merrimack Street Near the Railroad Depot.

Where the Locks and Canals company is excavating in front of the Merrimack street depot, they ran across the trunk of a tree, and at the depth of nine feet found a stone wall. The water had worked its way through this stone wall and did damage in the cellars of buildings adjoining. A solid cement and brick wall will be built to protect the property in the future.

LOCAL NOTES.

The committee on streets will meet at 7.30 this evening.

Repairs are being made in several of the school houses.

Edward Whalen of Congress street is visiting in Natick.

The recent "pop concert" in aid of the Nurses' home netted $341.32.

The Merrimack valley boards of trade will hold an outing at Contoocook River park, N. H., next Tuesday.

The base ball game between the Boston and the Lowell city council will be played in this city some day next week.

The extremely warm weather of the past few days compelled many people to seek the sea breezes at the beaches.

Miss Plunkett and her brother have gone to Halifax, N. S., for the summer. Dr. Plunkett and his wife will follow next month.

The bills for the Fourth of July celebration will be paid Saturday. It is said that the expenses are within the appropriation.

"Billy" McGuirk finds it very difficult to get a city hall team to play the police this afternoon. Several of those who intended to play are unable to get off this afternoon.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

DROWNED TODAY

Thomas McMahon of Hudson Street

FELL INTO THE CANAL IN CARPET YARD.

Swift Current Took Him Under the Racks.

Thomas Mahon, a widely known employe of the Carpet mill met an untimely death while at his work this morning.

He was washing windows on the bank of the canal in the mill yard and while stooping over to obtain water, probably, he lost his balance and fell in.

The swift current carried him under the racks which are nearly and he was held down until life was extinct.

Frank Page, an employe of the yard, and another young man rushed to Mahon's assistance, but the unfortunate man was dead before they could reach his body.

He was 47 years of age, and had worked in the Carpet for about 4 years. He was widely known as a labor man, having been connected with the Central Labor union and other similar organizations.

He was a prominent member of Court Wamesit, F. of A., and of Mount Zion Lodge, I. O. G. T. He resided at 40 Hudson street, and is survived by a widow and one daughter.

FUNERALS.

COCKROFT—The funeral of Joseph Cockroft occurred this afternoon from his residence, 180 Grand street, at 2 o'clock. Services were conducted by Rev. J. M. Greene. The bearers were Messrs. Firth, Areyard, Mills and Murphy, and the interment in charge of J. B. Currier was in the Edson cemetery.

DUGGAN—The funeral of Hugh Leo Duggan took place this morning from his parents' home, 55 Pleasant street, and burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

POLICE COURT.

Pickman, J.

One of the drunks in court this morning had been temperate for seven months but the hot weather made him break out. Under the circumstances a fine of only $2 was imposed.

Peter J. Riley said he was working but he forgot just where for a minute or two. He received 10 months at the state farm.

James McDonald and Joseph J. O'Hearn were fined $10 each for disturbing the peace.

John Duffy, aged 17 years, was charged with being a stubborn child and he wept copiously to the amusement of the hard-hearted spectators.

Aubrey Wilson pleaded not guilty to two counts of larceny the property being three pairs of pants, coat, vest, two pairs of shoes and a ring owned by Caleb E. Smith, Henry Tallon. He was held in $200 until tomorrow.

Michael McGrath was arrested by Officer Hogan for being a weary wanderer and he admitted the fact in court. He was sent to jail for five months. It was a good thing for McGrath was a wreck.

John Winters and Bridget Golden pleaded not guilty to the charge of fornication. The case took some time.

Both were found guilty and fined $15.

Dumped His Wagon.

One of Supt. Cheney's drivers backed his dump-cart into an excavation on Gorham street yesterday afternoon and had quite a time getting it out again.

At Glen Forest.

Pain's great pyrotechnic display at Glen Forest, the war between China and Japan, opens tonight. It will close in seasonable time for Lowell people to get home by 10.45.

Another Investigation Likely.

It is rumored about city hall that last year's street committee will be investigated if certain members of the city council have their way.

Huntington hall has been engaged by the democrats for every night next week, awaiting the arrangement of a date for the big ratification meeting.

The Time Has Come

That You Have Been Waiting For!!

That will give you an opportunity to secure some of those elegant

EXCLUSIVE STYLES

FINE SHOES

At the price of the lower grades. This is our

19th Annual

CLEARANCE SALE

Preceding our Semi-Annual Inventory

August 1st

The conditions were never so favorable to give our customers bona fide bargains in Ladies', Gent's, Boys', Misses' and Children's

Footwear of Every Description in

Vacation and Outing Shoes
Dress and Reception Shoes
Street and Business Shoes
Tennis and Bicycle Shoes
Sporting and Golf Shoes
Waiters' and Nurses' Shoes
Gymnasium and Running Shoes

And all good honest Shoes at

O'SULLIVAN BROS

The Foot Fitters. Opposite City Hall.

SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK.

EX-GOV'NOR RUSSELL DEAD

Found Dead in Bed in a Fishing Camp This Morning.

In the Province of Quebec—The Sad News Has Spread Profound Sorrow Wherever His Ability Was Known—A Sketch of His Brilliant Career.

New York, July 17.—A dispatch from Quebec not confirmed at 2 o'clock states that ex-Gov. William E. Russell dropped dead of heart disease in a cab this morning.

Sad News Confirmed.

Boston, July 16.—A later dispatch just received states that ex-Gov. William E. Russell, was found dead in bed this morning in the fishing camp of B. T. Dutton at St. Adelaide, Pabos, Province of Quebec.

Gov. Russell retired early and in good health last night.

This morning the guards of the camp noticing that he overslept his usual time, went to awaken him, and were horrified to find him dead.

Col. H. E. Russell and Col. Francis Peabody, who were with him, left immediately for Boston with the body.

The cause of death was probably heart disease.

Sketch of His Life.

The news brings pain to the hearts of many thousands of admirers in this state. It is almost needless to recall his brilliant career. Born in Cambridge Sept. 6, 1857, he was 39 years old.

He entered Harvard at the age of 16, graduated in 1877, studied law, was admitted to the bar three years afterwards. He entered politics and was elected mayor of Cambridge in 1885 being re-elected for two succeeding years.

In 1888 he was nominated for governor but was defeated. Again he was nominated, again defeated. A third time time in 1891 he was nominated and elected.

He served three years as governor and was the youngest man ever occupied the executive chair. He was a keen debater, an eloquent advocate. His death will cause wide spread sorrow wherever he was known.

NO SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.

Decision of the Railroad Commissioners.

Boston, July 16.—The railroad commissioners today rendered a decision denying the petition of the Fall River Steamboat line to run Sunday excursion trains and limited the Sunday boats of the Providence, Fall River and Newport line to two each way. The Sunday Protective league fought the petition.

ATTEMPTED POISONING

Of an Entire Family at Seabrooke N. H.

Seabrooke, N. H., July 16.—An investigation is being made of what appears to be a wholesale attempt at poisoning. Last night when Abner Fowler, a farmer, went to draw water at his well he drew up a large package of arsenic. Fortunately the entire family was away yesterday and no one drank the water.

THAT PRIMARY SCHOOL HOUSE

At the Foot of Aiken Street is in Bad Condition.

The old primary school house on Lakeview avenue, near Aiken street, is in a very bad condition and is unfit for use, even for an evening school.

The boards at the foundation are beginning to decay and large holes are already worn in the timbers. The windows have all been boarded up and the building presents a miserable appearance.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

An unknown man suicided by throwing himself in front of an engine at New Haven today.

The jury investigating the railroad disaster at Logan, Iowa, finds Engineer Montgomery and Conductor Reed guilty of criminal negligence.

Chicago is to have the highest tower in the world. It will be 1150 high and will occupy 300 square feet at base.

Margaret Hogan, terribly burned in the tenement house fire on Lehigh street, Boston, last night, died at the city hospital today.

John McDonald and Joseph M. Bennett were probably fatally injured in a runaway accident at Manchester, N. H., today.

Cornelius Vanderbilt is worse. Doctors are losing hope of his recovery.

Bryan Triumphal March.

St. Louis, Mo., July 16.—W. J. Bryan with his wife and three children, left for their home in Lincoln, Neb., today. A great crowd assembled at the depot and Mr. Bryan delivered a brief speech.

NEW SHOE SHOP

To be Located on Middle Street—Myron & Mongeau.

Messrs. Myron Bros., and G. E. Mongeau, the well known shoe dealers, are to start a new enterprise in this city in the shape of a boot and shoe factory, employing 100 hands, which will be located on the third floor of Simpson & Rowland's block on Middle street.

Can't Sell Malt Extracts.

Chelsea, July 16. The Chelsea police today ordered druggists to stop selling all malt extracts, claiming they contain from 5 to 10 per cent. alcohol.

Lowell's Fast Horses.

There are a number of fast horses in training at the Fair grounds at present, preparatory to entering in the different circuit races.

"Doc" Evans has in charge Conemur, 2.19 1-4; and John Turner's fast mare, Pervour; A. Gloddy has "Waterwitch," and Trixy in the paddock.

Horsemen are watching with interest Mr. Turner's Pervour, as great things are expected of her.

A race is being arranged between Pat Boyle's "Old Nell" and Frank Feeney's "Joe, the Turk."

Holy Angels' College.

The prospectus of the Holy Angels' college of Buffalo, N. Y., of which Rev. Fr. McGrath, O.M.I., is superior, has been issued, and shows quite an advanced course of study at the institution.

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPYS,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

Copyright.

In preparing for your summer holiday don't forget that we've put a lot of high class neglige shirts down to second class prices.

STAR NEGLIGES, exclusive patterns, the very best shirts made, for $1.00, have been much higher.

An excellent assortment of belts, wide and narrow, in the new leathers, 25c. to 75c.

White duck trousers $1.00.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

FOR GRAND JURY

Horse Committee Summoned to Appear

BEFORE A SPECIAL SESSION IN THIS CITY.

The District Attorney Acts in the Matter.

The horse traders of the common council have been summoned before the grand jury and now the whole affair is likely to be gone into in the courts. If found guilty of attempting to defraud the city or of collusion in any evasion of the statutes for the purpose of defrauding the city, the parties implicated are liable to imprisonment for a lengthy period.

District Attorney Weir summoned all the witnesses to appear in a week from Monday as a special session of the grand jury, to be held in Lowell July 28.

District Attorney Wier said to a Sun reporter this morning: "It is true a special session of the grand jury has been called for one week from next Monday to investigate the horse deal. Of course, no charges have been made yet; it is simply an investigation and a number of witnesses have been summoned."

NO. 5 MILL PURCHASED

TREMONT AND SUFFOLK WILL OPERATE LAWRENCE MILL.

Transaction Was Concluded Yesterday—The Tremont and Suffolk People Will Take Possession October 1.

The deal whereby the Tremont & Suffolk mills purchased or leased the Lawrence No. 5 mill for the purpose of operating it was consummated yesterday afternoon and all details in regard to the change perfected. The Tremont and Suffolk corporation will take possession on or about October 1.

For Greater Lowell.

The talk of a greater Lowell to include a portion of the Navy Yard, Tewksbury, North Chelmsford, East Chelmsford and North Billerica is being revived.

Marriage Intention.

The following intention was recorded at the city clerk's office today: William F. Stevens 21 to Florence C. Keith 20, Mansfield, Mass.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 26 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

203 Central Street.

Gardner, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for Sixty Five Dollars—Friday—It's just what you want.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING

Is the Lager and Ales that are to be had at McFadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McFadden's Wine rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s

EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

That

Tired Feeling

Makes you seem "all broken up," without life, ambition, energy or appetite. It is often the forerunner of serious illness, or the accompaniment of nervous troubles. It is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is therefore apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

FOR RENT

Nothing better than the New Stedman tenements on Glidden Avenue and Marginal Street. Rents low.

REGULAR

One Dollar Corsets

SELLING FOR

69 Cents

AT

BUTTERICK'S

PATTERN AND CORSET PARLOR

204 and 206 MERRIMACK ST.

COAL IS GOING UP. Don't burn! Order a load. Slabs from COGGER & CO., 23 Concord! Our Slabs are dry and free from lime. Large load for $1.00.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 · Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	8 50	6 20	9 27
6 20	7 45	6 40	7 53
6 50	8 08	6 40	9 26
§7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*7 14	8 02	*8 30	9 10
*7 27	8 12	*9 00	9 49
*7 33	8 50	*9 30	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 35	10 45	11 58
*8 30	9 40	11 30	§12 07
9 00	10 30	12 00	§12 50
9 40	10 49	*1 00	1 28
11 00	12 06	*1 15	1 52
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 04
§12 16	1 02	*3 00	§3 42
1 40	2 30	3 30	4 44
3 00	4 23	4 15	§5 22
*3 00	4 45	4 50	§5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 44
4 25	5 30	5 27	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 54	7 05
5 33	6 53	6 15	7 30
*5 24	7 10	*7 30	§8 10
*6 47	8 30	*8 00	§8 40
§8 43	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	9 02	2 15	§3 03
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 55	1 00	§1 27
§9 16	10 10	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	6 33	7 30	§8 10
§5 58	7 00	8 00	§8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 05	7 30	8 52
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 36
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 46
10 30	12 02	1 30	1 08
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 59	3 30	4 29
2 30	3 44	3 40	4 55
2 55	4 12	4 25	5 45
4 03	5 23	5 01	6 10
5 10	6 15	6 01	7 09
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 00	8 00	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 44	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 17
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 27
6 50	8 50	8 40	9 50
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

The only right position for democrats to take in this campaign is that those who are not with us are against us. Those who are not for Bryan are for McKinley. The bolting papers and bolting voters can occupy no middle ground.

Ex-Senator Henry L. Dawes writes from Pittsfield under date of July 11, 1896, regarding the biennial amendment:

"The proposed change is the most senseless fad that ever was conceived by the Board of Professions of Reform who preside over and care for the welfare of the commonwealth. Any aid I can render those who are trying to make this plain to the voter I shall be glad to render."

The voters should remember that the biennial election resolve must be defeated. The interests of the people demand its defeat.

NEW YORK PRESS.

The attitude of the New York Journal in its endorsement of the democratic platform is highly gratifying, because that vile and scurrilous sheet, the World is against the people.

The N. Y. Sun, as usual, is on the unpopular and losing side. Dana is going into his dotage and is running the paper into the ground. The N. Y. Sun is losing prestige, and will soon be read only by those who want philosophical dissertations that display only the idiosyncracies of the writer and his cynical opposition to everything progressive that does not originate with himself.

The World is for sale on the streets of this city, but if the people want a good New York penny paper they should buy the Journal, which is not only a better newspaper, but is fighting the battles of the people for free silver.

A FALSE ARGUMENT.

The Boston Post in its money lessons says there is no distinction between "creditor class" and "debtor class." This is all nonsense. Everybody knows that the eastern states are thick with money lenders that these money lenders are creditors. Everybody knows also that the western farmers are money borrowers, that they have to pay off mortgages. It is well known too that England is a credit nation while America is a debtor nation.

The Post distorts the whole contention of the free silver men when it says their aim is to pay debts with dollars which are worth but "fifty cents" each. They want to have a dollar that will have a fixed and not an ever increasing value. The silver dollars would be worth 100 cents each despite all claims to the contrary for the price of silver would be at once advanced to the ratio of 16 to 1. It is falsely stated that the cost of mining silver is but 50 cents an ounce and this is assigned as a reason why the ratio of 16 to 1 could not be maintained. The gold men consider only one side of the question and they view that through the eyes of prejudice.

THE LABORING PEOPLE.

At the present hour a solemn duty devolves upon the laboring people. While the financiers, the money kings and money lenders, the millionaires and railroad magnates are fighting for the gold standard, it behooves the masses to stand solidly in support of the free silver movement. Under free coinage the money magnates of the country would be unable to control the money markets, as they do at present.

There would not be such a depreciation of values as there has been since silver was demonetized, and the benefits, accruing to the masses in general, would be all that is comprised in steady prosperity and uniform good times. The gold standard has caused this country incalculable injury by producing panics. Free silver is the remedy, and that can be obtained only by the uprising of the masses in this country.

A PROMINENT CONVERT.

Why George Fred Williams of Massachusetts Is Against the Goldbugs.

George Fred Williams, who, as a gold champion, made a national reputation in his one term as a congressman, who last fall led the Democratic state ticket, and who was one of the four delegates at large to Chicago, in a recent interview made some very interesting and forcible declarations on the political situation.

Regarding the assertion attributed to him that more than one-half the Democrats of Massachusetts favor free silver, Mr. Williams reiterated his statement.

"I shall feel happy in the coming campaign," Mr. Williams went on, "as it will be fought out squarely on a free coinage platform. I believe the great issue of today to be the money question, over which there will be a great uprising.

"I tell you that the people have began to get their eyes open. I'm against the present monetary system of the country, which will be continuous as long as this money combination of Lombard street, Wall street and State street feels disposed to uphold it."

"Didn't you take a leading part in the fight against free silver in the Fifty-second congress?"

"I did, and the purchasing clause of the Sherman law was repealed. We were told by party leaders that if this clause was repealed the trouble would cease. There has been no sign of improvement since this act was repealed. They have applied all the remedies; but, one after another, they have failed. I am in favor of a gold standard if it is properly guarded, but today it is not. And it cannot be until the power of the moneyed interests is severed, and this can only be done by driving them to the wall.

"I confess that I did not realize until three years ago, when we began to issue bonds, in what a partisan spirit I had looked at the silver question. I began to study it and have changed my mind considerably, until I am now convinced that for every $1,000,000 damage done by the alleged evil of free coinage the people of the country would be robbed of $5,000,000 by Hanna and his trust if they get control of the country.

"The people of the west and south have been long and patient sufferers. Four years ago they gave up their convictions for the north and the east under a promise that we would better them after election. We haven't done it. We haven't been honest with them. Their conditions are worse today than ever. Money is dearer, and farm products are cheaper."—Boston Herald.

The Republican Emblem.

Chairman Hanna's formal recommendation of the use of the California pampas plume in red, white and blue, mounted fan shape on a staff, for parades and interior decorations, by Republicans in the coming campaign, strikes the average mind as rather more æsthetic than practical. Probably it would be better to assign to Hanna the work of fat frying and marshaling the forces, leaving the artistic work of the campaign to other hands.—Boston Herald.

The Price of a Day's Work.

McKinley has promised that under his administration a full day's work will be paid in a full dollar. He couldn't have meant that, for a dollar a day would not be prosperity's wages. But it is not for McKinley to fix a future rate of wages, even at that figure. It's for the trusts to say whether a man shall have a full day's work or whether the mills and factories shall shut down to stiffen the market and take a pinch out of the consumers.—Philadelphia Record.

A Delicate Distinction.

Speaker Reed is deep; also tactful. He lost no time after the nominations in telegraphing his congratulations to McKinley. He began his dispatch: "I wish you a happy and prosperous administration." Then he remembered Hanna, and thoughtfully added the qualification: "Happy for yourself and prosperous for the country." Perhaps the distinction is too delicate for Hanna, but we are sure Mr. McKinley can appreciate it.—New York Journal.

Where Hanna Got It.

The Rocky Mountain News asks in humorous verse where Hanna got his $6,000,000. The answer is easy. It was his share of the profits which the Iron Ore trust made as a result of the high protective tariff. It may be added that Hanna hopes to make $6,000,000 or $8,000,000 more by electing his tool, McKinley, and re-enacting the McKinley trusts' tariff.

Platt Not Ready to Retire.

The Republican party in New York is split as never before since the days of Folger. The delegates to St. Louis have exhausted upon each other the vocabulary of Billingsgate, and have brought back to New York only envy, hatred and malice. McKinley's election means Platt's dethronement, and Platt is not yet ready to retire.—New York Journal.

Had Enough of McKinley.

The McKinley act caused a deficit in the revenue of $72,000,000 in 1894 and under it occurred the terrible panic from which we have not yet recovered, but the McKinley act will never cause another panic for the simple reason that there will never be another McKinley tariff.—Kansas City Times.

Mark Does the Striking.

Hanna still shows signs of a desire to keep the Republican candidate silent. The Cleveland ironmaster would prefer the nominee to be like the safety matches that only light when struck upon the box, Mark being the box in this case.—New York Evening Sun.

Got His Own Medicine.

Tom Reed is said to feel very much humiliated by the small number of votes Mr. Hanna permitted him to receive. Mr. Reed now knows just how a Democrat who has been unseated by the Reed method feels.—New York Journal.

WONDERFUL are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and yet they are simple and natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes PURE BLOOD.

SUNBEAMS.

A Mystery Explained.

Teddy Vanderchump came down to the club the other night with a great problem weighing on his mind. Coming up to the boys he said:

"If I stand on my head, the blood all rushes to my head, doesn't it?"

No one ventured to contradict him.

"Now," he continued triumphantly, "when I stand on my feet why don't the blood all rush to my feet?"

"Because," replied Hostetter McGinnis, "your feet are not empty."

The boys all laughed, but Vanderchump said he didn't see any joke.—Texas Sifter.

Highly Favored.

Mrs. Creegan—And how is Tommy getting along at the school?

Mrs. Sanghnessy—Splendid. The t'acher is that fond of him that she kapes him wid her half an hour after the other boys go home nearly every day of the wake.—Boston Transcript.

A Sixteen to One Town.

"Is this a 16 to 1 town?" asked the drummer.

"It is on Sunday," answered the native.

"On Sunday?"

"Yaas. Sixteen goes fishin to one goin to church."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

He Could Master One.

"Don't you think, Harry, you could induce one or two boys to come to Sunday school?"

"I kin bring one along," he replied. "De udder fellers in our alley kin lick me"—Household Words.

His Marriage a Success.

"That man Wabash is a lucky dog."

"In what way?"

"His wife gets twice as much alimony from her former husbands as he has to pay for his previous wives."—New York Sunday World.

The Redhot Summer Wave.

Now the urban pave is throbbing
Where the bathing suit's displayed,
And no zephyr through the beeches
Takes its course,
And the idle ladie's bobbing
On the wayside lemonade,
And for rain the tree toad screeches
Till he's hoarse, till he's hoarse,
And for rain the tree toad screeches till he's hoarse.

Oh, the hot wave's madly soothing
And a-sizzling through the land
All day the bulldog dozes
Like the bat,
And a happy smile is wreathing
Every bather on the strand,
While the cabbage leaf reposes
In the hat, in the hat,
While the cabbage leaf reposes in the hat.

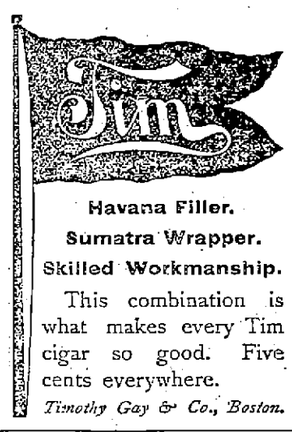
Now the baseball player's sliding
Through the dust wave for the plate,
And the standing collar's crumbling
Like a streak,
And the swallow is a-gliding
In a circle, all elate,
And the bumble's madly bumbling,
So to speak, so to speak,
And the bumble's madly bumbling, so to speak

Let the hot wave go on booming
On the shore of summer time;
Let the vitreous mosquito
Round you whiz,
And the rose continue blooming
In the window for a dime;
Fate can put no blooming veto
On the fizz, on the fizz,
Fate can put no blooming veto on the fizz.

Let the hot wave of the summer
Round the country gayly swing,
Though it give it to the tulip
In the neck,
We're as happy as a plumber
When the blizzard's on the wing,
For the chowder and the julep
Are on deck, are on deck,
For the chowder and the julep are on deck.
—R. K. Munkittrick in New York Journal.

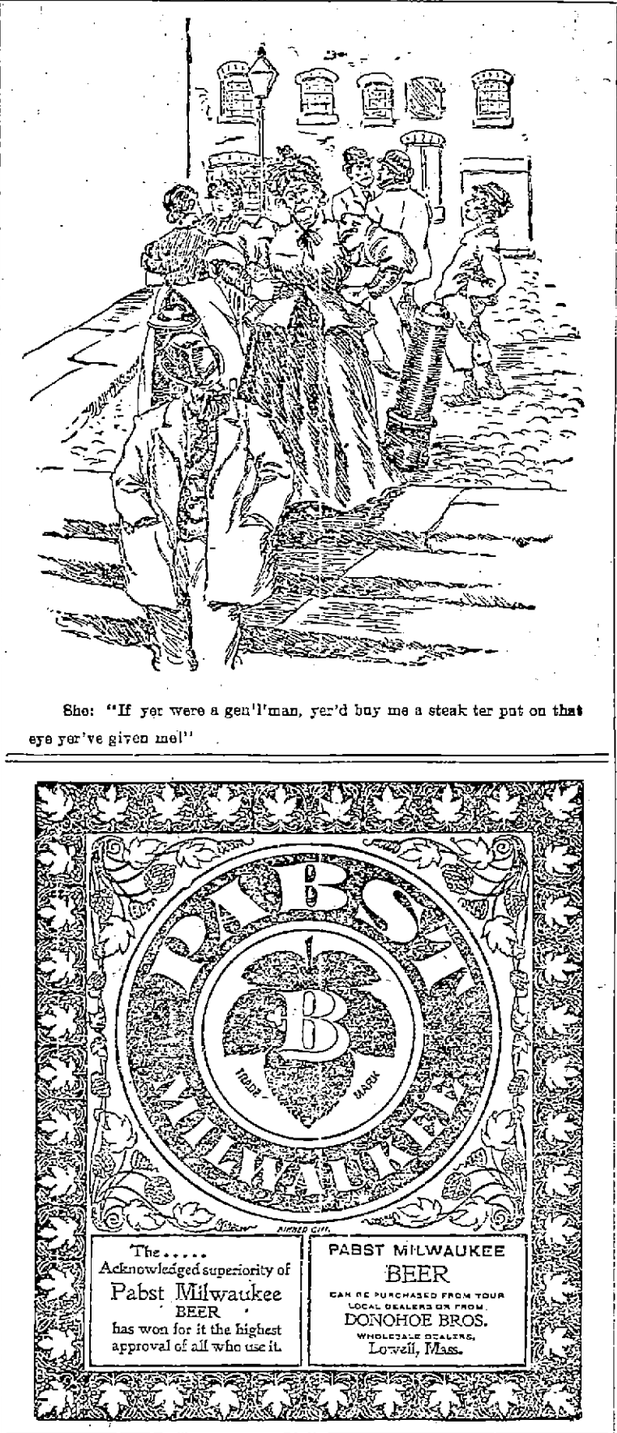
CHILDREN ought to brighten a mother's daily cares and help her to be strong, capable and cheerful. It is'nt right for mothers to feel the burden of life growing heavier and heavier year by year because of child-bearing and child-rearing. That shows something is wrong in the mother's physical condition. There is some unnatural weakness in her delicate organism which disqualifies her for motherhood. When this is wrong everything is wrong. A woman's physical life is wrapped up in the special organs of her sex. When these are restored to health and strength the whole woman becomes healthy and strong. Dr. R. V. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., has made a life-study of this problem of restoring health and strength to women. His "Favorite Prescription" is the most successful remedy that has ever been known for women's peculiar ailments. Its sale exceeds the combined sales of all other medicines for women. It cures the most obstinate uterine diseases. It goes directly to the internal organism which is the real seat of all the troubles. It imparts vigor and health where they are most needed; heals ulceration; stops the weakening drains; promotes regularity; restores muscular power to the ligaments, thus correcting displacements of special organs in the only natural way.

Complete information regarding the "Favorite Prescription" and testimonials from hundreds who have used it, are embodied in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a standard medical work of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, which will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*. This work is a complete family doctor book and should be read by both young and old. The profits on the sale of 680,000 copies at $1.50 has rendered possible this free edition. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.



Havana Filler.
Sumatra Wrapper.
Skilled Workmanship.
This combination is what makes every Tim cigar so good. Five cents everywhere.
Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST 161½ GENERAL ST. Opp. Washington House



The ..... Acknowledged superiority of Pabst Milwaukee BEER has won for it the highest approval of all who use it.

PABST MILWAUKEE BEER CAN BE PURCHASED FROM YOUR LOCAL DEALERS OR FROM DONOHOE BROS. WHOLESALE DEALERS, Lowell, Mass.

She: "If yer were a gen'l'man, yer'd buy me a steak ter put on that eye yer've given me!"

New England Business Universities

Is not a "School of the Past," nor is it one of the "going to be" business colleges. It is a live school of today.

Not "just as good," but

The Best Business Training School in the East.

You may enter at any time. No vacations. Call and see us.

Runel's Building. GLICK & YOUNG, Props.

GOOD CLARET

makes a feast of the plainest dinner. It is the table wine par excellence. Good for spirits and digestion. Especially good in summer with ice or mineral water when ordinary water is unsafe to drink.

California Claret, $2.75 per case of one dozen bottles.

CHAS H. JOYCE, Successor to C. W. CHENEY

9, 15 Middle St.

YOU WILL LIKE

OUR PRICES

On drugs and medicines because we save you money.

We are in the drug business for money, but we don't intend to rob our customers.

We are better equipped for the drug business that most stores as our stock is greater and by buying right can give you better prices.

We are having a run on Swiss Buttermilk Soap at 15c. a box—It is good soap and worth more money. When you want anything in the drug line give us a call.

Goodale's Drug Store

217 CENTRAL STREET.

Waverley BICYCLES Highest of High Grades.

Are Built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Built For Service they are built to stand for years. We have a reputation established and to maintain, hence cannot afford to supply anything but the best that brains and money can produce. The Waverlys show it. scorcher (3 heights) $85.00. Belle (25 and 28 inch) $75.00 and $85.00. Call and see them.

Made By Indiana Bicycle Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

JEANNOTTE & CO., Agents.

JOHN M. PEVEY

Claret Wine Claret Wine A Gallon 75 CENTS A Gallon Claret Wine Claret Wine

55-57 MIDDLE ST.

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 378 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Sheot & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McTYOY, 157 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW. 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

SCOTT & O'DAY, Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers. Steam, Gas and Water Piping. JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 54 APPLETON STREET. Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

THE BEST DRESSED People all have their clothes MADE TO ORDER. Those who have them made by BERTRAND, THE TAILOR 24 MIDDLE STREET. Get the Finest at Reasonable Prices.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S 279 DUTTON STREET.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

To Men Who Smoke

1000 lbs., a half ton, "Jumbo Smoke," a full 1-4 lb plug, a 10c piece for 5c. This is a genuine bargain sale for advertising.

F. M. BARNEY & CO. Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers, 415 MIDDLESEX STREET. 23 THORNDIKE STREET.

DAVIS AND Nickerson

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER 448 Corham Street. Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

GLEN FOREST BALL GROUNDS 9 NIGHTS 8 MATINEES

NOTE—Owing to the enormous success in Boston, the Opening Performance in Lawrence has been postponed until

Thursday, July 16

BUT WILL BE GIVEN POSITIVELY ON THAT DAY EVERY EVENING AT 8.15 MATINEES DAILY, except Thursday, at 2.30 at which Japanese daylight fireworks will be exhibited.

PAIN'S Greatest Gigantic Outdoor Spectacle JAPAN WAR CHINA GRAND FIREWORK DISPLAY Introducing the latest Manhattan Beach Aerial and Aquatic Pyrotechnics.

ADMISSION, 25 cts. MATINEE, 15 cts.

"GLEN FOREST."

Electric Cars from Merrimack Square every half hour direct to the Grove.

FARE ONLY TEN CENTS

MANY NEW ATTRACTIONS

A beautiful ride by the banks of the Merrimack and the finest grove in New England.

EIGHTH SEASON LAKEVIEW PARK

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, JULY 13.

MLLE. NOOYAH

The graceful, charming and daring heroine of the high cable.

The European equilibristic wonders, The MARTINES New, novel and artistic feats on the aerial ladders, trapeze perch and breakaway ladder.

EVELYN

Pre-eminent and supreme in GRACEFUL FEATS of ELASTICITY and MUSCULAR DEVELOPMENT, performing on her hands what is usually done by other performers on their feet.

Two Performances Daily AFTERNOON AND EVENING

LAKEVIEW THEATRE. WEEK JULY 13.

Second Week of Theodore Babcock Supported by Miss Eva Taylor and the Theodore Babcock New York Star Company in

"PINK DOMINOS"

LAST WEEK OF MISS MARIE STUART THE GREAT THE ONLY

PRICES 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Matinees Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 3. Evenings at 8.

Lowell and Haverhill to Salisbury Beach.

TWO EXCURSIONS DAILY On and After July 1st STEAMER MERRIMAC

Leaves Haverhill for Salisbury Beach (weather permitting) at 9.30 a. m. daily and 2 p. m. daily except Mondays. Steamer leaves to return last trip at 4.45 p. m., arrives in Haverhill at 6.45. Electric cars leave Lowell to connect with steamer at 7 and 7.30 a. m. daily, 12 p. m. daily except Mondays. Steamer stops at Newburyport to leave and take passengers one hour at the beach on the afternoon trip. Cheapest route to the sea shore. Special rates to parties of 25 or more. S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill, 15 Merrimack Street.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER TELEPHONE. J. H. RILEY, Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue Telephone Number 474-4.

C. B. Coburn & Co. Disinfectants Copperas, Chloride of Lime Elatol, Carbolic Acid Purity. 63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes and Artists' Materials.

WANT COLUMN.

FOR SALE—Two houses in good repair, six rooms in each tenement, hot and cold water, tot tubs, very centrally located, near the mills. This is a very rare opportunity for a good investment. The tenements are never idle. For further particulars inquire at 89 Union street. This is a chance you may not have again for years.

TO LET—Five room tenement at 81 Chapel street. Inquire, Mr. McKeown, rear of 81 Chapel street.

WANTED—An experienced cook at 56 Mass. corp.

FOR SALE—Near South Common, house of 11 rooms. Price low if sold at once. Enquire at 56 Central street, Room 2.

FOR SALE—At Chelmsford Centre, new 7 room house and barn, and 3 acres of land. Price, easy terms. Enquire at 56 Central street, Room 2.

FOR SALE—Two good work horses. Cheap for cash. Address "B." this office.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, good cottage house of 7 rooms, all modern improvements, large shed. Price $2250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—In a good location, good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land. Price $975. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—8 miles from Lowell, good farm of 17 acres of land, good set of buildings, lots of fruit, 1-2 mile from post office; store and church on easy terms. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—A nice business for a lady near old post office, old established place, pays well, must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—On Appleton street, a nice piece with all modern improvements; this is your chance, call for particulars. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—7-room cottage house, large lot of land, 8 minutes' walk from mills. This is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

SITUATION WANTED—By an American young man of steady habits, having had ten years experience as a tin smith and used to all kind of sheet metal work. Can furnish reference if desired. Address, Walter B. Jordan, 135 Free street, Portland, Me.

New Cottage House $1500

One nice new cottage house of seven rooms, bath, pantry, etc. 3000 square feet of land, graded and fenced. 1200 feet to school and electrics, near new Moody street bridge. Will sell on easy terms, $10 per month. Come quick.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

OUR REPAIR WORK

Is not the least part of our business, we keep efficient and well trained workmen, and they pay special attention to repairing of carriages.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Builders and Repairers.

BICYCLES are SELLING CHEAP at BACHELDER'S 23 Post Office Ave. Beside New P. O.

LOWELL RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 552-4.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

In Men's, Women's and Children's boots and shoes.

EAGLE SHOE STORE 215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN, - - Prop.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

5 O'CLOCK EXTRA

BIG RAIN STORM

Caused Serious Damage in Pennsylvania and Ohio.

MANY FAMILIES LEFT HOMELESS BY FLOODS.

Streets Impassable and Railroads Damaged.

Pittsburg, July 16.—A heavy storm last night did great damage throughout this city and Allegheny. Estimates made from reports coming from outlying portions indicate a loss of nearly $1,000,000. All street car lines were stopped. At Forty-eighth street, water was in the second story of the houses, caused by the bursting of a large sewer. Part of Allegheny cemetery wall was washed away, and nearly two miles of the Citizens' Street railway was torn up. Tons of earth and stones were washed on to the Fifth Avenue and Duquesne Traction company's lines at Soho. The sewers in Butchers' run and Woods' run in Allegheny, gave way, flooding those sections. No loss of life is reported.

Every house on the north side of Butler street, from Forty-eighth street east, was flooded, many of them being entirely ruined. Quite a number of families were rendered homeless in this district. The immediate cause of the trouble at this point was the giving way of the Allegheny stone wall, which abuts the street. Just inside the wall, which is 10 feet high, is the opening of a large sewer, which drains what is called Cemetery run. The sewer's mouth soon clogged with logs and rocks, and the water poured over its opening against the wall, soon undermining it. When the wall gave way the flood rushed down into the houses below, filling them to a depth of four feet on the first floor. For a time the street, which forms a sort of valley, was a miniature lake. The loss at this point will be many thousands of dollars. The Citizens' Traction line for nearly two miles was under water for a long time, and much of it is ruined.

In Allegheny, Perrysville avenue was flooded from one end to the other, undermining the new street railway, rendering it an almost total loss. Seven miles of sawmill run plank road is destroyed, the planks being carried away and the roadbed ruined. The water came running down Madison avenue and East street, four feet deep, when the sewer on Compromise street gave way.

Mercury Took a Tumble.

Cincinnati, July 16.—This city, Covington and Newport had a storm of wind, rain and lightning of unusual severity yesterday afternoon. The rain came in blinding sheets that overtaxed the sewers in the lower part of the city and flooded the streets. Business was practically suspended. In Covington, the roof of Ledyard's tobacco warehouse was blown off and $10,000 worth of tobacco ruined. The West Covington Opera House roof was taken off, as also were the roofs of several dwellings in Newport. The mercury fell from 91 to 66.

Roads Blocked.

McArthur, O., July 16.—A cloudburst struck this place last night, accompanied by lightning. Some houses were deluged six inches over the flood. The reservoir broke, two bridges were washed away entirely, the roof of Simon's drug store was blown off and the Elk company's stores and three dwelling houses were struck by lightning. The Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad was badly damaged. It was the most severe storm ever known in this section. The roads leading to the city are impassable in places.

Learned Men Selected.

Washington, July 16.—The representatives of the United States and of Great Britain on the commission to adjust the claims of British subjects for damages sustained through the seizure of their vessels while sealing in Behring sea, before the adoption of the first modus vivendi, have at length been selected. The British commissioner will be George E. King, one of the justices of the supreme court of Canada, while for the United States the commissioner will be William T. Putnam, United States judge for the first circuit in upper New England.

Must Undergo Tuberculine Test.

Concord, N. H., July 16.—The state board of cattle commissioners has issued an order prohibiting the bringing of neat cattle into New Hampshire without a permit from the board. All neat cattle brought into the state under a permit are to be placed in quarantine until identified and released. Permits will be issued only upon the result of the tuberculin test, to be applied and reported under such regulations and forms as prescribed by the board.

Hanlan Challenges Gaudaur.

Toronto, July 16.—Edward Hanlan yesterday challenged Jake Gaudaur to a race for the professional sculling championship of America. Stanbury's refusal to tow at the Vancouver regatta and Gaudaur's reluctance to race in England have persuaded Hanlan to make this offer. Hanlan is in fine form, and confident of victory if his challenge is accepted.

Valuable Contents Gone.

Easton, Pa., July 16.—The tin box which contained the money, jewelry and valuable papers belonging to Oscar Moore, which was stolen from the latter, who was a patient in the St. Joseph's hospital, Philadelphia, was found in a toilet room in the Lehigh Valley depot here yesterday. All of the contents, except the unnegotiable papers, were missing.

Thieving Paymaster Caught.

Halifax, July 16. — Deputy Chief of Police Nickerson returned from New York yesterday, bringing Ernest Leathlan, late assistant paymaster on H. M. S. Buzzard, who, while at Bermuda, forged the paymaster's name to a large amount, skipped to New York, and was arrested there. When the Buzzard arrives he will be tried by court-martial.

IRISH LAND BILL

Absorbs Attention of the English Parliament.

THE PROCEDURE POINTS ARE WITHDRAWN.

The Press Indulges in Some Sharp Criticism.

London, July 16. — In the house of commons yesterday, Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, announced that the government withdrew those sections of the Irish land bill relating to procedure before land courts and defining improvements upon landed property, whether made by landlord or tenant.

Mr. Labouchere and Mr. Morley asked what were the intentions of the government in case the bill should not be passed before the middle of August, when the house is to adjourn. Mr. Balfour replied that he did not know.

Mr. Harcourt delivered a fiery speech, denouncing the government for gross mismanagement of public business.

Mr. Dillon, the leader of the Irish Nationalist party, spoke in condemnation of the Irish land bill, and declared that the Irish members would force the government to produce a better measure at the next session of parliament.

Joseph Chamberlain replied to Mr. Dillon. Mr. Chamberlain said that the Irish in recent years had had a monopoly of the time of the British parliament. England, he declared, would not allow Ireland to monopolize the time of the representative legislative body any longer. With a reasonable time for discussion of the measure, he said, the bill ought to pass within the present session.

Mr. Harrington, Parnellite, said that the bill was by no means a bad one, and he hoped that the government would persevere in putting it through.

Mr. Healy, anti-Parnellite, claimed for the Irish members a reasonable time for the discussion of the bill.

It was finally announced that the government would proceed with the Irish bill today.

The political situation growing out of the critical status of the bill continues to absorb a large share of public attention, and the relative influence of the various government leaders, as it is affected by the disposition of this bill, is studied with keen interest.

The Standard, the Conservative organ, notes the part which Joseph Chamberlain, the Liberal-Unionist colonial secretary took in the house of commons yesterday, in the presence of both Michael Hicks-Beach, the Conservative chancellor of the exchequer, and C. J. Goschen, the first lord of the admiralty, as showing that he may now be regarded as the deputy leader in the house of commons.

The Times, in an editorial on the outlook, says: Yesterday's proceedings in parliament do not specially redound to the credit of the government. It is to be hoped that when Arthur Balfour (the government leader in the house of commons) reappears in parliament today, he will take a clear and decided line. It would be an unpardonable blunder to persist in the delusion that important and difficult work, which could not be done in five months, can be squeezed into a single month.

The Times' correspondent in parliament predicts that the opposition of the landlords to the Irish land bill and the disagreement between the Healyites and Dillonites on the subject, will compel the withdrawal of the bill by the government. E. H. Carson, the Conservative member for Dublin university, does not conceal his intention to resist the passage of the bill as it now stands.

The Daily News, the Liberal organ, in an editorial, asserts that it does not deplore the absence of Arthur Balfour, the government leader, from the discussion of the government program in the house of commons yesterday. He would have glided the truth, says The Daily News, which Mr. Chamberlain unblushingly disclosed in its nakedness. Mr. Chamberlain does not drape himself with decorous excuses. He plays a game of bluff in a manner that would excite the envy of Tammany.

The lobby correspondent of The Daily News says that it is the general opinion there that the Irish land bill is dead.

A Whack at De Lome.

Habana, July 16.—An editorial in La Lucha severely criticizes the American authorities for allowing expeditions to leave the United States. It points out that, notwithstanding the fact that Spain is a friendly nation, and in spite of the great knowledge of Senor Depuy de Lome of American diplomacy, his efforts show no result. La Lucha points out that this is an indication that Senor Dupuy de Lome's mission has failed, and that, in view of the treatment accorded him by the American government, he ought to assist the Madrid government to name another minister by putting his position at the disposition of the government.

Turks Getting Worst of It.

London, July 16. — A dispatch from Canea reports that the fighting at Apokorona was severe, lasting until after midnight, when the Turks were totally defeated. The consuls of the powers in Crete have telegraphed to their governments denouncing the Turkish violation of the armistice. It is said that Abdullah Pasha, who was superceded as governor of Crete by George Grevitch, the Christian prince of Samos, but who was left in command of the Turkish troops in the island, is secretly furnishing the Mussulman Cretans with arms and ammunition to enable them to provoke new conflicts.

In a Critical Position.

London, July 16.—A dispatch from Buluwayo says that 1500 friendly natives have joined the revolt in Matabeleland. All building contracts have been cancelled, and most of the population are preparing to leave. The news received at Buluwayo from Salisbury is very bad. It is said that the campfires of the Mashonas are visible close to the laager, and that an attack is expected.

Another Revolt Ended.

Lima, July 16.—The leaders of the revolt at Yquitos, on the headwaters of the Amazon, have fled, leaving an empty treasury. All is now quiet at the scene of the late revolt, and the mayor of Yquitos holds the reins of government.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

IT IS CULTURED CRUELTY

WOMEN INDIFFERENT TO MISERIES OF THEIR FELLOWS.

Tears For the Checkreined Horse and Sneers For Famishing Children—From the Middle Classes Must Come the Power That Will Elevate the Human Race.

[Special Correspondence.]

There is a vein of cruelty running through the natures of many women—women who are refined, delicate, cultured, and in whom we expect to find all the gentle virtues. Or it may be that this apparent cruelty is mere indifference, for I have often thought that a woman's sense of compassion must be educated, and that to train it in one direction makes it only the more oblivious to appeals to it from another. Not that this is a general rule or that it does not apply to men as well as women, but men are out of the question in this instance. Somehow we expect in men a certain hardness, a tenacity of purpose regardless of what suffering is caused, that after all may not be a lack of sympathy. But women—soft voiced and tender eyed—how is it they can inflict so many petty cruelties on their fellow beings and keep so placid and fair browed?

I saw a lady not long ago, elegantly dressed and fair, stop on the street to pity a horse that was reined up too tightly and to remonstrate with its driver. In the gutter at her feet two little children were picking up a few scattered peanuts from the dirt. They were thin little creatures, with pale, wistful faces, and clothes that were ragged and soiled. The lady never noticed them, and by the preoccupied look on her face one could tell that the miserable "disinherited" of her own race had made no impression whatever upon her heart.

I have heard a roomful of ladies at a luncheon calmly discussing the faults and failings of their servants, while some of those same servants were meekly and quietly waiting upon them. On equal ground such speeches would have been resented with spirit. Here consideration for one's situation, the custom of being nothing and knowing nothing except what their mistresses want them to know, kept them silent. The heaving bosom, the tears kept back from reddening eyelids, have shown me what refined cruelty it is.

Ladies actively engaged in great public charities somehow seem to look upon their own workwomen as beyond the pale of their consideration. Their needs and capacities and feelings are utterly ignored. A girl came to her mistress recently quite sick and suffering from neuralgia and asked to be excused from work for the day. It was inconvenient, and the lady refused and considered it a piece of presumptuous impudence that the girl should insist. Had she been told of such a case as occurring to some one else she would no doubt have been properly indignant. So inconsistent are the sympathies of women who are educated in one field—so indifferent do they become to that which is habitual.

Once during the "commonweal" excitement, when several hundred men were waiting "marching orders" at their barracks, one of our women on a soliciting round dropped by mistake into a meeting of a very aristocratic ladies' society. Still, finding herself there, she resolved not to lose the opportunity of making her plea. She presented the case with a simple, womanly eloquence that was most touching. There was only a lofty scorn on the faces of all present. In vain were they told of men's sickening, useless searches for work, of the scattering of their families, of their homelessness, of hunger and despair, until that one forlorn hope of "marching to Washington" seemed the one thing left them. In vain were they urged that these men were in need of food and sufficient clothing that very day and hour. The presiding officer said coldly, "We have no pity to waste on such creatures," and dismissed their visitor.

The sight of little children at toil too hard for them, if customary, makes no appeal to their compassion. The little cash girls and boys, bustled and bullied about from morning till night, arouse no feelings of pity; they receive no more thought perhaps than the little cash cars that run on wires over their heads. And if on a tour of inspection of a capitalist friend's "works" the picture of wan faced, shrunken children, attending machines, in the noise and heat, conveys no more meaning to their souls than the sight of the wheels themselves.

And how few women of the "better classes" comprehend anything of the bitter significance of a great strike or care an atom for the terrible suffering it often involves! When their Pullman palace car was not at hand, or their train was delayed, or they were subjected to the annoyance of a crowd, their denunciations of such a state of affairs could be very sharp and forcible. But of principles—of men and women facing starvation for some little measure of freedom—of the influence of the movement on future progress, they gave not one thought. The absurdity of workingmen daring to be idle when they were needed is the only feature that makes a deep impression on their minds.

The cruelty in undeveloped human beings is a savage, downright trait that one can meet on open ground and fight. Women who by successive generations of bad environments have been kept from evolving out of their half brutalized condition may possess this propensity of cruelty, but I would rather meet it any day than the haughty, indifferent, icy, refined cruelty that many good women deal out to their unfortunate brothers and sisters.

From the middle classes must come the true, liberal, comprehensive spirit that is to elevate the human race; from them must come that wise, strong sympathy which sustains and encourages without humiliating. Here we find the women who, not so far from poverty as to lack a quick and responsive conception of its needs, are yet not driven by its sordid necessities to be dwarfed and narrow; who have come out of the somewhat selfish seclusion of home enough to understand the wider social interests; who understand the organization of industry and the benefits of trades unionism, and who stand by their husbands, fathers and brothers through want and suffering with a heroism that strengthens them on to victory that might otherwise be defeat. Women who work or have sisters who work for wages, who keep track of labor news, attend labor meetings, encourage the organization of working women, study good economic books—these are the truly "well educated" women, the women who are to constitute a powerful element in the advancement of a just civilization. We cannot expect to find them among the highest classes, where selfishness is elaborately cultivated, or among the lowest, where the natural character is distorted and crushed by bad conditions. But for the progress of mankind toward industrial freedom and justice, toward happiness, enlightenment, wise morality, we must look for our most effectual factor among the intelligent workers, the wives, sisters and daughters of mechanics and tradesmen, the heroic working women of the world. And they constitute by far the majority of women. LIZZIE M. HOLMES.

A LONG STRIKE.

The Cigar Makers of Detroit Enter Upon the Second Year of Their Struggle.

On June 4 the Cigar Makers' union of Detroit celebrated the first anniversary of their great strike and entered with vim upon the second year of the struggle for their rights. From the Detroit News the following history of this now famous contest is condensed:

The strike of the Detroit cigar makers has never been equaled in the history of Detroit or the Cigar Makers' union. It will be memorable for the firmness on the part of the strikers not to again work at the benches of the shops vacated by them until their demand that the entire shops be unionized.

It is estimated that 1,800 people in Detroit are interested in cigar making. Of this number 566 persons were members of the Detroit union on Jan. 1. When the strike was declared, on June 4, 1895, after it had been submitted to a referendum vote of the international union, 291 persons threw down their tools. Of this number 83 were women. Since the inauguration of the strike but 11 of these men and 6 of these women have returned to work in the boycotted shops.

A large number of the strikers have secured work in other cities and shops until there are but 117 persons at present drawing strike benefits. During February of the present year 24 men employed in still another shop have gone on strike, and these have been placed on the strike list, where they still remain, making a total of but 98 of the original strikers who have remained out the entire year.

Nate Jackson, corresponding secretary, has worked unceasingly for the strikers since the strike was ordered. A large amount of the money raised was through his efforts. He has drafted most of the literature which has been printed with the authority of the advisory board. It is estimated that the advisory board, during the past year, has sent out ten tons of printed matter, costing in the aggregate, perhaps, with the postage on letters, $5,000. To one of the express companies alone perhaps $250 has been paid to carry printed matter to other cities.

The total amount of money collected by the advisory board since the inauguration of the strike is $46,857. This amount is divided up as follows: From the international union, $27,686.68; from other cigar markers' unions, donated, $14,680.50; from other organized labor, $4,089.82. The cigar makers at work in Detroit assess themselves 50 cents weekly, making an average from this source of $125 weekly. This is not included in the grand total.

If it were, the amount expended shows a total of $52,857, or an average of a little over $1,000 a week.

The largest amount of money contributed by any one set of unions was received from the various molders' unions in the country. These unions contributed $462.82; then comes the brewers, $247.96; followed by the typographical unions, $197.50; the metal polishers, $177, and the bricklayers, $100.

The strikers have drawn in the neighborhood of $36,500 in weekly strike benefits. The international union allows $5 per week for the first 16 weeks to each striker. After 16 weeks the international union allows $3 per week until the matter is settled. The strikers have been paid $5 per week ever since the strike was declared. For one week the strikers were paid $1 extra. The advisory board, during the first part of last winter, contracted for a large number of bushels of potatoes, which were delivered at the homes of the married strikers.

Labor and the Tornado.

Because the tornado ruined many mills and factories a large number of men will be out of employment for weeks and months. Children and mothers will want because their providers are idle, and strong, willing men will weep because they cannot feed hungry mouths.

True, there is a silver lining to this cloud. Hundreds of laborers are being employed to clear away the debris and artisans are in great demand for building purposes. But this is a readjustment of the labor conditions which will prove disastrous to the mechanics and craftsmen who toiled in the mills and factories. They cannot become builders, and if they are hired as laborers they will still be sufferers dependent upon an humble and precarious employment. —St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Organized Labor For Silver.

Steps will be taken by the Denver Trades and Labor assembly to send speakers through the east to address the people upon the silver question. At the meeting of the assembly a communication from the Silver Bow trade and labor bureau of finance of Butte, Mon., in reference to this matter was read, and the sentiments in the communication were heartily approved. The plan of the Silver Bow bureau is to engage good speakers and to send them into the strongholds of the goldbug east. The Denver Trades assembly will act on the suggestion, and, by vote of the meeting, the chairman was instructed to appoint a committee consisting of one delegate from each union to consider the project and to report to the assembly.—Denver News.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

A MUCH NEGLECTED DUTY

IRRESISTIBLE FORCE FOR GOOD MAY BE ORGANIZED.

An Educated People Marching Under a Banner Dedicating Them to Ethics and Freedom Can Conquer Selfishness and Cruelty—Our Unsupported Press.

[Special Correspondence.]

In the case of large and complex social groups civilization has always been a great battle between labor and monopoly. Only with small communities and under very simple conditions has that battle been minimized so as not to produce any considerable disturbance among men in time of peace anyhow. It looks as if what we call progress had always coincided with increased social iniquities. And here we are, in the most progressive nation on earth, forever blessed with conditions giving us longer peaceful periods than were possible for other nations to have, England excepted. Yet, we are enveloped in storms of the most furious character in spite of wealth accumulations such as never before could take place. And never before has the battle between labor and monopoly been so intense and extensive. And never before has the wealth distribution been quite as unjust as it is among us. And the process is going on. And no man can see the end of it.

Perhaps we are yet afflicted with worse symptoms than the most dishonest wealth distribution ever exhibited on earth, under favorable conditions for just the reverse, because of less international complications and greater natural resources than any other group of men, large or small anywhere. I refer to the total absence of social consensus about what we should do to prevent a great national cataclysm. And yet the cataclysm can be avoided, and it should, although it often looks as if we were not going to be smart enough for that. All because of the difficulties we seem to have in arriving at a certain consensus of what we need.

We do need a well patronized labor press if we need anything. Who is going to patronize that press? Not the 2,000,000 family groups, in which we may include the wealthy and only somewhat pinched classes of society. Every family is somewhat pinched today as soon as the income falls below $3,000. Some feel pinched on less than $10,000 per annum. Nor is the labor press going to be patronized by that other group of about 2,000,000 families at the bottom of the social pit. The latter group of men already too far down to be awakened from the animalism into which they have been sunk by our glorious civilization, glorious and shameful too! The former group are not good for anything. About 500,000 of them form the upper and lower plutocracy, and the remaining 1,500,000 constitute the choice pretorian guard of that plutocracy, with exceptions few and rare. Below them we have millions of plain people forming the common pretorian guard of our wholesale monopolists. That is the saddest fact of all! Still, that may not be so for ever. Let us hope so anyhow. It is better to hope than to despair.

Between the two extremes we have mentioned we should have today 10,000,000 family groups who could and should use $2 per annum each as an average in patronizing a couple of labor weeklies. We could then have about 200 labor papers with an average circulation of 100,000, instead of possibly 1,000, most of them kept barely alive with a circulation of about 2,000.

Think for a moment of what we could accomplish if we had something like 200 papers reaching 10,000,000 of voters, and so with funds enough to make the papers highly instructive and attractive, with editors who would have some rest in their labors, and thus with contributors who, even without any pay, would be willing to give the masses their best thoughts, with the conviction that they were doing good work, work that was going to tell! Now it takes a great deal of faith and hope and backbone to do much preaching of the right kind. One never knows if his audience will amount to anything or if his efforts will bring any results!

With such a labor press as has been indicated and as we should have, it would only take a few years for us to build up 10,000,000 citizens with proper conceptions about the fundamental principles on which government is to rest for universal happiness and manhood. Each one of those 10,000,000 citizens would then be worth more than ten politicians. And they all would tremble in their boots. And they all would fall on their knees before the majority of the people. And even our plutocracy, the wholesale and small fry plutocrats, even they would abandon their guns and tents, and beg us only to go a little slow in our reform movement; so that to drop by degrees from their pinacles of earthly glory into the joys and splendors of "social righteousness!" It is so dreadful not to have at least $50,000 income, or living without the hope of having it before we die!

The power of wealth is great; but intelligence alone is power after all. It is power for good when it rests on altruistic honesty. It is power for evil when resting on selfishness and greed. In a battle between the two the former would soon be on top.

Yes, our battleflag should have but two words, viz: Ethics! Freedom! Universal brotherhood is impossible without those two words, and needs nothing else, because it springs up from these two thoughts, intimately correlated with each other. Ethics and freedom were crucified by the old Pharisees in the Calvary and in the magnificent personality of Christ. Ethics and freedom have been crucified in the Calvary of every nation, by the respective Pharisees of each historical period! And so it shall be until we can reach the workers and implant in their minds the few simple principles on which alone we can have healthy, honest nations, respecting the morality of Christ! JOSE GROS.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

ANNUAL POLICE REPORT

Contains a Paragraph of Interest to Rev. Mr. Merriam and Others.

The annual report of the board of police which is just out and which has been unjustly criticized by a morning paper which by the way is used well by the department in the line of news contains a paragraph among its other interesting contents which is most respectfully submitted for consideration to Rev. Mr. Merriam, Miss Mudge of the W. C. T. U., and several others. The paragraph reads as follows:

"The record shows that the offences resulting from indulgence in intoxicating liquors amount in all to 4130, while the offences against chastity and purity amount to only 111. Another matter worthy of consideration is the record of arrests relative to the sexes. These figures show that out of 5879 arrests made, 854 only were women. One set of figures taken in connection with the others ought to allay any anxiety good citizens may feel relative to any alleged widespread immorality among the women of Lowell. It can be safely said that in such matters this city will compare favorably with any in the republic."

Another paragraph of interest in the report reads:

"It was the pleasant duty of the board, March 8, 1896, to have spread upon its records its approbation of the zeal, courage and promptness displayed on the morning of February 19, 1896, by Patrolmen Redmond Welch, Jr., and John L. Leighton, in arresting two dangerous law-breakers and recovering a large amount of stolen property concealed in the house of the persons arrested. They were commended at that time in general orders, and their example was cited to the other members of the force as worthy of emulation."

LAST NIGHT'S STORM.

The Thunder Storm Passed Over Lowell But Some Rain Fell.

A severe thunder storm was predicted by the weather bureau yesterday for inner New England, and Lowell just dodged it. About 6 o'clock the black clouds hovered overhead, the dust blew in everyone's eyes and there were indications of a heavy downpour of rain.

There were the usual flashes of lightning and a few crashes of thunder. Pedestrians rushed for shelter and drivers whipped up their horses, all desirous of getting away from the storm.

The rain came, and came heavy, though it was by no means the storm expected. During the night a heavy rain fell that was of great benefit to vegetation.

BICYCLE NEWS.

The popularity of race meets this year has been an emphatic surprise to many people. It was generally thought that when class B was abolished that the masses would lose all interest in the racing question. Just the reverse has been the case. The professional races this year have been well and honestly contested, and the ever watchful L. A. W. officials will keep it that way. There is no reason why cycle racing should not have just as much of a public following as base ball and horse racing. Nearly every state will have its racing circuit in '97.

An exchange says:

"The flurry over price cutting and overproduction seems to have died away. The $40 and $50 wheels, listed at from $75 to $100, are simply finding their level. Really high grade wheels are not shrinking either in quality or price.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

New York watch dealers refuse to combine.

John Jacob Astor is erecting a new hotel in New York.

Ambassador Bayard seems to favor a third national ticket.

The fight against the Armour grain elevators in Chicago is ended.

Joseph Coren, aged 22, was drowned while bathing at Biddeford, Me.

The first whaleback clipper ever at the port of New York has arrived from Cape Town.

J. H. French succeeds John C. Sanborn as superintendent of the Old Colony railroad.

Woodward D. Lincoln of Taunton, Mass., committed suicide by shooting. He was despondent.

A severe thunder storm passed over Rochester, N. H., the lightning and rain doing much damage.

There are indications that the premier-elect of Canada is under the control of Sir William Van Horne.

The dwelling, store, merchandise and stable owned by W. H. Walls, in Trenton, Me., were destroyed by fire.

William Kennedy was caught in the act of robbing the residence of Howard B. Lathrop at Taunton, Mass.

The cornerstone of the eastern Maine insane hospital was laid at Bangor by the Masonic grand lodge of Maine.

The report of Postmaster Coveny shows that the Boston office now makes the third largest earning in the country.

Thomas D. White of Providence was kicked by a horse at Attleboro, Mass., and his injuries will probably result in death.

Two witnesses to the will of John Stetson, Jr., Drs. Cilley and Noyes, failed to appear at the first hearing of the contest over the will.

A terrific electric, wind and rain storm swept over the Adirondack region. The storm moved northeast at a frightful rate of speed.

During a heavy storm, lightning struck the tower of the Nashua (N. H.) Manufacturing company's mill twice, doing heavy damage.

John D. Flaherty, 39 years of age, was found dead on the Fitchburg railroad track near Pownal, Vt., having been struck by a train.

William Kennedy, one of the delegates from the Second Connecticut district to the Chicago convention, declares himself for free silver.

Joseph Donato of Boston, charged with perjury, being a "straw bailer" so-called, was given a sentence from seven to 10 years' in state prison.

Eighty-two persons or corporations failed to comply with the law requiring the filing of returns for legal expense at the Massachusetts state house.

YOU HAVE PROBABLY DISCOVERED

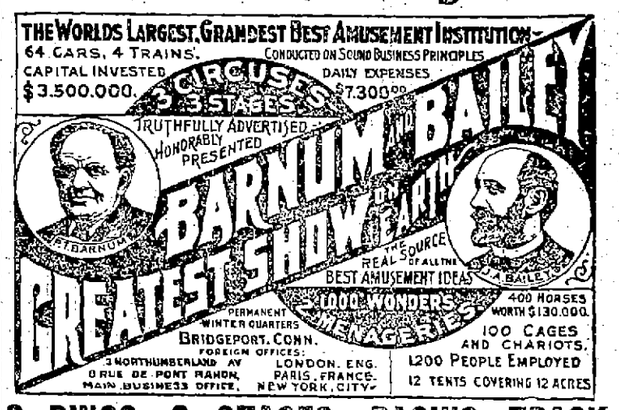
That last year's straw hat is not after all "just as good as new." If you have arrived at this important conclusion we know that we have just the article that will tickle your fancy with all the items in gentlemen's furnishings that help make warm weather endurable.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,
69 Merrimack Street.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

LOWELL, WEDNESDAY July 22

THE WORLDS LARGEST, GRANDEST BEST AMUSEMENT INSTITUTION
64 CARS, 4 TRAINS. CONDUCTED ON SOUND BUSINESS PRINCIPLES
CAPITAL INVESTED $3,500,000. 3 CIRCUSES 3 STAGES DAILY EXPENSES $7,300.00



3 RINGS, 3 STAGES, RACING TRACK

AND MONSTER AERIAL ENCLAVE. 100 STARTLING and SUBLIME CIRCUS ACTS.

EVERYTHING JUST AS ADVERTISED

Only Show endorsed by the Clergy. No False Pretenses. No Exaggerations.

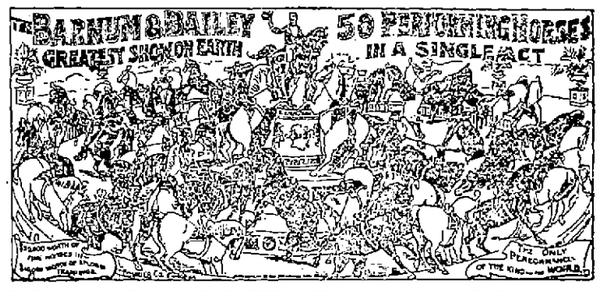
CREATEST AERIAL EXHIBITIONS EVER SEEN

The most renowned Mid-Air Performers in the world. GLORIOUSLY THRILLING DIVES, FLIGHTS AND CATCHES. ALAR, the Human Arrow, shot from a Huge Ancient Crossbow away into space.

Magnificent Equine Spectacle 50 Trained Horses performing at one time in one ring. Positively 24 Elephants executing Novel Feats.

SPLENDID CHAMPION EQUESTRIAN DISPLAYS

12 Champion Male and Female Bareback Riders in the most varied kind of expert and daring riding acts. THE NEW WOMAN ON HORSEBACK, with Lady Clowns, Lady Ring Masters, and Lady Object Holders.



THE ONLY TWO COMPLETE MENAGERIES IN THE WORLD

3 Herds of Elephants, 2 Droves of Camels, 1 Flock of Ostriches, 50 Cages of Wild Beasts, together with many animals in leash.

JOHANNA, THE FAMOUS GIANTESS GORILLA

Only one in captivity in the world. Seven Dens of Performing Animals. And in addition to all the Myriad Wonders, the Grand, New, Picturesque, Romantic Entertainment

REALISTIC ORIENTAL INDIA

Representing Genuine Natives of the Orient in every phase of life. Presented just as they have existed for ages in their own country: Buddhist Priests, Sacred Dancing Girls, Tigers, Silver and Devil Mask Dancers, Cocoanut Tree Climbers, Cotta Dwarfs, REAL EAST INDIAN FAKIRS and EXPERT JUGGLERS, Madras Dancing Girls, Hindian and Singhalese Dancers, together with their Families, Sacred Temples, Tools, Implements, Musical Instruments, Orifiammes and Devices.

MIGHTY NEW FREE STREET PARADE

With the Sovereigns of the World represented, together with the Military Uniforms and Music of all Nations, at 9 a. m., on day of Show.

LOWEST EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

Two Performances Daily at 2 and 8 p. m. Doors Open an Hour Earlier.
Admission to Everything 50c. Children Under 9 Years Half-Price.
Reserved Seats at Regular Price and Admission Tickets at usual advance at
GEO. COODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

TODAY

Our Great Sale

OF THE SEASON

Remember that today begins our annual sale of

REMNANTS PRINTED SILKS

AT ONLY

33c. Per Yard

For extra fine $1.00 and 1.25 qualities of the handsomest silks that have been sold this season—We get them only once a year and lots and lots of our customers have been anxiously looking for this sale—Come and see them sure.

SILK AND DRESS GOODS DEPTS.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for New England: Showers, followed by clearing in the afternoon and night; cooler; high southwesterly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

ALMANAC, THURSDAY, JULY 16.
Sun rises—4:22; sets, 7:18.
Length of day—14:56.
Moon sets—10:21 p. m.
Full sea—3:15 a. m.; 3:45 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS.

After dinner, try Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

Enoch Thompson Commandery Golden Cross, conferred degrees on seven members last evening.

The truant officers are busy preparing separate ward lists of the census of the school children.

The supply of text books required for use in the schools the next school year will commence to pile in, in a few days.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

Company C, Sixth Regiment, will go to Wakefield, Saturday afternoon, to contest in a shooting match with Company A of that place.

The meeting of the committee on accounts this afternoon is for the purpose of approving the bills contracted for the Fourth of July celebration.

The first picnic of the Mutual Improvement society of the Mt. Vernon church at Willow Dale yesterday, was greatly enjoyed by the large gathering in attendance.

W. H. Harrigan, grand treasurer of the grand court of Massachusetts, F. of A., paid an official visit last evening to Star of Boston circle, Companions of the Forest.

Miss Agnes Heap has been elected treasurer of the Berean Primitive Methodist Mutual Improvement society, to fill the place of Miss Bertha Standhome, who resigned recently.

William S. Collins has been appointed assistant superintendent of the John Hancock Insurance company to succeed T. F. Donohoe, who has taken an inspector's position in Providence, R. I.

The following names are additional contributors to the Nurses' home: J. Nelson Parker, Billerica; G. F. Sheldon, North Chelmsford; Three Friends, Mr. Geo. C. Wright, Mrs. W. W. Duncan, Mrs. Geo. F. Hooper, Fred H. Ela.

W. J. Coughlin Heard From.

William J. Coughlin has been heard from in the mining regions of the west. He was at Cheyenne Wyo on the 12th inst.

He says everybody out there is like himself, for free silver, and he hopes The Sun has come out flat-footed for the people's money. He has not seen The Sun, but as a subscriber he has guessed well The Sun's position.

Mr. Coughlin, as already stated in The Sun, is the best posted free silver man of this city and he has been preaching it for five years past to his friends.

THE DATE HAS BEEN FIXED.

The Big Ratification Meeting to be Held Next Thursday Evening.

The date of the big ratification meeting has been selected. On Thursday evening, July 23, George Fred Williams will speak in Huntington hall. This was decided upon yesterday at a conference in his office in Boston and word was sent to Philip J. Farley last evening.

Mr. Williams is sure of a big reception here and the meeting will undoubtedly be the largest political assembly every held in this city.

A band will be at the depot when Mr. Williams arrives and the streets through which he passes will be ablaze with red fire.

It will be a rousing time and every one is invited irrespective of party or his position on the money question.

FROM A LABOR LEADER.

Mr. Editor:—I am much pleased with the manner in which The Sun has entered this campaign. You have boldly taken up the free silver question and given the people light upon it that could not be had from any other paper in the city. I fully realize the force of your statement when you say that there can be no such thing as a fifty-cent dollar, because the price of silver, although low at present, would at once increase. Under free coinage it would be one hundred cents a dollar. The masses of the people do not understand that the gold standard favors creditors, and injures debtors, because gold is ever increasing in purchasing power, and because the bankers and money lenders get control of the gold in the country and corner the money market whenever they see fit. It is by doing this they have drawn the gold from the U. S. treasury, and compelled the president to issue bonds to keep up the gold supply. Under free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, that is a proportion of value under which 16 ounces of gold will be equal to 1 ounce of silver, this would not be necessary because debts would be payable either in gold or silver at the option of the government. Any debt already contracted under the gold standard would be paid in gold, so that the charge of repudiating just debts brought against the advocates of free silver is all wrong.

Silver is the people's money, it is the money of the constitution, and that which will remedy the defects of the present gold standard.

Under free coinage the money lenders cannot corner the money market, they cannot cause money panics, or financial depression, as they have done frequently in the past few years.

Truly yours,

LABOR UNION.

FOR CARE OF INSANE.

The Sum of $4300 Will Be Paid By the City This Month.

The largest amount ever paid for the care of insane people by the city will be paid this month. The amount will be $4300.

At present the city is caring for 18 more insane persons than usual. It costs the town $3.25 a week for each of these. The insane of Lowell are confined in the following asylums: Medfield, 4; Worcester, chronic, 3; Taunton 2; Westboro 7; Danvers 12; Worcester 30.

These people are sent from Lowell to these asylums and each quarter the state treasurer sends in a bill. After two years sojourn at the asylum if the patient is thought incurable he is sent back here and is confined at the city farm.

A Big Present.

Everybody who buys a pound of our high grade Tea will get a big China jumbo cup and saucer as a present. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

Prices Reduced.

Reduced prices to close season's stock at Lewis Alexander's, tailor, 65 Central street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

WERE BURNED TO A CRISP

IN A TENEMENT HOUSE FIRE IN BOSTON.

Two Women and a Man the Victims—Delay in Ringing Alarm the Cause.

Boston, July 16.—In a short, but brisk tenement house fire at 20 Lehigh street, last night, two persons were burned to a crisp, while another received injuries, from the effects of which she will die. The unfortunate people were Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Driscoll, who were burned to death in their tenement on the third floor, and Mrs. Margaret Hogan, a widow, 70 years old, who was unconscious when taken out of her room on the second floor of the building.

The fire was discovered in the four-story wooden building, and the 15 occupants of the building were in bed. The crackling of the flames and the shouts of the people in the street below aroused them, and all excepting the Driscolls and Mrs. Hogan rushed to the roof, where they escaped to the adjoining building. For some reason the Driscolls, unable to get out, were driven back into their room, where Mr. Driscoll was speedily overcome by the flames. Mrs. Driscoll, however, had strength enough to reach the open window, but was unable to get out. The horrified spectators on the street below saw her rock herself in her agony as the flames approached, and at last fall back, dead.

Five valuable minutes were lost in sounding an alarm, as the boy who was sent to pull the box had a squabble with two other boys, so that it was fully 10 minutes after the fire was discovered before the first fireman arrived on the scene. A ladder was quickly run up to the third floor, and Mrs. Driscoll's body taken down, although the flames by this time were bursting out of nearly every window in the front of the building.

The body of Mr. Driscoll was found just outside the door of his room. Mrs. Hogan was on the second floor, but the flames which were licking up the wooden stairway cut her off from the street. Through the heroic efforts of a neighbor and two police officers, who rushed through the flames, she was taken out, just alive.

The firemen made short work of the fire. The loss to the building was only $1500.

A Growing Organization.

Detroit, July 16.—The Ancient Order of Hibernians met here yesterday in national convention. The report of the national secretary shows the total membership of the order is about 90,000, a gain of 3290 in two years. During that period 1449 members died. Pennsylvania is the banner state, with 20,719 members. The total receipts since the last report amounted to $1,568,102.31. The expenditures, $1,024,980.86. Of the latter amount, $245,768.70 was paid for sick fees, $86,025.39 for death benefits, $11,295.95 for burying wives of members, and $239,835.56 was spent for charitable purposes. The balance in the treasuries of all the divisions amounts to $345,211.45. The annual banquet was held last evening.

Deluge of Silver Coming.

Washington, July 16.—Owing to the fact that the amount of silver dollars in the treasury available for the redemption of treasury notes has become reduced to $10,659,562, and will be further reduced by redemption during the current month, the coinage of silver dollars by the mints will be increased from $1,500,000 to $3,000,000 per month from Aug. 1, and will probably be continued at that rate, in order that the treasury may have a sufficient stock to redeem treasury notes presented in exchange for silver dollars.

Watching Coast Defenses.

Washington, July 16.—The war department is showing great energy in the execution of the projects provided for by congress for the defense of the seacoasts, and Secretary Lamont is devoting much of his time to forward this work. At present he is at Fort Hancock, or Sandy Hook, going over the plans for the defense of the entrance of New York harbor, and for the selection of the new artillery post which is to go up in the Sandy Hook reservation.

Schlatter Bobs Up Again.

Guthrie, O. T., July 16.—A man claiming to be Schlatter, the divine healer from Denver, rode into town yesterday on a bicycle, and is creating a sensation. He was dressed in a trailing gown of black, and wore a curling beard and long flowing hair. As soon as his identity became known a great crowd gathered about the man. He addressed an immense throng, laying on hands to heal people and blessing hundreds of handkerchiefs.

The Providence Shooting Scrape.

Providence, July 16.—George F. Mitchell, who shot Peter Fagan in this city, was arraigned yesterday. He pleaded guilty, and was held in the sum of $4000 to await the action of the grand jury. Fagan is in a precarious condition.

Two Engines Wrecked.

Philadelphia, July 16.—A New Hope accommodation train collided with a train of empty passenger cars near Willow Grove station yesterday. Three passengers and the baggage master received slight wounds. Through some misinterpretation of orders the empty cars were not sidetracked. The engines of both trains were demolished.

Thirty-Five Per Cent Offered.

Boston, July 16.—A committee appointed to examine into the affairs of Walker, Taylor & Co., shoe manufacturers of Campello, who failed last week, report the total liabilities of the firm to be $44,816.81, and the assets $27,000. An offer of 35 per cent, payable in cash in 20 days, has been made, and it is thought the creditors will accept it.

Baseball.

At Pittsburg—Boston, 2; Pittsburg, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 10; Philadelphia, 6.
At Cleveland—New York, 6; Cleveland, 4.
At Portland—Portland, 6; Fall River, 3.
At Bangor—Brockton, 13; Bangor, 3.

Off Her Course.

St. John's, N. F., July 16.—Steamer Tormore, from Cardiff for Halifax, is ashore at Trepassey, and will likely be a total wreck. Nautical men express surprise at the vessel being where she was when she met with the disaster.

Female Firebug In Court.

Lawrence, Mass., July 16.—Clodia Bourdelais, who confessed to setting fire to the store 487 Essex street, on June 28, to get the insurance, was arraigned in court yesterday, and held in $800 for the grand jury. She is but 19 years old.

FOR BEAUTY
For comfort, for improvement of the complexion, use only Pozzoni's Powder; there is nothing equal to it.

The Perfect Pill
Perfect in preparation.
Perfect in operation.
Ayer's Cathartic Pills
Perfect post-prandial pill.
Perfect for all purposes.
THE PILL THAT WILL.

IRRESPECTIVE OF POLITICS.

Citizens of Bath Turned Out In Force to Greet Candidate Sewall.

Bath, Me., July 16. — Arthur Sewall had his home-coming last night, and it was of the warmest sort. The formal welcome was entirely non-partisan, as the several committees were equally made up of Republicans and Democrats. As the special train bearing Mr. Sewall came into the city at 7:15, fireworks were profusely burned, the church and city bells rung, and a national salute fired by big guns. Thousands of people at the depot were provided with horns, and the vocal welcome made a din greater than ever heard here before. Mr. Sewall was met at the depot platform by F. H. Twitchell, president of the city council, Mayor Bibber having unexpectedly been called away. In responding to a short welcoming address, Mr. Sewall said:

"Fellow citizens, fellow Republicans, fellow Democrats of Bath: It is always a great pleasure to me to come back to our beloved state of Maine, which we all love so well. But it is a greater pleasure to return to our old city of Bath to meet my old associates and the friends with whom I have passed my life.

"It is not fitting, and you do not expect me at this time to make a long speech, but there is one thought which has so filled my mind that I feel that you will pardon my speaking of it here. We have had a convention, and it is of that I would speak to you. It was a great convention, yet it did not seem to me to be a partisan one; it seemed more like the uprising of the people, and they seemed to be controlled by one idea—an idea that filled me for years. They know that this country is in deep distress, that it has been in distress for years, and that great multitudes believed it. I believe that the great trouble is with our monetary system, and they believe as I believe, that there is but one remedy. They entertain no dishonest or dishonorable idea, but they demand that we be carried back to the money of our fathers. To that monetary system under which this government flourished for so many years."

Mr. Sewall was escorted to his home in a barouche decorated with flags. A band led the column, followed by 40 young men, dressed in yachting costume. The illumination as the procession passed up Washington street to Mr. Sewall's house was the finest seen for years. The Sewall mansion and surrounding grounds, which were thrown open to the public, were brilliantly decorated. Mr. Sewall here made a short speech, again expressing his appreciation of the reception. Then the procession escorted him to the city park, where he received the public, while the band played patriotic pieces and fireworks brightened the surroundings.

ARM KNOCKED OUT.

Hand Shaking Business Has Seriously Affected Mr. Bryan.

Salem, Ills., July 16.—Salem paid its farewell yesterday to William J. Bryan, in a demonstration that was greatly marred by a tremendous downpour of rain. He left Salem this morning, and is scheduled to arrive in Kansas City this evening, and will probably make a speech there. The night will be spent at Kansas City, and tomorrow morning Mr. Bryan will start for Lincoln. The trip through Nebraska will be made in daytime, and Mr. Bryan will probably make several informal speeches en route.

Mr. Bryan's right arm is almost paralyzed. The unaccustomed strain of handshaking in which he has been vigorously engaged is beginning to be felt by him. His right arm and hand are badly swollen. The strain has been worse since coming to Salem. The great brawny farmers in this region have a fashion of shaking hands with a vigor that causes less muscular power to wince. Mr. Bryan hopes to be able to rest from the handshaking business after leaving here until he reaches Lincoln.

Women Congratulate McKinley.

Canton, O., July 16.—On their own special train, and with their own band, several hundred Cleveland women came to Canton yesterday to call on Major McKinley, and to congratulate him and the nation, as one of them put it, on his nomination. Rain fell, but it did not prevent the Canton people from turning out in large numbers to welcome their visitors. The Cleveland delegation was met at the station by a large committee of Canton women. The delegation marched from the railway station to the residence of Major McKinley. A speech of congratulation was made by Mrs. Elroy Avery of Cleveland, to which Major McKinley made response.

Flood of Campaign Literature.

Washington, July 16.—The congressional campaign committees of both parties are now actively at work, and expect within the next few weeks to circulate thousands of campaign documents, consisting chiefly of congressional speeches. Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic committee, said that it was receiving numerous calls, and would circulate great numbers of silver speeches; comparatively few tariff speeches would be sent out. Vice Chairman Apsley of Massachusetts said that the Republicans were confident, but intended to do some hard work, and to distribute a great deal of literature.

FOR A THIRD TICKET.

Democrats of the Empire State Denounce the Chicago Platform.

New York, July 16.—The executive committee of the state Democracy met last night and repudiated the Chicago platform. It also advocated the putting of a third candidate in the field. The resolutions of repudiation were not adopted until after a prolonged debate, and it is threatened that at least five district leaders will consider the advisability of resigning from the organization. The resolutions were offered by Corporation Counsel Scott, who attended the convention as a delegate.

There was a party of 100 on the excursion of the Eliot church young people to Provincetown yesterday.

Mechanics lodge, I. O. O. F., worked the degree on three candidates last evening.

BASE BALL.

For the last six or more years base ball in Lowell has seen its best days prior to July 4, when after that date it has gone into a rapid decline, terminating its career about August 1. The exception to this yearly occurrence may be noted at the present day in the Urban and Suburban league, which is now stronger than ever before; and its strength has recently been increased by dropping the two weak and uncertain teams, confining membership to six strong clubs with a following of its own.

It would be hard to pick a winner of the pennant at this stage of the game, for each is as good as the others. The remarkable rise of the Florence club makes that organization dangerous and its games, henceforth will be well worth seeing. Everyone who has seen their crack twirler, Johnson, pitch is loud in their praises of Johnson, but it remains to be seen what he will do with the Emeralds or Unions. Both of these teams are great batters, and can hit about any kind of a pitcher set before them, that is to say, set before them in the ball field. Of course there are pitchers that they are unacquainted with.

The Y. M. C. I's are in tough luck, which cannot last always, and they may be heard from as winners very soon.

Manager McMahon has done much to make a strong team of his T. R. and Ts, and he deserves credit for so doing. He has a new pitcher whom he claims is the best in the league. Like Johnson, McCarthy must go up against all teams before a proper estimate of his ability can be made.

It will be hard to improve upon the two reliables, Quigley and Connors.

The next meeting of the league will be held here this evening instead of Friday and again only the managers or those authorized are invited to attend. It was found by experience at the last meeting that far more business can be transacted at a meeting of the managers than with an attendance of 50 or more critics.

The Unions expect to have Thorne with them very soon. Thorne has always been identified with the success of the North Chelmsford teams of the past few years and will be welcomed back by all the cranks at the north village.

The present standing of the clubs is as follows:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Emeralds	9	7	2	.777
Unions	9	7	2	.777
T. R. & Ts	10	6	4	.600
South Ends	11	6	5	.555
Florence	11	5	6	.454
Y. M. C. I's	11	4	7	.363

To Sail For Europe.

The following Lowell people are booked through Murphy's steamship agency to leave Boston Saturday on the Cunard line steamer Pavonia for a three months' stay in the old country: Mrs. Catherine Rourke, Mr. Patrick Rourke, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Anderton, Mr. Fred Anderton, Miss Catherine Lungton, Miss Lizzie Hanley, Mr. Samuel Holgate, Miss Julia Maguire and Mr. James J. Spinner; also from New York yesterday on the White Star line steamer Teutonic: James Patterson, Miss E. B. White, Misses Maggie and Julia A. Reardon, Osmond Long, James Harrison, Wm. T. Sutcliffe and Michael T. McMahone; also for Antwerp, Belgium, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lutz and Miss Maria Lutz.

ELECTRIC CAR

Struck by Lightning on Lawrence Street Last Evening.

A Lawrence street car about six o'clock last evening was struck by lightning but without serious results further than the burning out of a fuse. The wire carried the bolt into the earth. Nobody on the car was hurt.

PUSHING PENSION CLAIMS.

Many Thousands Disposed of During the Past Year.

Washington, July 16.—The present status of all pension claims is brought out in the report of the annual inspection of the files of the pension bureau. This long and tedious examination by a large corps of clerks has just been completed, and the result shows the effect of the policy of Secretary Hoke Smith and Commissioner Murphy, in urging the expedition of all claims ready for final action. Since July 1, 1895, the total number of pension claims of all kinds pending before the office has decreased 56,546. This leaves the aggregate number now awaiting action 495,664.

The actual number of claimants is however, only 410,922. The difference in the figures is due to duplications of cases, in which a single claimant applies for a pension under several legal provisions, as for instance, both under the general law and the famous "June 27, 1890" act. While, in many of the cases the claimant is already receiving some form of a pension, and is applying for an increase, there are 176,535 claimants to whom no pension whatever has been issued. The number of the pension rolls is steadily decreasing, and the forthcoming report of the commissioner of pensions will show the total number of pensioners everywhere to be a little over 970,000, a slight decline. Official estimates place the number of deaths of pensioners during the fiscal year just closed at about 30,000.

Third Straight and Out.

New York, July 16.—The third and last race in the series between Glencairn of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht club of Canada, and El Heirie, for small yachts, was sailed over a course three miles to leeward and return, twice over. Ever since the races were begun on Monday noon, the Crane brothers, who have been sailing the El Heirie, have been praying for a hard blow. They received an answer to their petition yesterday, for the wind came out of the west by south at the rate of about 10 miles an hour, and the Yankee boat's adherents smiled and their hopes ran high, as they thought of the prospect of winning at least one race in the series. But their hopes were crushed, and now the cup goes to Montreal, where it will stay until some speedy half-rater can be found to win it back.

No Pardon For Bardsley.

Harrisburg, July 16.—It is asserted that Governor Hastings will refuse to pardon John Bardsley, Philadelphia's ex-treasurer, who is serving a 15 years sentence for embezzling hundreds of thousands of municipal moneys. When the board of pardons adjourned last week it was unanimously in favor of Bardsley's pardon, as he has been in prison since 1891, and is said to be rapidly failing in health. It is understood that there is no opposition to the granting of the pardon in any quarter except on the part of the executive.

The old slates collected from the public schools number about 8000.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

DELICIOUS DESSERTS can be made from NONE SUCH Mince Meat.
Plum Puddings, Mince Pies, Fruit Cake.
Recipe on every package. Your grocer sells it.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N.Y.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

Communications From Sun Readers on Silver and Other Questions.

Mr. Editor:—Don't you think it would be a gracious thing for the opponents of silver, who are counselling a bolt and placing a third ticket in the field to state to the people of this country just why they desire such action? I have read a great deal of denunciation of silver and praise of the "gold standard," but I have yet to see an article which tells the people why free coinage is dangerous and what the actual reasons are for so much opposition to its adoption. Many democrats say they are opposed to the Chicago platform and the free coinage of silver; can they tell why? Now I am at present a "Doubting Thomas," willing to admit that I do not understand the case enough to pass an unbiased opinion upon the merits or demerits of free silver coinage. People in the east have of necessity absorbed the ideas of those whose interests lead them to oppose free silver from a selfish motive.

Why not wait until the facts in the case can be placed before us in same manner which will be intelligible to everyone, and then, if circumstances so warrant, declare against the democratic platform and nominees? Just stop and think of this fact: That every prominent opponent of free silver, so far heard from, is the possessor of immense riches, is an active member of some gigantic trust or monopoly, or at the head of some great banking house and whose millions are rapidly increased by their ability to control the prices or necessities of the people, and who by their concerted agreement can raise or depress values as they desire.

Just stop and think that there are millions of people outside of New England who are also citizens of this country and whose prosperity and interests are identical with our own, and whose desire for a better condition of things rests upon the hope of bettering the condition of the whole country and not to promote disaster and distress to any section or class. The people are never wrong. They desire the greatest good to the greatest number. Let the opponents of free silver tell us in a plain convincing manner why we should oppose it, then we may do so. Above all, don't give an opinion until you understand the question and just because some one else says so.

Yours very truly,
A Democrat Willing to Learn.

Merrimack council, Catholic Benevolent league, initiated three new members last evening.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."
A Wonderful New Medical Book written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.
ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N.Y.

MATRIMONIAL.

In the presence of intimate friends Mr. Walter S. Goodall and Miss Winnie N. Hussey were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, 238 Gorham street. Rev. George F. Kenngott was the officiating clergyman. Miss Carrie Hussey, a sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid and Mr. Albert Fox of Boston was the best man. After the ceremony had been performed a short reception followed. Mr. and Mrs. Goodall will spend two weeks in Maine and on their return will reside at 417 Dutton street.

FOURTH OF JULY.

Several False Bills Have Been Sent in to the Committee.

The Fourth of July committee did not meet last evening, because Mayor Courtney, Alderman Crowley, Councilman Miskella and Col. Dimon were not present. The bills for the celebration, which the committee were going to pass on, were there, and some of them were glanced over.

One band that was never engaged sent in a bill, and the office boy at headquarters, who was supposed to get 50c. a day, charged $1 per day.

The committee will meet this afternoon and examine the bills.

JOHN DOWNS HURT.

Thrown From His Wagon, Severing Arteries.

John Downs was thrown from his wagon on Gorham street, Tuesday evening, and several arteries in the back of his head were severed.

Moody Street Bridge.

The new Moody street bridge is nearing completion, and some idea can now be gained of the beauty of the structure. The bridge company has finished its work with the exception of putting up the railing. In a few days the committee will inspect the bridge and it will be turned over to the city.

Mrs. Jennie Pearson Sanford, for ten years a missionary in Japan, is expected in Lowell this week.

Constipation
Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills

ALL ABOARD FOR
TYLER PARK
At a meeting of the directors of the Lowell and Suburban Street Railway held May 18, it was voted to extend the tracks up Westford to Pine Street before "Winter."
THEREFORE, now is the time to buy house lots at Tyler Park to which the electrics will soon run directly.
These lots are situated at or near the height of land and there are none more desirable in Lowell. For terms and full particulars call on W. H. BENT, or
D. E. DUDLEY, Agt.
21 Hildreth Building.

$150 will buy a first class DINING AND ICE CREAM SALOON AT SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
ROOM 1, SWAN BUILDING, CENTRAL ST.
Bad Debts Collected. Auctioneering and Appraising.

ALTERATIONS
LATEST
ALTERATIONS
In examining the stock recently purchased by us of Rose A. Jordan, we find we have an extensive line of Laces, Flowers, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, which must be disposed of at once, as the carpenters are pushing us for room to continue the extensive alterations. Friday morning these goods will be placed at your disposal at prices never quoted.
Call Early for Best Selections
NIBLOCKS
SUCCESSORS TO
ROSE A. JORDAN,
133, 137 Merrimack Street,
LOWELL MASS.

A Pointer for You
FOR FIRST CLASS WORK IN
PAINTING, GRAINING, KALSOM'G
VISIT
A. L. Kittredge & Co.,
206 CENTRAL STREET.

The popular business principle of the Big Union Market is to always give the customer the best end of the bargain.
FOR THIS WEEK:
We will give you such an amount of the best and sweetest
CORNED BEEF
For the small sum of 25c. that you can't duplicate in this city for twice that amount.
Vegetables of all kinds almost given away at the
Union Market, Middlesex St. Foot of South
TELEPHONE 127.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

POLICE BOARD

Grant a Number of Minor Licenses and Considered Petitions.

The police board at its last meeting granted several minor licenses.

D. L. Page company were licensed as common victuallers at 94 Merrimack street.

F. F. Fay was licensed as a druggist at 236 Merrimack and Shattuck streets; his license at 218 Merrimack street was revoked.

Thomas Regan, was licensed as a common victualler at 168 High street.

Thomas Waters was given a license as a junk collector at 968 Central street, and a similar license was granted Thomas Murtagh, at No. 6 Howe street avenue.

Maurice W. Mulcahy was allowed to locate a lunch wagon at the corner of Cabot and Market streets.

Leave to withdraw was granted Artemas W. Glover, at 18 John street, as he has not been in the city the required and stated time.

Michael J. Kennedy, who asked for a hearing against Officer Lennon, for assault, was granted leave to withdraw.

The gentlemen's delight, Old Hundred.

Wefers in Lowell.

Bennie Wefers, champion sprinter of the world, was the guest of the Burke Athletic club, last night. He was accompanied by his trainer, Mr. Foley, of Georgetown university. He will be present at the Burke's smoke talk next week, where his admirers can meet him. He is training at the Philips academy track and is in superb condition.

Billerica for Silver.

Thomas F. Harrigan of North Billerica attended the Faneuil Hall ratification meeting Tuesday and will call the democratic town committee together for reorganization at an early date. Mr. Harrigan says there is much free silver sentiment in Billerica and he proposes to have the village solid for the democratic ticket by election day.

For itching piles, irritation of the genitals or itching in any part of the body, Doan's Ointment is worth its weight in gold. No matter how long standing the trouble, Doan's Ointment will not fail to give instant relief.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.
CENTRAL STREET.

WASH SUITS.
We have a little lot of the prettiest and cheapest suits ever shown in Lowell, that we want to close out during the next few days, so we have marked them down.
One style at $1.00, was $2.75.
One style at $1.50, was $3.00.
One style at $2.50, was $3.75.
These suits are made of choice material, daintily trimmed with lace and ribbon, and are very cheap indeed.

Children's Dresses
Always in stock, an immense assortment.
Good Little Dresses at 12½c.
Better ones at 25 cents
And so on up to $1.50 for the very nicest.

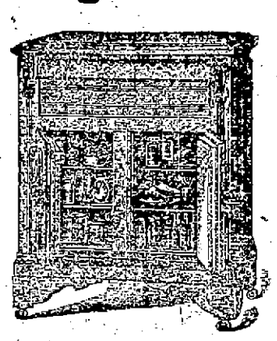
WRAPPERS.
For years we have been headquarters for these garments and can't be outdone now.
Regular $1.00 Wrappers at 69c.
Regular $1.50 Wrappers at 98c.
Regular $2.00 Wrappers at $1.25

SHIRT WAISTS.
Our Laundered Waists are rapidly disappearing of course the low prices we have made for them is the cause.
Good Waists 25c.
Regular $1.00 Waists 50c.
Regular $2.00 Waists $1.00.
Unlandered Waists with soft collars and cuffs are very comfortable this hot weather. We are closing ours out at about the cost of the material.
Handsome waists at 49c, 59c, 75c and $1.00.

Outside Garments.
We have taken a big loss on our Capes and Jackets, in fact they are cut down more than half.
Double cloth capes, braid trimmed only $1.50, were $3.50.
Silk capes, lace and jet trimmed, only $5.00, were $10.00 and $12.50.
Tan Jackets $3.50, were $7.50.
Black All Wool Jackets at $2.50, $3.75 and $6.00. These are our best garments and are worth double the money today.
Red Broadcloth Capes $1.25.

Cotton Underwear.
Our store is the place to buy these garments if you want good quality, tasty trimmings and low prices.
We have two special drives today, a handsome skirt at 75c., worth $1.25, and a night robe for 50c. that would be cheap at $1.00.

WOOL SUITS.
Realizing that it is a little late for these garments, we have disregarded the cost and marked them down to a figure that we know will sell them.
Suits at $5.50 were $11.00.
Suits at $7.50 were $14.00
And they were cheap at their former prices.
Babies Bonnets are selling fast with us just now, it may be the low prices, they are 10c., 15c., and 25c each.

Refrigerators and Ice Chests

Are no longer considered a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a household necessity, the purchase of a first class, honestly made one being a source of economy rather than expense.
We can show you the finest line and the only genuine cleanable refrigerators sold in Lowell. Examine them and you will be convinced of this fact. Prices from
$5.50 UPWARD.
Latest patterns in Carpets, Lace Curtains and Upholstery Goods. Upholstering done in a reliable manner by experienced workmen. A fine line of first class Household Goods always in stock and our prices are the very lowest.
GOOKIN BROS.
66 Prescott Street.